TODAY'S WEATHER
COLDER WITH RAIN TURNING TO SNOW.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

LATEST NEWS EDITION

VOL. 118. ESTABLISHED JULY 29, 1786. NO. 209. PITTSBURGH, MONDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 22, 1904.—TWELVE PAGES. ONE CENT A COPY.

NEWS SUMMARY

SITUATION IN THE FAR EAST.

Twenty-five hundred Russians were reported killed in fighting.—Page 1.

The United States squadron ordered to Shanghai may support China in her demand that a Russian warship leave Shanghai harbor.—Page 2.

Russian warships are seen at different points off the Japanese coast, presumably intending to cut cables.—Page 1.

Turkey demands from Russia a free hand in the Balkans, in return for the asked-for privilege of allowing a fleet to pass the Dardanelles.—Page 1.

DOMESTIC.

Consul Skinner secures favored trade concessions with 10,000,000 people.—Page 8.

Two men asphyxiated and one burned to death in explosion at a blast furnace.—Page 1.

Selection of Dick for United States senator is satisfactory to Foraker.—Page 1.

Congressman Dick delivers an eulogistic address upon the life of Senator Hanna.—Page 2.

Minister Powell reports a government victory after two days' battle, in Santo Domingo.—Page 1.

United States warships bombard a town in Santo Domingo.—Page 1.

PENNSYLVANIA.

Leaking gas main at New Brighton caused three fires and hurt two persons.—Page 5.

Negro brutally murdered by man in ambush at Washington.—Page 8.

Capt. M. A. Cox, a veteran riverman dies of pneumonia at Brownsville.—Page 2.

LOCAL.

McQuaide does not expect to see Pattrevick convicted on murder charge.—Page 3.

Pastor C. T. Russell discoursed on "Wars and Rumors of War."—Page 10.

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Next to the oldest member of the Pittsburgh Turn-Bezirk died suddenly.—Page 3.

Greater part of the city in darkness for hours.—Page 3.

SPORTING.

Many fights are scheduled to take place this week.—Page 7.

Interesting race is on for second place in Interscholastic Hockey league.—Page 7.

THE WEATHER

Rain, turning to snow, is the prediction of the government weather sharps at Washington for this vicinity today. A cold wave is expected by this evening. Tomorrow is scheduled to be fair. The sun rose cloudy at 7:07 yesterday and set cloudy at 5:01. The daily report of the local weather bureau for yesterday was as follows:

Time	Bar.	Tem.	Hum.	Wind	Weather.
8 a. m.	30.23	37	51	S. E.	Pt. Cldy
8 p. m.	29.90	44	91	S.	Lt. Rain

Comparative temperature and precipitation for February 21:

	1904	1903		1904	1903
Maximum	46	34	Mean	36	28
Minimum	27	23	Precipitation	.18	.09
Nor. temp. 31 yrs.	34		Nor. precip. 31 yrs.	.10	
Excess for day	2		Excess for day	.08	
Dfcy. since Feb. 1	1.20		Dfcy. since Feb. 1	1.32	
Dfcy. since Jan. 1	2.70		Dfcy. since Jan. 1	2.17	

Government Weather Report.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—Forecast:

Western Pennsylvania—Colder Monday, with rain, turning to snow; much colder at night, with a cold wave in the north portion. Tuesday, fair, except snow near Lake Erie.

Ohio—Rain, turning into snow in the east; snow in the west portion Monday, followed by clearing, colder, with a cold wave at night. Tuesday, fair.

West Virginia—Colder Monday, with rain; probably turning to snow; much colder at night. Tuesday, fair.

Observations taken at weather bureau stations at 8 o'clock last night:

Vicksburg	40 Cloudy	Parkersburg	46 Cloudy
Atlanta	36 Rain	Philadelphia	42 Rain
Cincinnati	40 Rain	Washington	36 Rain
New York	42 Cloudy	Indianapolis	54 Rain
Buffalo	44 Cloudy	Kansas City	20 Clear
Cleveland	40 Rain	North Platte	34 Pt Cldy
Norfolk	52 Rain	Denver	40 Clear
Chicago	26 Snow	Marquette	22 Cloudy
St. Louis	32 Cloudy	Duluth	4 Snow
Cairo	36 Cloudy	Huron	2 Clear
Oklahoma	42 Pt Cldy	Salt L. City	44 Cloudy
Denver	40 Clear	Helena	24 Snow
Galveston	50 Clear	Des Moines	16 Clear

CLOSING TIME OF THE MAILS AT PITTSBURGH POSTOFFICE

New York—2:30, 6:30, 7:30, 11:30 a. m.; 4:10, 6:30, 9:30 p. m.

Philadelphia—2:30, 6:30, 7:30, 11:30 a. m.; 4:10, 6:30, 9:30 p. m.

Baltimore—2:30, 6:30, 7:30 a. m.; 12:45, 6:00, 8:30, 9:30 p. m.

Atlantic—2:30, 7:30, 11:30 a. m.; 4:00, 6:30, 8:30, 9:30 p. m.

Buffalo—7:30, 8:30 a. m.; 6:30, 10:15, 11:30 p. m.

Cleveland—3:30, 7:30, 8:30 a. m.; 3:00, 6:30, 11:30 p. m.

Cincinnati—1:30, 5:10, 8:30, 11:30 a. m.; 12:50, 7:45, 8:50 p. m.

Chicago—2:30, 8:30, 11:30 a. m.; 8:45 p. m.

St. Louis—2:30, 8:30, 11:30 a. m.; 8:45 p. m.

St. Paul—2:30, 8:30, 11:30 a. m.; 7:30, 8:45 p. m.

San Francisco—3:30, 8:30, 11:30 a. m.; 7:30, 8:45 p. m.

Denver—1:30, 8:30, 11:30 a. m.; 7:30, 8:45 p. m.

Boston—2:30, 7:30 a. m.; 4:10, 6:30, 8:30, 9:30 p. m.

OCEAN INTELLIGENCE.

Arrived February 21.

NEW YORK—Chamnita, from Bremen; La Touraine, from Havre; Patricia, from Hamburg; Philadelphia, from Southampton.

SOUTHAMPTON—New York, from New York.

LIVERPOOL—Sylvania, from Boston; Umbria, from New York.

PALERMO—Aurenia, from New York.

BOSTON—Ultonia, from Liverpool.

Sailed February 21.

GLASGOW—Ethiopia, for New York.

CHERBOURG—Grosser Kurfurst, for New York.

QUEENSTOWN—Meryon, for Philadelphia; Etruria, for New York.

TODAY'S AMUSEMENTS.

NIXON—"The Wizard of Oz," musical comedy, 2:15 and 8:15 p. m.

ALVIN—Miss Lois Glaser in "Dolly Varden," comic opera, 8:15 p. m.

GRAND—Stock company in "A Gentleman of France," 2 and 8 p. m.

AVENUE—Rice and Cohen at the head of a continuous performance bill from 1:00 to 10:50 p. m.

BIJOU—"In Old Kentucky," melodrama, 2 and 8 p. m.

DUQUESNE—Star vaudeville bill headed by the Cartloons, 8 p. m.

EMPIRE—"The Fortune Teller," comic opera, 2:15 and 8:15 p. m.

ACADEMY—The Runaway Girls, burlesque, 2 and 8 p. m.

DUQUESNE GARDEN—Skating afternoon and evening.

OLD CITY HALL—Poultry Show and Pet Stock exhibition.

2,500 RUSSIANS ARE KILLED

Driven Back With Heavy Loss on the Yalu River.

CABLES THREATENED

Warships of the Czar Seen at Different Points on the Japanese Coast.

APPOINTMENT OF KUROPATKIN

[Special Cable to The Gazette.]
(Copyright, 1904, by the New York Herald Co.)

St. Petersburg, Feb. 21.—I have authority which prohibits me doubting the veracity of the report that, in spite of the official dispatches stating that nothing is taking place and everything is perfectly quiet, that outpost engagements have taken place on the Yalu resulting in the Russian advance guard being driven back with considerable losses, which are estimated at 2,500 lives, but whether this means those who fell on the Yalu or the entire Russian losses since the commencement of the war is not exactly clear.

LONDON, Feb. 21.—(Special Cable.)—The correspondent of the Mail at Tokyo cables: Three warships of a nationality unknown appeared off the island of Kkushiri today, apparently searching for a cable.

The prefectural office has received a telegram from the chief magistrate of the island of Miyake, south of the gulf of Korea, reporting that twelve Russians debarked in a boat from a vessel in the offing on the 19th. The subsequent movements of the Russians has not been reported. Inquiry is proceeding.

Brigands Attack Railway.

The correspondent of the Standard at Tientsin says: It is reported that a band of 500 brigands attacked the Russian post at Fuchau today, it is believed in an attempt to wreck the railway.

KOBE, Saturday, Feb. 20.—(Special Cable.)—Four Russian warships have been sighted off Tobishima island on the west coast of Japan, 200 miles south of Hakodate. The vessels apparently are those which sunk the merchantman in Tsugurn straits on the 11th, and were reported to have returned to Vladivostok.

PARIS, Feb. 21.—(Special Cable.)—Bourdon, Figaro's special correspondent at St. Petersburg, has obtained a statement from a high Russian official on the situation in the east. The official stated that the Japanese almost daily are attempting to land troops north and east of Port Arthur, with the evident design of cutting the railway and besieging the town. The Japanese already have landed 20,000 men at Chemulpo and are landing others on the east coast of Korea. The official declares it will be a month or more before they can reach the Yalu, when they will be exhausted by the long and difficult march in an unfavorable climate, which the Russians bear easily.

Russia now has 100,000 men in Manchuria and is landing 2,500 daily. She will have an army of 200,000 in the field in six weeks, not to mention the reinforcements which will be constantly sent out. Serious hostilities cannot begin, he thinks, for several weeks.

Russians on Defensive.

CHEFOO, Feb. 21.—The Russian forces in Manchuria are so far acting entirely on the defensive. Extensive preparations are being made at Dalny, Port Arthur, Niuchwang and Liao Yang, to prevent the threatened landing of the Japanese troops. A big force of men are at work on the damaged vessels in the Port Arthur harbor, and efforts are being made to raise the battleship Retvizan. The supply of vegetables and beef in Port Arthur is getting very short and speculators are endeavoring to secure steamers to run the blockade.

There have been persistent reports here that the Russian advance guard, which has been reported as far south as Anju, has met the Japanese advance guard and has been driven back to the main army on the northern bank of the Yalu with considerable loss. Details of the fighting are lacking, and, indeed, the fact that there has been a clash cannot be verified from any official source. Nevertheless, the stories are generally accepted as more than likely to be true. It is said here in well informed circles that the Japanese are waiting for the arrival of the troops which are being hurried across the peninsula from Gensan to inaugurate a general advance movement. It is believed the expected reinforcements will arrive within a very few days.

TOKYO, Feb. 21.—The Russian Vladivostok squadron was reported today on the west coast of the island of Hokkido, attempting to cut the cables. The navy department, however, discredits the re-

Continued on Second Page, Fourth Column.

JAPANESE SOLDIERS EXERCISING IN GARRISON AT SEOUL

Snapshot of Japanese soldiers practicing bayonet fighting in anticipation of the Russian attack upon Seoul, the capital of Korea. Since this picture was taken the Japanese garrison at that city has been strongly reinforced.

PROBABLE SUCCESSOR OF SENATOR HANNA

CHARLES DICK,

of Akron, O., congressman from the Nineteenth district, who, it is expected, will be selected by the Ohio Republican legislative caucus next Saturday evening to succeed Marcus A. Hanna in the United States senate for both terms, that ending in 1905 and the full term ending in 1911. Dick was born in Akron, November 3, 1858, was county auditor of Summit county and a member of the Fifty-fifth, Fifty-sixth, Fifty-seventh and Fifty-eighth congresses. He served in Cuba in the Eighth Ohio Volunteer infantry during the war with Spain and is a major general in the Ohio National Guard. He has been chairman of the Ohio Republican state executive committee for 10 years.

FORAKER SUITED WITH CHOICE MADE

Dick as a Colleague in the Senate More Satisfactory to Him Than Herrick.

TO TAKE NO HAND IN FIGHT

The Pittsburgh Gazette Bureau,
Room 40, Postal Building,
WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 21.

Senator Foraker, when asked tonight if he was satisfied with the selection of Gen. Charles Dick as his colleague in the senate from Ohio, declined to discuss the matter. He has had no information except what he has seen in the newspapers, and while he credits the published reports that Dick has practically no opposition, he will make no statement until he hears from his friends on the scene who are familiar with the arrangements that have been made.

Friends of Senator Foraker here say that Dick is not distasteful to Foraker, and, in fact, will be much more satisfactory than Herrick would have been. Foraker expects to work with Dick without friction, and if matters have been arranged so that the Akron man can be elected, such arrangement will not be opposed by Foraker.

Congressman Burton was Senator Foraker's choice for a colleague, although it is said by the senator's friends that he has taken no hand in the contest and intends to take none. But with the Cleveland man out of the running, and with the choice between Herrick and Dick, Foraker favored the latter. This statement will be received with surprise by many who supposed that Foraker would rather have seen Herrick come to the senate, thereby passing the governorship to Lieut. Gov. Harding, a Foraker man, and giving the state administration into the hands of the Foraker people. But it is claimed by those who profess to know that the advantage gained by getting possession of the governorship would have been more than counterbalanced by the advent of Herrick in the senate, from Foraker's standpoint. If Dick is chosen to succeed Senator Hanna it is believed here that there will be little friction between the factions.

L. W. STRAYER.

Denial by Italy.

ROME, Feb. 21.—Rumors of warlike preparations by Italy having been circulated, a semi-official communication has emanated from the government which is in substance as follows: "Stories of alleged armaments and of the movements of warships and troops for service abroad are entirely false."

WILL FIGHT HARD FOR THE HOUSE

Republicans Are Planning to Capture More Congressional Seats in the South.

SUGGESTION OF THE PRESIDENT

The Pittsburgh Gazette Bureau.
Room 10, Postal Building,
WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 21.

Republican candidates are to be placed in the field in every congressional district in the south. With a view to retaining control of the house of representatives in the next national election an effort will be made to carry several of the overwhelmingly "black" districts in South Carolina, Mississippi and Georgia by contest or otherwise.

Southern congressmen who hope for re-election are notified by their friends at home that an unusually large number of negro voters are qualifying, or seeking to qualify, under the existing election laws in all of the southern states. Men who have been coming to congress for several years without opposition from the Republican party are to be confronted with an opponent next fall.

In many of the southern states it is now seasonable for new voters to qualify, and in Georgia, South Carolina, Florida, Mississippi, Virginia and Maryland the county and state records show a remarkable increase in the number of colored men seeking election qualifications. It will be recalled that a delegation of southern Republicans called upon President Roosevelt recently to talk over the political situation in their respective localities, and incidentally dictate the distribution of federal patronage among their friends. On that occasion the president said that he expected the party managers to make a fight in every congressional district, and denounced vigorously the apathy and indifference displayed by Republicans at congressional elections in the south.

Acting upon the president's suggestion, the ways and means have been provided to inspire southern Republicans with greater interest in the next congressional election.

SPECIAL TRAIN WRECKED.

One Killed and Five Hurt While Going to a Knights of Columbus Meeting.

KANKAKEE, ILL., Feb. 21.—James Martin of Kankakee was killed and five other passengers were injured in a wreck of a Knights of Columbus special train on the Kankakee & Seneca railroad near Wauponsa, due to the spreading of rails. One passenger coach, containing 25 persons, turned completely over. Martin was hurled through a window.

The special was en route to Morris, where the knights were to participate in an installation. A special train was sent from Kankakee to the wreck and the excursionists were brought back to their homes.

Hay Sent a Second Note.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—(Special.)—Secretary Hay last week addressed to all the powers with interests in the far east, a second note dealing with the neutrality of China, and the desire to limit the area of Russo-Japanese hostilities. It set forth the extent to which Russia and Japan had agreed to limit the field of war, this being, as previously stated, Manchuria, Korea and the Russian and Japanese empires. There will be issued at the state department, probably tomorrow, a memorandum setting forth the Russian and Japanese answers to Mr. Hay's first note.

TOWN SHELLED BY U. S. SHIPS

Marines Landed and Pursue Rebels in Santo Domingo.

BIG BATTLE FOUGHT

Minister Powell Reports Government Forces Victorious, After Two Days' Fight.

ATTITUDE OF ADMINISTRATION

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

Washington, Feb. 21.—Late tonight the state department received a cablegram from Minister Powell, dated at Santo Domingo, February 16, saying a decisive battle has been fought between the government forces and the insurgents. It extended over two days and resulted in a victory for the government. The siege has been raised and the insurgents are in retreat.

SANTO DOMINGO, THURSDAY, Feb. 11.—The Clyde line steamer New York arrived here this morning convoyed by the United States cruiser Newark, and Minister Powell instructed the captain of the vessel to discharge his cargo at the wharf. An agreement had been made by Minister Powell and Commander Miller with the insurgents and the government that neither party should fire while the New York was at the wharf discharging. The government kept this agreement, but the insurgents fired on the steamer and on a launch from the cruiser Columbia which was entering the river. Eight rifle shots damaged the New York's woodwork, endangering the lives of passengers and crew.

The commander of the United States warships then decided to shell Pajarito, near this city, the place occupied by the insurgents, and to land 500 marines with the object of punishing the insurgents for insulting the United States flag and damaging an American steamer.

Some Marines Wounded.

At 2:30 p. m. the Newark approached and opened fire, discharging 10 shells. The insurgents fired upon the marines while they were landing, wounding some of them. The marines returned the fire and the insurgents ran away. The marines landed, were divided into two columns and searched the houses, woods and bushes. They then followed the insurgents, who fired while the marines were reloading. The New York left here at 5 p. m., for the roadstead, after landing her cargo. Reports from the interior are favorable to the government. Great misery exists in the city for want of food and the arrival of the Clyde line steamer is a great relief. The steamer could not land a portion of her cargo at Monte Cristi, being prevented from so doing by a Dominican warship.

SANTO DOMINGO, Friday, Feb. 12.—Marines from the United States cruiser Columbia, remained stationed at Pajarito until late this afternoon, when they withdrew. During the occupation the insurgents withdrew to a great distance without further resistance. The shells from the cruiser Newark caused some damage in Pajarito and the surrounding country.

A protest, signed by prominent citizens, has been distributed to the public against the action of the United States warship, which it describes as an insolent outrage against the liberty of the republic and a disgrace to the national dignity. The Newark left this afternoon for Guantanamo. President Morales arrived here today. The day passed quietly but this evening firing began at the west gate of the city.

Naval Report on Bombardment.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—A belated dispatch, dated February 12, from Capt. J. M. Miller of the United States cruiser Columbia, which with the Newark, is in San Dominican waters, brings official confirmation of the news of the bombardment. The affair occurred on a river about two miles from Santo Domingo. The insurgents, who were stationed on the mainland, fired on a United States merchant vessel, believed to be the New York, which was lying in the river. The shots fell so dangerously near the war vessels that the acts of the insurgents were construed by Capt. Miller as an attack on the vessels and a battery fire was opened on the revolutionists. This was followed up by the debarkation of 400 marines and bluejackets from the Columbia and the Newark, who made a successful landing ashore. They dislodged the insurgents from their positions and chased them into the country. After accomplishing this the marines and bluejackets took again to their boats and returned to their ships. One man, a bugler named Painter, was seriously wounded by the accidental explosion of his firing piece. There were no other casualties.

No Protectorate Intended.

President Roosevelt's administration is planning how to get along with Santo Domingo without intervening and establishing a protectorate over the republic. The fact that Assistant Secretary of State Loomis will accompany Admiral Dewey on his cruise with the battleship squadron is regarded as an effort to endeavor to harmonize the warring interests.

The president does not want to intervene if it can be avoided. He is looking for some other way out. It is the hope of the administration that matters will quiet down and intervention be avoided. The principal difficulty in the situation now is the extreme likelihood that disorders may continue, and that some other nation will announce its intention of stepping in and keeping order if we do not. In that event the United States would be forced to act.

It is authoritatively stated that the question of the annexation of Santo Domingo to the United States never has received the slightest consideration on the part of the administration.

MARQUIS HIROBUMI ITO

Latest picture of Marquis Hirobumi Ito, the eminent Japanese statesman, who has often been compared to Prince Bismarck. He was born in 1838, and went to London as Minister from Japan in 1863. The following year he was recalled to fill an important position in his own country, where he has since held all the highest positions in the gift of the mikado, including the premiership. The phenomenal progress made by the Japanese during the last thirty years is almost entirely due to his efforts.

HEROES MET DEATH IN GAS EXPLOSION

Workmen Trapped While Working in a Blast Furnace Tank.

OPEN VALVE THE CAUSE

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

Buffalo, N. Y., Feb. 21.—Two men were asphyxiated, one was burned to death and several were seriously injured by an explosion of blast furnace gas at the plant of the Lackawanna Steel Company today.

The dead:

GEORGE REYNOLDS, a mason.
MICHAEL S. SMITH, a mason.
FRANK PRENATT, employed in the power house.

The explosion occurred near power house No. 2. A large reservoir is situated there. The reservoir is a tube 100 feet long and about 10 feet in diameter. It was stored with gas to be used as motive power for a large blower engine.

Smith and Reynolds were working in the reservoir behind a bulkhead today. A piece of the bulkhead was removed in the course of the operations. A valve which the men thought had been closed allowed gas to flow into the tank. They tried to escape, but were overcome before they could reach the exit.

A torch used by the men was left behind and when the gas reached it a terrific explosion occurred. Frank Prenatt and the men were trying to remove one of the unconscious men when the explosion occurred. All of them were hurled into the air.

Prenatt died in a few minutes. Alexander Sanders was terribly burned and he may die.

YOUNG HERO DROWNED.

Cornell Student Gave Up His Life Trying to Save a Classmate.

ITHACA, N. Y., Feb. 21.—In an attempt to save the life of Ames G. Allen of Chicago, with whom he was skating on Cayuga Lake, Louis T. Dickinson, New York city, a senior at Cornell university, lost his life today. The two young men had skated as far as Atwater, 18 miles north of Ithaca, when Allen broke through the ice.

While attempting to pull him out Dickinson fell in and sank after struggling for some minutes to regain the ice. Allen was dragged ashore after having been in the water more than half an hour.

U. S. CONSUL'S EFFORTS NULLIFIED BY RUSSIANS

YIN KOW, Feb. 21.—All United States Consul Miller's efforts to arrange for his representatives to meet the Japanese refugees at Niuchwang have failed. The obstacles which the viceregal and city administrations placed in his way seemed to indicate that it is the intention of the authorities to control and remove the refugees, so as to prevent their lodging complaints and laying evidence of their treatment before foreigners.

PORTE'S REPLY ON THE DARDANELLES

Sultan Willing Russian Fleet Shall Pass If He Can Settle Balkan Situation.

COMPLICATIONS ARE FEARED

[Special Cable to The Gazette.]
(Copyright, 1904, by the New York Herald Co.)

St. Petersburg, Feb. 21.—Once again the porte has lent a willing ear to the diplomatic suggestions of Russia that the Black sea fleet should one day be found unexpectedly in the Mediterranean, Turkey being assured that this once an accomplished fact, not one of the powers would have a word to say in objection. If they did, Russia would be answerable.

The only difficulty, however, which lies in the way of an arrangement by which on a given night the Dardanelles should, with true oriental carelessness, be left unguarded, the usual surveillance neglected, the splendid mine system existing so that any foreign ship in passage can be blown into the air forgotten, and the night guards behind the overwhelming batteries gone into official somnolence, is that Abdul Hamid, seeing a big service in his power to concede, exacts in return terms which, much as Russia would like to get her splendid Black sea squadron out, are almost more than this country can digest. These terms are that Turkey be given a free hand in settling the Balkan difficulties in the war which the coming months are deemed sure to bring.

Such egress from the Black sea would release the big armored ships Knias-potemkin and Tavricski, 12,500 tons each; the Ekaterina and the Cisna, 11,800 tons each; the Sinope, 10,000 tons; the Trisviatitcha, 13,318 tons; the Georgi Pobliednoseo, 12,009 tons; the Dvienadzat Apostolov and the Rostislav, about 9,000 tons each; 10 torpedo catchers and about 25 torpedo boats—a force which would turn the vital question of the command of the sea in the far east in favor of Russia.

This is the secret why Admiral Skrydloff, the bulldog of the Russian navy, a most intrepid and most daring leader, was lately sent for to come to St. Petersburg, the first intention being to appoint him to the command in the far east, but the disasters at Port Arthur rendered his going there useless, and at the same time emphasized the essential necessity of getting the valuable Black sea squadron relieved. Hence Admiral Shyrdyloff hurried back to Odessa, where he was received with marked ovations, showing fully that the people clearly understood the importance of the mission he might be called upon to carry out.

This also may explain the reports of the feverish haste with which the British fleet, including the reserves, is being mobilized, and it also possibly explains the recent quite unexpected note of Turkey to the powers concerning Bulgaria, which looks like a preliminary declaration of war against that country.

A council of war has been held here, where the possibilities of international complications were very freely discussed.

LITTLE CITY ON MOUNTAIN'S CREST IS MAROONED BY ZERO'S GRASP

ALTOONA, Feb. 21.—(Special.)—All road communication with the mountain town of Buckhorn, 10 miles north of here, on the very summit of the Alleghanies, exactly 3,500 feet above sea level, was completely cut off this morning by huge snow drifts from 12 to 18 feet in depth. The severity of the weather has gone beyond precedent.

Just before the telephone wire snapped word was received from there that the thermometer registered 32 degrees below zero. Cattle belonging to the residents froze to death in their stalls and several wells in the town are frozen tight. The Altoona & Hopsononock railway, which runs within a mile of the place, is snowed up. The road is a main feeder of this city for coal.

POLITICIANS TALK HARMONY

Vote Getters in Both Parties Show a Desire to Put an End to Fighting.

FLINN AND BIGELOW

They May Represent a Congressional District in the National Republican Convention.

GOSSIP ABOUT ASSEMBLYMEN

Harmony is the all-absorbing topic in local politics. On almost every hand one hears ward and district leaders declaring that it is time to quit fighting and allow the Citizens to return to the Republican fold. Occasionally there is a dissenter, but quite often it is found that harmony would not be a benefit to his personal interests. The men who deliver majorities in both parties are inclined to favor any decent proposition which will put an end to political warfare.

There is already considerable talk about candidates. Thomas S. Bigelow has said that Congressmen Shiras, Porter and Brown, in his opinion, will not go into the Republican primaries or independently seek a re-election. This is a presidential year and Republicans will vote a straight ticket.

With the present Citizens congressmen out of the running, a clear field is left for ex-Congressman William H. Graham in the Twenty-ninth district; Congressman John Dalzell in the Thirtieth district; James Francis Burke in the Thirty-first district, and Dr. A. J. Barchfeld in the Thirty-second district. These Republicans announced their candidacy several months ago and have their delegates set up. Occasionally there is talk of a change in the Thirty-first and Thirty-second districts, but it cannot be ascertained that there is any basis for the gossip. From present indications Burke and Barchfeld will be the nominees. Yesterday there was a rumor about ex-Senator William Flinn appearing against Burke.

National Convention Delegates.

This county will have eight district delegates in the Republican national convention and will probably have one of the delegates-at-large. For this latter honor the name of D. L. Gillespie of the Nineteenth ward is prominently mentioned. The delegates-at-large are four in number and are chosen by the state convention.

The Allegheny Republican city committee has selected James Wilcox of Sewickley and Charles Kirschler of the North Side as the delegates from the Twenty-ninth congressional district. It is understood that they are acceptable to the Seventh Legislative District association.

In the Thirtieth district there is an evidence of party harmony in the two men talked about for delegates. Congressman Dalzell will be one of the men and the general impression prevails that Murry A. Verner will be his colleague.

Political gossips have also arranged a delegate slate in the Thirty-first district which, if put through, would prove conclusively that harmony is to be effected. The men are ex-Senator William Flinn and Thomas S. Bigelow. They live in the same district of the Nineteenth ward and their position in politics for the last three years is familiar to everyone. During the last few days there have been rumors that Flinn is opposed to harmony, but he has not given any indication of the truth of the report.

The Sixth Legislative District Republican association has agreed upon its candidates for state and national delegates. The representatives to the Chicago convention will be John A. Bell of Carnegie and George T. Oliver of the Twenty-second ward.

In the Legislative Districts.

There are two senators to be elected this fall, the terms of Senator W. A. Magee of the Forty-third district and Senator John W. Crawford of the Forty-fifth district, expiring in December. It is generally conceded that neither of them will be opposed. Crawford intends to seek a renomination, but there is some doubt about Magee asking for another term. In case he declines to be a candidate, David A. Wilbert of the Twenty-third ward will probably enter the field.

Some time ago the Allegheny Republicans agreed upon their candidates for assemblymen. John R. Murphy and George J. Schad were slated in the First district and Representative John Prenzler and John H. Henderson were named in the Second district.

The Third, Fourth and Fifth districts are in Pittsburgh. The Third is the home of Mayor William B. Hays. For the assistance given him in his fight to re-elect Peter Hermes to select council, there is a desire on the part of the mayor to reciprocate by aiding in the re-election of Representative L. B. Cook. In case of harmony the Citizens would be willing to accept Cook as their candidate. The Thirteenth ward leaders will try to make Emil Sparr, the former assessor, Cook's running mate. Adolph Ellis of the Seventh ward is also anxious to represent the district at Harrisburg.

The Democrats have controlled the Fourth district for a number of years, but there are several Republicans willing to make a fight for the single seat. According to the harmony gossips, there may be an equal division of the four seats between the Republicans and Citizens. No evidence of a slate, carrying out this idea, can be discovered.

The Country Districts.

There are a number of Republican candidates for the two seats from the Sixth district. So far there is every indication that the contest will be settled at the primaries on March 19. In the Seventh the leaders favor the return of Representative J. M. Esler of Tarentum, with N. L. Riley of Millvale as his colleague. In the Eighth the Republican District association has decided to support James F. Woodward of McKeesport.

Joseph G. Armstrong of the Twenty-ninth ward, has a clear field for

nomination for coroner. On Saturday Thomas S. Bigelow said that he was of the opinion that Armstrong would not be opposed. Armstrong has carried his ward in all of the fights and last Tuesday he succeeded in doubling his usual majority.

With the exception of the Sixth district, no candidate for state delegates have been put in the field. Should a harmony arrangement be reached, it is probable that the delegates from the three Pittsburgh districts would be representative of both factions of the party.

The politician finds much food for discussion in the make-up of the city and county committees in case the Citizens decide to enter the Republican primaries. Numerous old line Republicans frankly announce that they would be willing to have this settled at the polls. They argue that the organizations should be composed of men who can carry their ward or district. The man who is capable of this is not afraid to fight it out at the primaries. The objections to this plan of settlement come from the politician who is doubtful about his ability to get a majority of the votes in his district.

EPISCOPAL SERVICE FOR NIGHT TOILERS

Many Persons Attended Early Morning Lenten Service at St. Paul's Chapel, New York.

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Feb. 21.—More than 200 persons, a few of them women, occupied the pews of historic old St. Paul's chapel when the first early morning Lenten service was held there this morning at 2:30 o'clock. Night toilers on newspapers published in Park row welcomed the innovation which made it possible for them to attend at an hour that to them was seasonable. It was with great satisfaction that the vicar, the Rev. W. Montague Geer, walked up the aisle, past the well-filled pews, to the altar.

When the minister had read the opening service he announced "Rock of Ages," but there being no organist Mr. Geer himself walked over to the organ and made the chapel ring with melody. All present joined in the singing. When the congregation was leaving the building more than one stopped to shake hands with the vicar, thank him, and request that the services be continued.

This is the first time such a service has been held in a Protestant church in this city. For several years mass has been said at the same hour in St. Andrew's Roman Catholic church, in Duane street.

FRANK A. PARKER.

RABBI SCORES THE JEWS FOR FAVORING JAPANESE

Honors Russia for Its Efforts Toward Universal Peace.

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Feb. 21.—In a sermon today at Temple Beth-El, the Rev. Dr. Samuel Schulman denied that war is an unmixed evil. He declared there are compensations, and that war for a principle, is better than an ignoble of cowardly peace.

"Some Jews are talking about a subscription for a Japanese warship. If they have any money to spare I can show them how to employ it to better advantage in the service of the world. It was Russia which took up the Jewish idea of universal peace and put forth the idea of The Hague tribunal."

Dr. Schulman declared the memory of Mark Hanna will be more honored for his work for the Civic Federation than for his political victories and successes.

FIRING AT SEA HEARD.

Doubtless Clue to Attempted Approach of Japanese Torpedo Boats on Port Arthur.

PORT ARTHUR, Feb. 21.—Sounds of desultory firing at sea are heard almost nightly and this morning firing was again heard. This is doubtless due to the attempted approach of Japanese torpedo boats, but nothing serious has developed.

The garrison is in excellent spirits and is firmly convinced of the ultimate success of the Russian army. The Novi Krai prints a long article invoking historical precedents to prove the illegality of the Japanese declaration that fuel and victuals will in all cases be treated as contraband of war. The paper describes Japan's attitude as presumptious and urges the neutral powers to disregard it.

MAY BE A CLUE.

Torn Envelope Left in a Hotel Arouses Suspicion of the Proprietor.

A torn envelope bearing the name Green was found in one of the bedrooms of the Armstrong hotel, McKees Rocks, yesterday morning by a chambermaid, Mary O'Brien, and is now in the hands of John Grogan, chief of police.

About midnight a negro, appearing worn out and worried, appeared at the hotel and was registered for the night. His name and address on the register appears as Wm. Benson, Ashtabula. He left Sunday morning. Andrew Armstrong, proprietor of the hotel, connecting the name with that of William Green, the negro who attacked his wife at Wireton last Thursday with a butcher knife, turned the envelope over to the police.

HOSTILE TO AMERICA.

Slavonic Students Attempt Hostile Demonstration Against United States Consulate.

VIENNA, Feb. 21.—Following a service of intercession in the Servian church at Prague today for the success of Russian arms, several hundred Slav students gathered in front of the church and created a disturbance.

They then proceeded toward the United States consulate, where they intended to make a hostile demonstration, but the police closed all the streets leading to the consulate and, after some opposition, succeeded in dispersing the demonstrators and in arresting many of them.

Letter Writer Under Arrest.

NEW YORK, Feb. 21.—Charles Meyer, a clerk formerly employed by Fleischmann & Co., arrested on the charge of writing threatening letters to Mayor Fleischmann of Cincinnati, was today committed to Bellevue hospital for inquiry into his sanity.

New York Building Burned.

NEW YORK, Feb. 21.—A six-story building on East Ninety-ninth street, occupied in part by the Union Settlement Athletic club and by various mining concerns, was destroyed by fire tonight, entailing a loss of $50,000. L. Kohler & Co.'s cigar factory adjoining, and contents, were damaged to the extent of $25,000.

Spain to Deny Alliances.

PARIS, Feb. 21.—The correspondent at Madrid of the Temps says that in the session of the cortes on Monday the government will deny the reports of foreign alliances, which were the cause of the excitement Saturday, and will say that the movements of troops are only precautionary and for the purpose of enforcing Spanish neutrality in the war in the far east.

A Guaranteed Cure for Piles.
Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure you in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Kind You Have Always Bought
Chas. H. Fletcher.

OLD PILOT ACROSS LIFE'S VEXED SEA

Capt. M. A. Cox, a Famous Riverman, Dead at His Brownsville Home.

HE KNEW MANY STREAMS

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

BROWNSVILLE, Feb. 21.—Capt. M. A. Cox, the veteran riverman, aged 82 years, died at 12:05 o'clock this morning of pneumonia, after an illness of four days. He followed the rivers for 50 years and was known from the headwaters of the Monongahela to New Orleans.

Owing to failing sight he retired from active work two years ago. During the civil war he made a number of dangerous, but successful, runs on the lower rivers. Capt. Cox had lived here since early boyhood. His wife, who died about 20 years ago, was Mary Ellen Krepps, daughter of Samuel Krepps, and a cousin of James G. Blaine. One son is dead.

Those who survive are: Anna, wife of Capt. I. R. Beazell of Brownsville, at home; Ella, wife of William Earshall of Uniontown; two sons, Samuel Cox of Buffalo and Sol Cox of Chicago.

Capt. Cox was a member of the Episcopal church and of St. Omar's commandery, Knights Templar, which will have charge of his burial. He was the oldest member of the Brownsville lodge.

Early in life Capt. Cox was employed as a clerk for Jacob Bowman in a Brownsville store, but he soon left there to begin his river career. He was one of the most accomplished pilots in the Ohio and Mississippi valleys. He first learned the channel of the Monongahela, then the Ohio and successively the Mississippi, Missouri and Cumberland rivers. He had guided boats in all the western waters and his license covered the navigable streams from Morgantown, Pa., to New Orleans.

When the scene of activity of the civil war shifted to the river valleys of the south central states, the deceased was among the first of the rivermen of this vicinity to volunteer his services to the union forces. It was here that his almost unparalleled knowledge of the navigable tributaries of the Mississippi proved of immense value to the federal forces. With Commodore Jacobs and Capt. Roberts he aided in the transportation of troops and supplies up the Cumberland and Tennessee rivers in the memorable campaign against Forts Donaldson and Henry.

During the numerous trips through the hostile territory his boat was attacked innumerable times, but his dauntless courage while at the pilot wheel carried both boat and cargo to safety.

Throughout river circles Capt. Cox held a reputation as a fine disciplinarian and his crews were all noted for their efficiency. Everything on board was accomplished with the precision characteristic of a man-of-war.

The deceased has extensive business associations and for over 15 years was a director in the Monongahela National bank here.

LOCAL SPORTS FOUGHT THEIR BIRDS BOLDLY

Cocking Main Held Before Big Crowd a Short Distance from Cleveland.

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

CLEVELAND, Feb. 21.—Under the very eyes of the authorities of three townships and of two cities, and without the slightest air of secrecy a big cock fight was pulled off early, this morning on the Akron, Bedford & Cleveland railroad. The event was a match between Pittsburgh birds and some from this city, and large contingents from both cities, as well as a scattering delegation from Fort Wayne, Ind., and nearby towns, were present.

Altogether about 250 sportsmen crowded about the pit and at a conservative estimate several thousands dollars changed hands. The main consisted of 11 rounds. The Cleveland man won the main by a score of six to five.

Along toward 11 o'clock the Pittsburgh contingent was 25 strong and their appearance was the signal for great enthusiasm and applause. The main began at 12 and did not break up till 5 a. m.

OFFICER M'CARTNEY FALLS DEAD IN CARSON STREET

Hugh McCartney, aged 34, a subpoliceman, connected with No. 7 police station, in South Thirteenth street, fell dead at 11:30 o'clock last night in Carson street, near South Twenty-sixth street. Heart disease is thought to have caused his death. McCartney lived with relatives at 3709 Butler street, Lawrenceville, and was single. He had been connected with the police bureau for about three years and was one of the officers removed at the time Mayor William B. Hays took office. About two months ago he was reinstated on the force and put on the sub-list. His body was removed to No. 7 station.

Mrs. Hoffman in Critical Condition.

Mrs. John M. Hoffman of Huey street, McKeesport, who was brutally assaulted Saturday evening at the home of Charles Ardinger, a McKeesport steel worker, is lying in a critical condition at her home. She has a high fever and her nervous system is so shattered by her terrible experience that the physicians have been unable to induce sleep, even with the aid of opiates. Mrs. Ardinger, wife of the man in jail on suspicion of having committed the crime, is still seriously ill at the McKeesport hospital. She has not been informed of the affair.

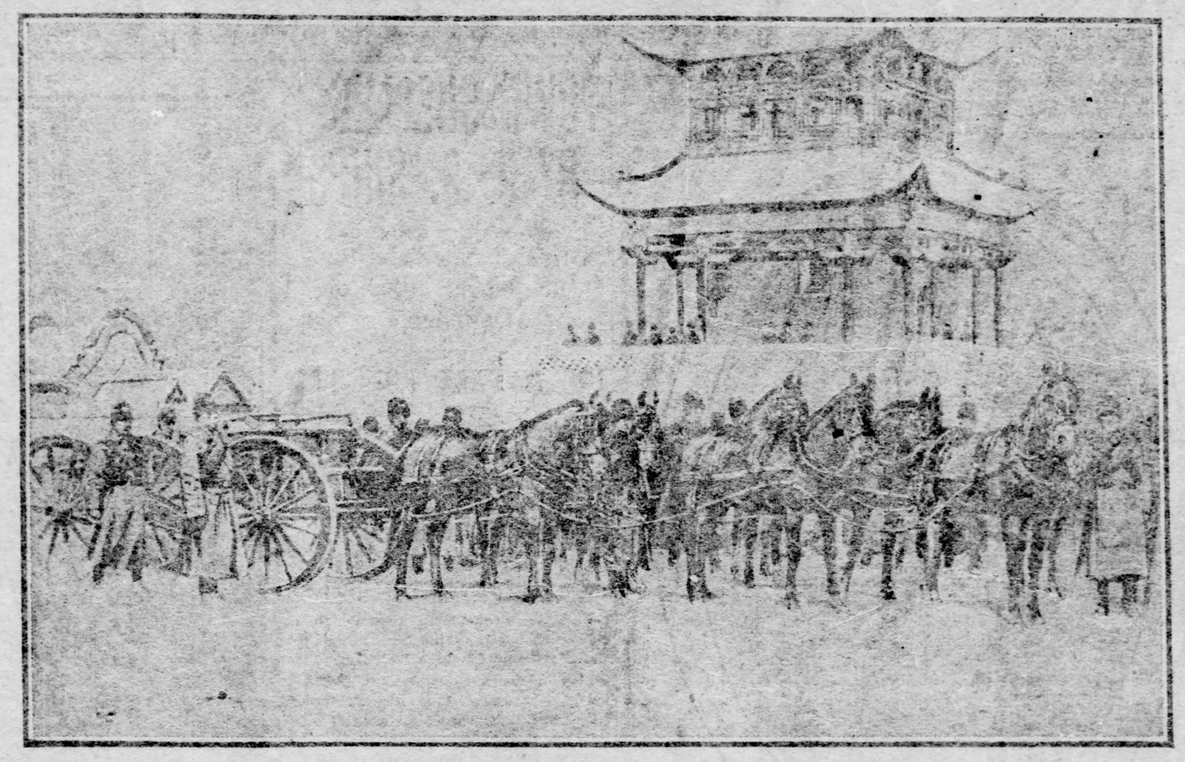
Coke Cars Go Over Embankment.

Two loaded coke cars of a freight train on the Baltimore & Ohio railroad were derailed shortly before last midnight and plunged over an embankment onto the tracks of the Second avenue traction line near City Farm station. The street car tracks were completely blocked. No danger signal was put out and a serious collision was narrowly averted when the first street car reached the scene. The cars between the wreck and the city were turned back and the cars on the other side are running by way of Duquesne junction and Homestead.

BEAT OPPONENT BY VOTE OF 2 TO 1

EVAN S. YOUNG,
Republican, Elected Justice of the Peace in Bellevernon.

MUSCOVY IN MANCHURIA; SCENES OF RUSSIAN MILITARY PREPARATIONS



Russian Artillery in Campaigning Outfit. —From the London Illustrated News.

CASSINI SAYS HAY NOTE SUITS CZAR

Conversation Between Secretary of State and Ambassador Resulted in Acceptance.

OFFERS FROM OUR PEOPLE

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—"Russia gladly and willingly favored the suggestion of Secretary Hay that as far as possible, the belligerents in the far eastern war localize hostilities and respect the neutrality of China in the interest of a continuance of peaceful intercourse of the rest of the world. My government expressed the conviction that Mr. Hay's suggestion was prompted by motives of the highest humanity and was mutually advantageous to the belligerents."

This statement was made by Count Cassini, the Russian ambassador, in the course of a conversation with a representative of the Associated Press, at the embassy tonight.

As soon as the note was addressed to the Russian government, Count Cassini was advised of the fact by Secretary Hay and a long and earnest conversation followed on the motives of the Washington government in initiating this move, unique in diplomacy. To the frankness of this conversation, a frankness made possible by the cordial and intimate relations which Mr. Hay and Count Cassini have enjoyed at Washington, is largely due, it is said, the prompt response of the Russian government, which is naturally concerned with many matters of the gravest importance and some demanding the most speedy attention, such as war measures.

"Every mail brings to the embassy some 50 to 100 contradictions, in the form of offers of assistance, medical and military, of the statement that Russia is without friends in this country," said the ambassador. "It is so in this country as in every other, that the smaller nation in the struggle can count on a certain amount of sympathy, arising solely from the fact of its minority, but it is a tribute to the fairness of your government that the official conduct of your government certainly has been all that either belligerent could expect in the preservation of the strict neutrality which the president directed shall be observed by his people.

"It is possible that in recognition of the kindly spirit of humanity and friendliness which is evidenced by the American physicians who offered their assistance that my government may find a way to accept some of them and that American physicians and nurses may aid us in caring for the wounded in the far eastern war. I am daily expecting an answer from St. Petersburg on this point."

He said he believed the effect of the removal of the censorship on all news from St. Petersburg would effectively diminish the number of canards which have been secretly sent from Russia.

The ambassador further said, in part: "In the earnest hope that peace might be preserved with Japan, my government was giving more attention to the methods by which a diplomatic settlement might be reached than to preparations for the recourse to arms which we are now convinced Japan had determined on at the outset of the negotiations. For this reason the first chapter in the far eastern war has not been characterized by Russian victories.

"In this first chapter, however, is contained a picture, which as was to be expected, the fair spirit of Americans was quick to appreciate and applaud. I refer to the noble conduct of the captain of the Variag, who after refusing to surrender his ship, came out of the harbor of Chemulpo to face an overwhelming force of Japanese warships, to whose fire he replied as effectively as he could and then blew up his own ship that she might not fall into the hands of the enemy. The contribution of such a page to Russian history more than compensates for any losses sustained by our navy, as a result of Japan attacking us before a declaration of war and while her envoy at St. Petersburg was still enjoying the courtesy and protection of the Russian government."

George W. Meanor Is Dead.

George W. Meanor, aged 86, died at his home, Walnut and River avenues, Coraopolis, on Saturday. Mr. Meanor was a member of the Grand Army of the Republic, having served through both the Mexican and civil wars. For many years he operated a ferry on the Ohio river between Coraopolis and Haysville and also tended the government lights along the river. He was a lifelong Democrat and a member of the First Presbyterian church, Coraopolis. Two sons, W. S. Meanor of Coraopolis and Charles Meanor of the United States army, survive.

DIED.

HOTZ—On Sunday, February 21, 1904, at 9:45 p. m., at the residence of his son-in-law, corner Center avenue and Freport street, Aspinwall, HENRY HOTZ, in his 70th year. Notice of funeral hereafter.

HAMILTON—On Sunday, February 21, 1904, at 1:20 p. m., at the residence of his parents, No. 5615 Harvard street, ROBERT WILLIAM, only son of Robert M. and Loretta Hamilton (nee Fay), aged 11 months, 4 days.

Funeral on Tuesday afternoon, February 23, at 1:30 o'clock. Blessing services at SS. Peter and Paul's church, Larimer avenue, at 2 p. m. Interment private.

(Chicago papers please copy.)

2,500 RUSSIANS ARE REPORTED KILLED

Continued from First Page.

port and believes that the squadron is still at Vladivostok.

News from Korea states that the Russian forces have arrived at Wiju and Anju, south of the Yalu, and are pushing steadily forward.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 21.—The appointment of Gen. Kuropatkin, who was yesterday relieved of his functions as minister of war, to the chief command of the Russian army in the far east, was gazetted this morning.

Gen. Kuropatkin will be accompanied to the front by the Grand Dukes Boris, Alexis, Nicholas and Michael Nikolaievich. The emperor and the empress gave a luncheon today to Gen. Kuropatkin and the grand dukes at the Alexandra palace, Tsarskoe Selo, and bade them farewell. The exact mission of Grand Duke Alexis is unknown but it is undoubtedly an important one, as he has been in supreme command of the Russian navy, as president of the admiralty, taking an active part in the negotiations preceding hostilities. He presided at the special council which prepared Russia's undelivered reply to Japan.

JAPANESE FLEET NOT DISABLED IN FIGHTING

Vessels Damaged by Accidents Being Repaired—Anxious for Battle.

[Associated Press Cable to The Gazette.]

TOKYO, Feb. 21.—The reports from various quarters saying that Admiral Togo's fleet was partly crippled in the operations at Port Arthur are unfounded. It has been unnecessary to send a single large ship to Sasebo for repairs. Two torpedo boat destroyers have been damaged, but not in fighting. The Akebono, in attempting to coal from a collier during a storm, collided with the Oboro, disabling her machinery. Both were sent to Sasebo to be repaired, and they will be ready for service soon. The armored cruiser Chiyoda has been docked at Sasebo and cleaned. She had been in the water for months and her bottom was so foul that her speed was impaired. The battleship Shikishima, which was injured on the eve of war, was repaired in time to participate in Admiral Togo's attack on Port Arthur.

Admiral Togo's men were eager to fight and the men of the torpedo squadron who were sent to reconnoiter at Dalny on the night of February 8 were bitterly disappointed that they missed the Port Arthur fight, and they have almost demanded of Admiral Togo that he permit them to engage the enemy at the next opportunity.

Capt. Takenouchi, a former naval attache at Paris, has been appointed to command the Nissshin, and Capt. Oinouyu, late chief of staff of the Kure navy yard, has been appointed to command the Kasuga, the two cruisers which were purchased from the Argentine republic. The Kasuga has gone to Kure to outfit. She will be ready for sea in two weeks. The Nissshin is outfitting at Yokohama and will be ready in three weeks.

CHASED BY RUSSIANS.

Fleet Near Aden Scrutinized a British Vessel, Then Allowed Her to Proceed.

ADEN, Feb. 21.—The Peninsula and Oriental Company steamer Mongolia encountered on Saturday, 460 miles north of Aden, a Russian battleship and four torpedo boat destroyers. After the vain attempt of a destroyer to cut off the Mongolia all the warships gave chase, but being unable to overtake her, they signalled her to stop. The Mongolia obeyed and a destroyer, after a close scrutiny, signalled "Beg to be excused."

The fleet is evidently hoping to capture Japanese ships.

AMERICAN SHIPS ORDERED FROM SCENE OF WAR

CHEFOO, Feb. 21.—The United States cruiser New Orleans and the gunboats Wilmington and Annapolis, which sailed from Manila on February 15, under command of Rear Admiral Cooper, upon arriving here received orders from the secretary of the navy to return to Shanghai. When the outbreak of hostilities between Russia and Japan occurred, Admiral Evans, commanding the Asiatic fleet, dispatched a cruiser squadron to Shanghai and Admiral Cooper's squadron to Chefoo. Secretary Moody has ordered all the ships to Shanghai. They left immediately after coaling.

RUSSIAN SHIP REFUSES TO LEAVE SHANGHAI

SHANGHAI, Feb. 21.—Urged by the Japanese consul here, the taotai ordered the Russian gunboat Mandjur to leave the harbor before 6 o'clock this afternoon, but the order was ignored. It is said that a Japanese squadron has been ordered to enforce the taotai's demand and to enable Japanese steamship companies to resume service between Japan and Shanghai, they being afraid to enter with the war vessel in the harbor.

It is reported that a Chinese squadron has been ordered to Shanghai to enforce the taotai's demand and to enable Japanese steamship companies to resume service between Japan and Shanghai.

Japanese Officers Recalled.

PARIS, Feb. 21.—Capts. Ogata and Shimadaira of the Japanese artillery, who are attending a course of instruction at the school of application at Fontainebleau, were today recalled by the Japanese government.

U. S. SQUADRON MAY BACK CHINA

Powers Likely to Support Order to Russian Ship to Leave Shanghai.

JAPANESE FLEET THREATENS

The Pittsburgh Gazette Bureau,
Room 10, Postal Building,
WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 21.

Although no one in authority here will say that the Asiatic cruiser squadron is being mobilized at Shanghai because of the report that a Chinese squadron is going to drive the Russian cruiser Mandjur out of the harbor, it is understood this may have something to do with the direction of American naval activity in the far east. Since the outbreak of the war found the Russian naval forces in the far east badly scattered there has been much speculation as to what would become of the Russian cruiser at Shanghai. The agreement of the powers to preserve the neutrality of China makes this question vitally important. A neutral power has the right to order the warships of a belligerent from its borders. If China, exercising this privilege of a neutral power, is not able to enforce it, the powers, who have agreed to preserve and make effective the neutrality of China, it is believed here, will be bound to back up China's position, provided that position is sincerely directed toward the maintenance of neutrality.

It is pointed out that if the Russian cruiser remains at Shanghai the Japanese fleet will probably swoop down upon that port and attempt to go in and destroy the Russian cruiser, as was done at Chemulpo, where lay the Variag and Korietz. The foreign naval commanders, with the exception of Commander Marshall of the Vicksburg, have been reported as having protested against the threat of the Japanese admiral Uriu to attack the harbor if the Russian ships did not come out. Korea, however, did not have half a dozen powers backing up her declared neutrality. It is believed here by some that the action of China in demanding the Russian cruiser's withdrawal will be supported by the powers, most of whom have ships at Shanghai.

FIREMEN ON THE RUN.

Three Alarms Turned in from One Box inside of an Hour.

The frame building at 681 Helsel street, Homestead, owned by Peter Abels, was damaged $1,000 by fire late Saturday night. The fire originated on the second floor.

The volunteer fire company had just returned after a half hour's fast work at the fire when a second alarm came from the same box. The company turned out, but it was a false alarm. A half hour later a third alarm was turned in, and the company was called out also by telephone. This time the building in Helsel street was found to be ablaze again.

King Willing to Mediate.

PARIS, Feb. 22.—The Petit-Parisienne's London correspondent says that during an interview preceding the departure from London for St. Petersburg yesterday of Count Benckendorff, the Russian ambassador, Lord Lansdowne, the British foreign minister, intimated to him that King Edward was willing to offer his mediation in the war in the far east, if the czar thought he could accept it.

HANNA IS COMPARED WITH MR. GLADSTONE

Remarkable Tribute Paid Deceased Senator by New York Pastor.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Feb. 21.—Dr. Abbot E. Kittredge, pastor of the Madison Avenue Reformed church, spoke tonight on "Lessons From the Life of Senator Hanna, the Typical American Citizen," from the text, "A good man leaveth an inheritance to his children's children." He said:

"The strength of a nation is in the strong men and women who make up its population. Real patriotism consists in right living. Every good man is a good citizen, and my attention has more recently been called to that fact by the death of that good man, Senator Hanna. In view of the wide spread of sorrow and unusual tributes paid at his bier, it is valuable to know why this man was so loved by his friends and possessed the confidence and love of his political opponents.

"He was always a leader on account of his masterful brain and honesty of character, characterized by a modesty that was never sullied by success. The intimate friend of many politicians, he never sought political office, and never accepted it until elected to the United States senate. There is nothing to indicate in any of his writings or expressions, public or private, to justify the charge that he was desirous of holding the highest office in the gift of the people."

Dr. Kittredge then referred to Senator Hanna's services in connection with the National Civic federation and his efforts to bring about harmony between capital and labor, and compared the characteristics of Hanna and Gladstone, saying their influence was due to the fact they were both Christian men.

MEASLES IN THE FLEET.

Twenty-Four Cases Among Sailors on Our Warships Off Cuba.

GUANTANAMO, CUBA, Feb. 21.—A dozen United States warships are here preparing for the maneuvers. Lieutenant Commander William H. Allen of the Vixen has been ordered to command the monitor Amphitrite.

A camp of marines will be established at McCalla Hill and marines will replace the Cubans, who are now in charge of the harbor lights. The work of the Cubans is considered unsatisfactory. There are 23 cases of measles on board the battleship Maine and one on the Yankee. There is also one case of smallpox isolated on a barge. All of the sick are reported convalescent.

Y. M. C. A. Convention Will Close.

SCRANTON, Feb. 21.—The 36th annual convention of the state Young Men's Christian association was brought to a close tonight in a most impressive manner. The hundreds of delegates stepped into the aisles and holding their hands clasped, sang "Blessed Be the Tie That Binds." The feature of the day was a mass meeting for men, attended by over 2,000 in the afternoon. F. B. Smith of New York was the speaker.

Another Palm Beach Social Event.

PALM BEACH, FLA., Feb. 21.—(Special.)—A. W. Black of Lakewood gave an attractive dinner last night. Among the guests were Miss Darlington, Mr. and Mrs. James Scully and Mr. and Mrs. Thomas McCook of Pittsburgh.

Story of the Day's News Told In Crisp Paragraphs for Busy Readers

A few of the news features of The Sunday Gazette are briefly summarized in the following paragraphs:

The Russian army crossed the Yalu river into Korea and a trifling skirmish was reported. Russia has declared her intention to advance upon India in case England takes sides in the far eastern question. Secretary Taft says the Philippines are outside of the trouble zone.

Congressman Charles Dick of Akron is likely to be Hanna's successor in the United States senate.

Milovar Kovovick, the Croatian charged with the killing of Contractor Samuel T. Ferguson, was found guilty of murder in the first degree.

Baron de Rogniat, a French financier, wants to fight a duel with C. M. Schwab. He also threatens a suit against the steel king for defamation of character. Schwab is not worried. W. E. Corey, president of the United States Steel Corporation, returns from Europe after a rough voyage.

Steel casting manufacturers held a meeting in New York, but failed to reach an agreement on an advance in prices.

Five persons were indicted by the Cook county (Ill.) grand jury for the Iroquois theater fire. Mayor Harrison was exonerated.

Revised estimate of the assessors increases the city valuation to over $400,000,000.

The next legislature will be asked to create a common pleas court No. 4 for Allegheny county. Assistant Fire Chief Michael Hannigan leaves the Pittsburgh fire department after 31 years' service.

New York banks reduced loans and gained in cash and, surplus reserve. The stock market was depressed by panicky conditions on foreign exchanges.

Shadyside academy defeated High school in an exciting game of hockey. The Iroquois Rifle club will send a strong team to New York to take part in the annual championship shoot.

STAINLESS NAME ALL THROUGH LIFE

Congressman Charles Dick Eulogizes the Career of Senator Hanna.

LABOR WAS HIS PROBLEM

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

AKRON, O., Feb. 21.—From the pulpit of the First M. E. church here tonight, Gen. Charles Dick delivered an eulogy upon the late Senator Hanna, saying in part:

"What I have to say can hardly be dignified by the title of an address, as it is prompted by the slightest preparation, and under the weight of the trials of one bereft of a brother. In very task, in every problem of life, his biographer will note Senator Hanna always did his best. In business and public life he achieved great success, and it will be your verdict and the verdict of history, he always did the best.

"It may be of interest to you to know what the greatest ambition of this man was. I think I understand it. It is not a secret. The greatest pressure was brought to have him become a candidate for president. To a common man this was a most admirable ambition, but it was not to Senator Hanna. I have heard him say if he could bring into closer relationship the great forces of labor and capital it would be to him a greater honor than to be the chief executive of this great nation.

"I never saw him touched but once by a cartoon, and that was one representing him as a labor crusher; standing over prostrate men with a lash in his hand. He answered the implied charge in an address on the docks at Ashtabula, to men most of whom were employed by him, and then he said if the charge could be proven he would resign from the United States senate. That challenge goes to this hour unaccepted. In this, I think, there are lessons of value to employer and employe. Senator Hanna's love for McKinley was not greater than his love for his fellowmen.

"Another splendid thing Senator Hanna did continually that the world did not know of was contributing to charity. His charities would have enriched a prince. He did not seek political honors; he went into politics because he believed in certain principles. For the same reason that he enlisted in the army, he took up political battles. It was not to gain the presidency for any one man.

"When the lesson of his life is told it will not be the accumulation of a great fortune; it will not be that he led a great party to success; it will not be that he formulated legislation that helped fix the policy of the country; but it will be told so that we may all read it, and it will be a lesson reflected from his stainless life, his spotless character and untarnished name."

NAVAL OFFICER DEAD.

Man Who Fired Last Shot from the Cumberland Expires at New Bedford.

NEW BEDFORD, MASS., Feb. 21.—Commander William P. Randall, U. S. N., retired, died at his home in this city today, aged 71 years. Assigned as acting master on the frigate Cumberland during the civil war, he participated in the battle with the Merrimac, and was credited with having fired the last shot from the frigate before she was sent to the bottom.

After the war he entered the navy as ensign, and served in various capacities until 1889, when he was retired. During the Spanish war he served as executive officer of the receiving ship Wabash.

SCOURGED WITH FEVER.

Four Hundred Cases of Typhoid Render City of Watertown Helpless.

WATERTOWN, N. Y., Feb. 21.—(Special.)—With nearly 400 persons stricken with typhoid fever this city is one of mourning. The two hospitals and another building, which has been pressed into service to receive the afflicted, are crowded with patients, and there are scores of cases in private homes. The corps of city physicians is unable to cope with the disease, and an appeal may have to be made to the neighboring cities for assistance. Nurses from other cities are being pressed into service.

The state board of health has made an investigation of the epidemic and has come to the conclusion that Black river, which furnishes the supply of drinking water for the city, is to blame for the scourge.

Death of Henry Hotz.

Henry Hotz, aged 70, for many years a resident of the West End, died yesterday of paralysis at the home of his daughter, Mrs. George Warner, in Aspinwall. He was born in Germany and came to this country in 1836, landing at Baltimore, Md. In 1857 he married Caroline Helm and four years later the family removed to the West End, where Mr. Hotz lived till five years ago, when he went to live with his daughter in Aspinwall. He is survived by three children—Mrs. George Warner, Mrs. George Schaudelle of Duquesne Heights and Fred Hotz of Troy Hill, Allegheny.

A Narrow Escape from Death.

FINDLAY, O., Feb. 21.—(Special.)—Thinking that he was taking a dose of quinine, Frank Day came near killing himself by taking arsenic. He discovered his mistake when he began to get sick. Mr. Day but recently returned from California, where he took the dead body of his wife for burial. She was a sister of Lester and Johnnie Reiff, the famous jockeys.

Bechtel Will Recover.

SCRANTON, Feb. 21.—John Bechtel, the Pittsburgh soap agent who was murderously assaulted by two Italians Thursday night, is reported to be recovering at the State hospital. It will be months, however, before he will be able to leave the hospital.

Women's Suits.

There's a very decided character to the new suits that have come in the last week—

New blouse and Eton effects in the lighter mixtures—
Many of them very English—
All of them extremely smart—

The new top coats in light covert cloth are also wonderfully effective—

A good many bargains in fine furs are still to be had if you come quickly.

J. G. BENNETT & CO.,
New Stores.
WOOD AND FIFTH.

The Old Reliable New York Dentists.

25 years' practice—12 years in same location. Thousands of satisfied patrons. All our skill and experience at your service.

Safe and Certain
VEG-O-ZON
For Painless Extracting

$8 Our Best Teeth Made to Fit and Feel Right $8

Gold Crowns	$5	Bridge Work	$5
Teeth Cleaned	75c	Silver Fillings from	50c

NEW YORK DENTISTS
Cor. Sixth St. and Liberty.
Entrance on Liberty.
Open Nights Till 9. Sundays 10 to 2.

UNION PACIFIC
Shortest line to
OREGON
and
WASHINGTON
March 1st to April 30th, colonist rates to all points in these states, from
Chicago $33.00
St. Louis 30.00
Trains handsomely equipped. Tourist sleeping cars a specialty. Fast time. Smooth roadbed.
514-16 PARK BLDG., PITTSBURG, PA.
G. G. HERRING, General Agent.

If you want the right crackers to serve with soups and salads ask your grocer for *Brownsville* Water Crackers.

Washington's Birthday
Decorate your outer walls with
FLAGS
and your bosom with
HATCHETS AND BOUQUETS OF CHERRIES
Emblems of the Father of His Country.
For Sale Wholesale and Retail at
J. G. Lauer's Toy House,
620 Liberty Street.

TYPEWRITERS
Agents for the Manhattan Typewriter. Also dealers in all makes of second-hand Typewriters at reasonable prices. Monthly inspection of typewriters a specialty. Rent and repairs all makes of typewriters. F. S. Webster Co. carbon paper and ster brand ribbons.
Pittsburgh Typewriter Inspection Co.
F. S. WEBSTER CO., Props.,
632 DIAMOND ST.

All Humors
Are impure matters which the skin, liver, kidneys and other organs can not take care of without help, there is such an accumulation of them.
They litter the whole system.
Pimples, boils, eczema and other eruptions, loss of appetite, that tired feeling, bilious turns, fits of indigestion, dull headaches and many other troubles are due to them.
Hood's Sarsaparilla and Pills
Remove all humors, overcome all their effects, strengthen, tone and invigorate the whole system.
"I had salt rheum on my hands so that I could not work. I took Hood's Sarsaparilla and it drove out the humor. I continued its use till the sores disappeared." Miss Ida O. Brown, Rumford Falls, Me.
Hood's Sarsaparilla promises to cure and keeps the promise.

[illegible] KEHR AVE.

ZAHNISER WANTS BILLS AMENDED

Will Make Fight in Select Council to Prevent Immediate Action.

LARKIN IS READY FOR A SHOT

William J. Zahniser of the Seventeenth ward will make a fight in select council this afternoon to have the appropriation and tax levy bills referred to the finance committee of the upper branch for final action by council at the regular meeting next Monday, instead of putting the measures through this afternoon without amendment. Mr. Zahniser was a member of the Orphans sub-committee that framed the appropriation and tax bills, and he believes select council should investigate the alterations made in the measures by common council.

Common council swelled the estimate of receipts from the city solicitor's office from $175,000 to $371,693, an increase of $196,693. Mr. Zahniser believes that this will create a deficiency this year unless the departments save nearly $200,000 from their appropriations.

"I believe the appropriation and tax levy bills should go to the finance committee of select council, and should be considered by that committee carefully before they are put through," said Mr. Zahniser yesterday. "Councils should have an official statement from the city solicitor's office of the amount of revenue expected from that source this year. Common council increased the estimate nearly $200,000, which is about half a mill. Even if the valuations were increased to $400,000,000, or $7,000,000 more than reported by the assessors, this would mean an increase of only $87,500 in the revenues."

Mr. Zahniser will present to select council this afternoon a communication from Controller John B. Larkin claiming that the present tax levy of 12½ mills will not raise sufficient revenue to meet the appropriations as fixed by common council. The controller made the statement a few days ago that the present appropriation bills would create a deficit of $1,000,000 and would stop the payment of salaries about the first of October, but Mr. Zahniser considers this statement as highly extravagant.

The finance committee will probably report Director E. M. Bigelow's salary ordinance to select council affirmatively this afternoon, and it will probably be passed without amendment. The bill grants increases in salaries to a number of employes of the public works department, including the chief clerk, whose salary is raised from $2,000 a year to $2,400. If the bill passes select council today it will have to go to common council for concurrence at the next meeting of that body.

Homestead Man Resisted Arrest.

Patrick McTierney of Twelfth avenue, West Homestead, was locked up yesterday by Lieut. William Ammon, of Homestead. He was causing a disturbance at his home. When the police arrived he was armed with a knife. In the scuffle during his arrest McTierney was cut on the arm.

TOTAL DARKNESS ON SOUTH SIDE

Pedestrians Got Ugly Falls and Women Ruined Their Pretty Dresses.

WIRE INSULATION BURNED OFF

Darkness covered the South Side and the hilltop districts like a pall for several hours last night. The trouble was caused by the insulation burning from the wires on a pole of the Allegheny County Light Company, at South First and Carson streets. The pole took fire and a number of wires fell to the street, completely shutting off several circuits.

A second break occurred at South Fourth and Carson streets, which further complicated the situation and delayed repairs.

The streets were crowded with persons returning from church services when the accidents occurred, and left them in almost total darkness. Along Carson street a few gas lights were burning in the store windows, which gave some light on that thoroughfare, but on the side and cross streets darkness was complete.

To add to the discomfort the pavements were alternately slippery and muddy. Falls were numerous and although no serious accidents were reported many handsome frocks were ruined by their owners striking a patch of ice on the pavements which could not be seen in the darkness and following the discovery with a header into a mudhole or onto a slushy, slimy pavement.

Police were stationed near the broken wire to warn pedestrians of the danger from electric shock. The wires sputtering in the darkness added terror to inconvenience. Many persons forsook even the little light on Carson street and walked in the total darkness of the parallel streets to avoid danger from the wires. The damage to the lines was not great.

Crossed wires in the electric light station at Twelfth street destroyed the usefulness of the electric light system last night down town, and as far out Fifth avenue as Oakland. The insulation was burned off and the lights promptly went out. It was midnight before the trouble was fixed.

HUNDREDS AT THE PHOTO EXHIBIT ON WET DAY

The time of the "Photo-Secession" exhibit in the art galleries at the Carnegie Institute, has been extended to February 28. The exhibit was to have closed today but an extension of time was granted because of the remarkable popular interest shown in the exhibit during the last week or two. The collection consists of 300 of the finest products of the photographic art in the United States. The specimens are all photographs taken from nature and were picked by a jury of prominent artists in New York. Notwithstanding the very disagreeable weather yesterday about 800 people visited the Carnegie Art galleries.

MURDER VERDICT IS NOT EXPECTED BY M'QUAIDE

Wants Pattrovick Sent to Penitentiary on Charge of Being an Accessory—Doomed Man, Who Is Downhearted, May Make Confession.

Superintendent of Detectives Thomas A. McQuaide does not expect to convict of murder in the first degree Milovar Pattrovick, who is jointly accused with Milovar Kovovick of killing Contractor Samuel T. Ferguson. A conviction of accessory to murder after the fact is all that the detective anticipates. Pattrovick will be arraigned for trial in May and will be defended by Attorneys Harry Alvan Hall and James Francis Burke. They also will appeal Kovovick's case this week.

"Pattrovick was not in the actual killing of Ferguson," said Superintendent McQuaide. "He met Kovovick when he was spending the stolen money and Kovovick offered to take him back to his native country. We have convicted the man who killed Ferguson, and that is all we wanted to do. I want a penitentiary sentence for Pattrovick."

Milovar Kovovick, who was found guilty of the murder, when asked yesterday if he desired a new trial, said:

"It's no use. They would only give me 20 years, and that is worse than hanging. I would ask for the rope."

Kovovick was a pitiable object in the jail at Washington, Pa. He lay down to sleep a moment, and the other prisoners say that his moans could be heard throughout the night. Yesterday he refused to eat. During the last two days of the trial he would not talk. The strain proved too much for him and the officers believe he will make a full confession. In talking with one of the jail attendants he said: "It's all over now and I wish they would hurry." Kovovick cried at frequent intervals yesterday, and seldom left the cot in his cell.

All Edgar Thomson Furnaces Going.

Furnace C of the Edgar Thomson plant of the Carnegie Steel Company, Braddock, resumed yesterday. Every one of the 11 big stacks of the Edgar Thomson plant is now in operation for the first time in years. Furnace C has been altered and repaired at a cost of almost $200,000. The old furnace, built in 1879, has been enlarged. This is the furnace which killed Capt. William R. Jones, general manager, and eight workmen in 1880.

WILMERDING PEOPLE'S LIVES WERE IN DANGER

Escaped from Burning Building With Few of Their Clothes. Small City Blazes.

Fire which broke out in a three-story brick structure in Bridge street, near Airbrake avenue, Wilmerding, shortly before 1 o'clock yesterday morning threatened the lives of those living on the upper floors. The building is owned by William A. Wanetick, who conducts a clothing store on the ground floor and shares the second floor with another family. Two families live on the third floor. The fire started from a gas jet in the rear of the clothing store. When the flames were discovered the whole building was filled with smoke.

The families were aroused and they managed to escape with difficulty, taking only what clothing they could snatch up in their flight. The first floor was completely gutted, but the rest of the building was only slightly damaged. The loss on the structure will be about $1,500. Wanetick's stock of clothing was ruined and on this the loss will be about $8,000.

A chimney blaze in a house at 1415 Adams street, Allegheny at 2:40 yesterday afternoon did no damage.

THREE WORKMEN DIED OF INJURIES RECEIVED

McKeesport Man Had Skull Fractured at Tube Works. Coroner's Cases.

Rocco Pugliese, aged 27, died at the West Penn hospital yesterday of injuries received at the Bellevernon coal mines, November 11, 1903, by a quantity of slate falling on him. The man's legs were crushed. One was amputated. The injured man seemed to have no desire for recovery, as he continually tore off his bandages and did everything to confront the efforts of the nurses and physicians.

John Katona, aged 32, died at the Mercy hospital yesterday. While at work in the Homestead steel works last Monday he fell into a pit 18 feet deep. His skull was fractured and he died from hemorrhages of the brain.

William Billingham, aged 36, of 413 Pearl street, died at the West Penn hospital yesterday of injuries received Wednesday by being struck on the head with a wrench. He was a structural iron worker, and was employed by the American Bridge Company.

Michael Shameak, aged 17, of Jerome street, McKeesport, was killed while at work yesterday in the National Tube works at that place by a bolt breaking on the machinery, fracturing his skull and killing him instantly.

Winnie Ashbaugh, the daughter of Thomas Ashbaugh of Brackenridge, died at her parents' home on Saturday evening. The girl was 22 years old and had been employed at Vandergrift for about two years. She returned home recently and told her parents she had consumption. Dr. Smith prescribed for her and in a written statement to the coroner, says she had weak lungs.

AGED TURNER DIED SUDDENLY

Charles L. Friedrichs of Allentown Succumbed to Attack of Heart Failure.

BUILT UP GERMAN SOCIETIES

Charles L. Friedrichs, with one exception the oldest Turner in the Pittsburgh Turn-Bezirk, died suddenly of heart failure about 7:30 o'clock last night at his home, 18 Knox avenue, Thirty-first ward. Mr. Friedrichs was in his 82d year, and is survived by his widow, Mrs. Anna Friedrichs, a stepson, Paul Caspar of Knoxville, and five grandchildren, who live in New Brighton.

Mr. Friedrichs was born in Germany in 1822, and came to the United States in 1848, settling at Beaver. A few years later he moved to Greentree borough, and 25 years ago he settled in Allentown, being one of the pioneer residents of that section of Pittsburgh. He acquired considerable property in that section of the city, and for a number of years had lived a retired life.

Friedrichs was greatly interested, ever since his youth, in the building up of the turnvereins and gesangvereins, and was instrumental in building up several of these societies. He was well known throughout the German fraternity. He assisted in the organization of the singing section of the Mt. Oliver turnverein, and for more than 15 years had been an active member of the Allentown turnverein. In 1884 he was granted a diploma of honor by the Allentown gesangverein. With the exception of Constantine Conrad of Mt. Washington Mr. Friedrichs was the oldest Turner in and about Pittsburgh.

The funeral will probably take place Wednesday afternoon from the German Evangelical Protestant church, Jane street, South Side, of which deceased was a member for many years. The flag at the Allentown turnverein will be half-masted today in his honor, and the society will turn out in a body to the funeral.

OFFICER WHOSE HOME WAS BURNED WAS GIVEN A PURSE

The officers reporting at No. 4 police station in Oakland last evening before going on duty presented Policeman George McKensie with a purse containing $100. Inspector Milton E. Bailey presented the purse on behalf of the officers and Officer McKensie was so pleased with this demonstration of good fellowship that he shook hands with every man in the night squad. Policeman McKensie lost his home at Frazier and Juliet streets, Oakland, and all his household goods by fire early last Wednesday morning. His loss amounted to over $5,000, and he carried no insurance.

Southside Child Is Missing.

Martin Lucas, 4 years old, of 1123 Mary Ann street, South Side, wandered away from home, hatless and coatless yesterday afternoon and up to a late hour last night had not been found.

JOSEPH HORNE CO.

Weather—Colder. Monday, February 22, 1904.

Half-Price Sales Are Always Enjoyable,

and for that very reason we like to have them as often as the laws of commerce will permit. They introduce snap and go to business that only abound when half prices are quoted. We haven't been in business fifty-five years to not know the magic of half prices.

The news of today's sales—in many cases for less than half price—is well lodged in your mind, no doubt. It is for the purpose of permitting everyone to study well what is on the boards for Monday that the news is given Saturday afternoon. We only refer this morning to one section of our previous news that of

$14.00 Japanese Mattings for $10.00 a Roll

With a prolonged war before Japan it is not likely that these same mattings can be bought any time this coming Spring and Summer for the first price of $14.00, and we are quite sure the $10.00 price will not obtain after this lot of matting is sold. Other incoming mattings are sure to command higher prices.

The mattings we offer you today at $10.00 a roll, worth $14.00, come to us in exclusive patterns, pretty monotone effects in greens, blues and reds, the designs being small and neat.

We will not sell any of these mattings quoted at $10.00 by the yard—only in rolls containing full 40 yards. As an accommodation, if you are not ready to have the mattings delivered, we will hold them free of charge and deliver in the Spring when you give the word.

Following is a budget of supplementary half price news which, when added to that already published, makes today in this store one of great importance to everyone who studies the science of economics.

Half Prices for Balance of Our Men's Black and Fancy Suits.

There are only 200 all told, and they are divided into stouts, regulars and longs, as given below. We make up a scale and the size refers to chest measure:

In suits for stout men there are: 1 suit of size 35—7 of size 36—4 of size 37—4 of size 38—1 of size 39—4 of size 42—12 of size 44—7 of size 46.

In suits for men of regular size there are: 3 of size 33—37 of size 34—35 of size 35—16 of size 36—9 of size 37—9 of size 38—6 of size 39—12 of size 40—24 of size 42—20 of size 44—5 of size 46.

In sizes for men of long, slender build there are: 3 of size 34—1 of size 35—one of size 40.

Thus you have the size range. Now, if you find in the range what you wear, you can come today and buy either a neat, fancy suit or a plain black suit for these half prices—

All the $15.00 Suits for $ 7.50 each.
All the $18.00 Suits for $ 9.00 each.
All the $20.00 Suits for $10.00 each.
All the $22.00 Suits for $11.00 each.
All the $25.00 Suits for $12.50 each.
All the $28.00 Suits for $14.00 each.
All the $30.00 Suits for $15.00 each.

And we may as well say here that what remain of the Overcoats at about similar prices will also be sold at the same half prices as quoted for the suits.

In the prices following we ask young men to note what a saving there is on suits purchased now. By the way, a very small percentage of young men take to Spring-weight overcoats; as a matter of fact most young men taboo any overcoat the moment the sun favors us with his engaging Spring smile. Now suits of the weight we will sell you for the half prices named are wearable up to the first of June, and this being a fact, it is the best kind of business policy to invest in a suit when you can buy something fine for half its worth. The sizes are for young fellows of 14 to 20—chest measure 30 to 36—which means that small men can easily be fitted from this lot:

Young Men's $10.00 Suits today for $ 5.00.
Young Men's $12.50 Suits for $6.25.
Young Men's $15.00 Suits today for $ 7.50.
Young Men's $18.00 Suits today for $ 9.00.
Young Men's $20.00 Suits today for $10.00.
Young Men's $22.00 Suits today for $11.00.
Young Men's $25.00 Suits today for $12.50.
Young Men's $28.00 Suits today for $14.00.
Young Men's $30.00 Suits today for $15.00.

"What to Do With Cold Meats."

This afternoon, in our Restaurant, Miss Haxworth will take up the above interesting subject and talk on the matter as only she knows how.

Half Prices for Mattresses and Bedsprings.

These mattresses are somewhat soiled, hence the half prices. Some of the ticks slightly damaged. Great value, nevertheless. A few odd springs that we want to close out.

2 Mattresses 3 ft. 5 in. wide by 6 ft. 4 in. long reduced from $9.00 to $4.50 each.
1 Mattress 3 ft. 6 in. wide by 6 ft. 4 in. long reduced from $7.50 to $3.75.
1 Mattress 4 ft. wide by 6 ft. 2 in. long reduced from $8.00 to $4.00.
1 Mattress 3 ft. 6 in. wide by 6 ft. 2 in. long reduced from $5.00 to $2.50.
1 Mattress 4 ft. 4 in. wide by 5 ft. 10 in. long reduced from $5.00 to $2.50.
1 Mattress 2 ft. 4 in. wide by 6 ft. 4 in. long reduced from $4.00 to $2.00.
1 Mattress 4 ft. wide by 5 ft. 6 in. long reduced from $4.75 to $2.38.
1 Bedspring 3 ft. wide by 6 ft. long reduced from $3.75 to $1.88.
1 Bedspring 4 ft. by 6 ft. reduced from $5.00 to $2.50.
1 Bedspring 4 ft. 6 in. by 6 ft. 3 in. reduced from $4.50 to $2.25.
1 Bedspring 3 ft. by 6 ft. reduced from $7.50 to $2.75.

Amusement for the Children—Toys for Half.

To the devoted parent joy for the little ones is cheap at any price. At the half prices quoted below the most unindulged child should have toys galore:

1 lot of Mechanical Toys, $1.00, $1.50, $2.50, $5.00 and $10.00 ones, for just half.
25c and 50c Bows and Arrows for half of those figures.
1 lot of Summer Games, 75c, $1.00 and $1.50 games—half of these prices.
Tricycles, $4.00, $5.00, $6.50, $7.50 and $10.00 grades—half of these prices.
Hobby Horses—$6.50, $7.50 and up to $15.00 values. Take any of them for half.
1 lot of Wagons—$4.50, $6.50, $7.50, $9.00 and $12.00 vehicles half of these prices.
A few Children's Couches, upholstered in velour, $3.00 and $5.00 values. Half for these today.
1 lot of kid body Dolls—50c, $1.00, $1.50, $2.50 and $3.00 ones for half of these prices.

Flannels and Flannelettes for Half

Today in the Basement, West Store, buy flannels, flannelettes and kimono cloths for just half the ordinary price.

15c Flannelettes, 36 inches wide, Persian and stripe designs, 7½c a yard.
65c French Flannels—the designs are polka dots and stripes—15c a yard. Very, very much less than half in this case.
30c Kimono Cloth, a delightful material for negligee garments, 15c a yard.

Today Umbrellas for Half.

Need an umbrella? Here are some real nice ones for just half of their actual value. Men's Virgoe, Middleton Co.'s (London) fine imported umbrellas with solid sticks and natural handles, $6.00 umbrellas today for $3.00 each.

Women's Umbrellas—choice of fancy pearl and gold, pearl and silver, ivory and silver handles. Tape edge taffeta cover. $6.00 umbrellas today for $2.50 each.

Bargains in Household Linens.

These do not come under the half price sale, but they are such splendid values that we couldn't resist telling you about them today.

The collection is made up of linens for the bed and linens for the table.

$1.00 per pair for hemstitched Linen Pillow cases. Size 22½x36.
$6.00 per pair for hemstitched Linen Sheets. Size 90x96.
$1.50 each for bleached damask Tablecloths. Size 2x2 yards. Our regular $2.00 value.
$2.25 each for Bleached Damask Cloths. Size 2x3 yards. Our regular $3.00 value.
$3.75 each for Bleached Damask Cloths. Size 2x2½ yards. Our regular $6.25 value.
85c dozen for Bleached Damask Napkins. Size 17x17 inches. Our regular $1.00 value.
$1.50 dozen for Bleached Damask Napkins. Size 20x20 inches. Our regular $1.50 value.
$2.50 dozen for Bleached Damask Napkins. Size 24x24 inches. Our regular $3.00 value.
$3.00 dozen for Bleached Damask Napkins. Size 26x26. Our regular $4.00 value.
25c each for hemstitched Huck Towels, 23x45. Regular 35c goods.

PENN, FIFTH, CECIL WAY.

Hamilton's Removal Sale

Means the Immediate Clearance of $260,000 Worth of

PIANOS

and All Kinds of Musical Merchandise.

From the great interest that the public is taking in our removal sale we shall have no pianos, organs, piano players, sheet music or musical merchandise of any kind to remove to our new home, Hamilton Hall, 531 and 533 Wood street.

Customers have been virtually "raiding" this stock. And it's little wonder, considering the unheard-of low prices. The prices were put low for this very purpose. We do not wish to take anything of our present stock into our new building. Everything will be new in the new home.

Naturally we are very much attached to the old quarters, where we have been located for 18 years, but it is not sentiment, but business, that prompts us to move into larger quarters. And it is business, not sentiment, which induces us to make great sacrifices in the removal of this stock by present methods—making the prices so low that the goods remove themselves.

New pianos are going at very remarkably low figures. Some uprights at cost and less. Prices for uprights begin at $88.

PIANOS.

Here's a hint of the character of bargains prevailing at Hamilton's Removal Sale, but you should write at once for list of ALL the bargains.

A $250 Kleber Upright Piano (used)....$ 88
A Fischer Upright Piano (used).....$120
A New Marshall & Co. Upright Piano (used).....$144
A $290 Stultz & Bauer Upright Piano (used).....$168
A $400 Weber Upright Piano (used).....$178
A $325 Bradbury Upright Piano (used).....$179
A $450 Fischer Upright Piano (used).....$185
A Willard Upright Piano (used).....$185
A $300 Hamilton Upright Piano (used).....$187
A $300 Plymouth Upright Piano (new).....$174
A $400 Crown Upright piano (used).....$200
A $325 Sample Heller & Co Upright Piano (new).....$205
A $325 New Jacob Doll Upright Piano for..$205
A $400 Wegman Upright Piano for.....$207.50
A New Barnes & Son Upright Piano for...$220

Many other splendid bargains in pianos, including such makes as A. B. Chase, Hamil-Tone, Schumann, Barnes & Son, Palmer, Knabe, Tiffany & Co., Hardman, Cable, Vough, and other pianos at prices beginning at $88—these are upright pianos, remember—some slightly used, shopworn, or such as have been rented.

BABY GRAND PIANOS AS LOW AS $360.

We offer some slightly used baby grand pianos as low as $360.

Organs.

New organs made by Clough & Warren, Estey, Hamilton and other companies at $38.50 and up. Any second-hand organ we have at $20, some less.

CORNETS.

Order by Number.

No. 141—Combination Cornet.
Combination Cornet, brass, key of C with B flat slide, can be used for all purposes, but especially adapted for church music; regular, $25. Sale Price, $13.50; or, by prepaid express, $14.00.

No. 142—Bb Cornet.
Bb Cornet, silver plated, Henry Pourcelle, Paris, B flat and A shanks and music holder; regular price, $20. Sale Price, $16.50; or, by prepaid express, $17.00.

No. 145—Concert Horn.
Concert Horn, brass, Pourcelle, key of C with crooks to B flat; regular, $30.00. Sale Price, $22.50; or, by prepaid express, $23.50. A splendid bargain.

No. 146—C. G. Conn Bb Cornet.
C. G. Conn Bb Cornet, silver plated, with gold inside bell, pearl piston buttons, engraved bell; Bb and A shanks and music lyre; shopworn, but in perfect condition; regular retail price $60.00, cost at factory, $42.50. Sale Price, $29.00; or, by prepaid express, $29.75.

Just a Few of the Great Savings in Piano Players.

Order by Number.

No. 68—$200 Maestro Piano Player.
Shopworn, in good condition, with 12 rolls music, $85, cash with order. Not offered on monthly payments.

No. 69—$250 Pianola.
Ebony case, used about four years, in fair condition, $100, cash with order. Not offered on payments.

No. 70—$350 Angelus Piano Player.
In rosewood case, one of the largest, finest styles. Six sets of orchestral reeds. In splendid condition. Taken in exchange for latest style. Removal Sale Price, $125. Not offered on monthly payments.

No. 71—$275 Angelus Piano Player.
In walnut case, four sets reeds. Used one year. Removal Sale Price, $150, cash with order. Or, $170, payable $35 cash with order, and $10 monthly. Price includes bench.

No. 72—$275 Angelus Piano Player.
Rich rosewood case, four sets of orchestral reeds. 1902 model. Removal Sale Price, $175, cash with order. Or, $200, payable $50 cash with order, balance $10 monthly. Price includes bench.

No. 73—$300 Angelus Orchestral Piano Player.
Five sets orchestral reeds, rosewood case, in perfect condition. Removal Sale Price, $185, cash with order. Or, $205, payable $50 cash with order balance $10 monthly. Price includes bench.

No. 74—$350 Angelus Orchestral Piano Player.
Fancy case, six sets orchestral reeds, rich mahogany case, special design. Removal Sale Price, $195, cash with order. Or, $220, payable $50 cash with order, balance $10 monthly. Bench included.

No. 75—$300 Angelus Orchestral Piano Player.
Latest model, mahogany case, shopworn, used for exhibition purposes, in perfect condition. Removal Sale Price, $225, cash with order. Or, $250, payable $50 cash with order, balance $10 month. Bench included.

MANDOLINS.

Order by Number.

No. 158—Eight Ribs.
Eight ribs, maple and walnut, celluloid guard plate, nickel plated tail piece; regular $3.00. Sale Price, $1.80; or, by prepaid express, $2.10.

No. 159—Eleven Ribs.
Eleven ribs, rosewood and maple, fancy inlaid guard plate, edge inlaid and bound with celluloid; regular $8.00. Sale Price, $4.25; or, by prepaid express, $4.75.

No. 160—Birdseye Maple.
Birdseye maple, dark brown and purple, eleven ribs, mahogany neck, ebony fingerboard, inlaid pearl position dots, colored wood inlaid around sound hole, nickel plated machine head; regular $12.00. Sale Price, $6.25; or, by prepaid express, $6.75.

No. 161—Birdseye Maple.
Birdseye maple, dark brown, thirteen ribs, with white holly inlaid between each rib, mahogany neck, inlaid around edge and bound with variegated cording, inlaid guard plate with fancy design, nickel plated covered machine head; regular $18.00. Sale Price, $9.50; or, by prepaid express, $10.00.

BANJO CASES.

Order by Number.

No. 126—Stiff Canvas.
Stiff canvas, leather bound, flannel lined, leather handle, slightly soiled; regular $1.00. Sale Price, 50c; by express, prepaid, $1.20.

No. 128—Embossed Leather.
Embossed leather, black or tan color; all sizes; regular $7.50 values. Sale Price, $3.75; by express, prepaid, $4.25.

GUITAR CASES.

No. 130—Stiff Canvas.
Stiff canvas, leather bound, flannel lined, leather handle, all sizes, slightly soiled; regular $2.00. Reduced to less than cost, 95c; by express, prepaid, $1.35.

No. 132—Fine Embossed Black Leather.
Fine embossed Black leather, leather bound and flannel lined; regular $9.00. Sale Price, $4.90; by express, prepaid, $5.40.

MUSIC BOXES.

Order by Number.

No. 98—Jacot & Son Cylinder Music Box.
Jacot & Son Cylinder Music Box with interchangeable 11 inch cylinder, coupled main springs and safety check (for fast or slow). Hand carved oak case with drawer to hold 3 cylinders, dimensions of case 30x14½x11 in. Regular price, $150. Sale Price, $75.50 cash.

No. 99—Jacot & Son Cylinder Music Box.
Playing 7½-inch interchangeable cylinders, moderator (for fast or slow), time indicator, tune skipper and safety check. Mahogany case with drawer to hold three cylinders. Regular price, $100. Sale Price, $42.50, cash with order.

No. 100—Regina Music Box.
41 steel tongues, tune sheets 8½ inches in diameter, dimensions, 12½x3½x7¾ inches, with 12 tunes; regular price, $20. Sale Price, $15, cash with order.

No. 101—Regina Music Boxes.
56 steel tongues, tune sheets 12¼ inches in diameter, dimensions, 16¾x15x10¾ inches, with 12 tunes; regular price, $42. Sale Price, $29.00, cash with order.

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Mahogany case, long running movement, 156 steel tongues, dimensions 22x19⅜x15¾, with 12 tunes; regular price, $80. Sale Price, $50, cash with order.

No. 105—Stella Music Box.
Style 40—40 steel tongues, spring motor, moderating device, tune sheets 9½ inches in diameter, perfectly smooth on both sides, oak case, dimensions 15½x8x11 inches, with 12 tunes; regular price, $30. Sale Price, $20, cash with order.

No. 107—Stella Music Box.
Style 160—two duplex combs, 150 steel tongues, smooth steel tune sheets, 15½ inches in diameter, oak case, dimensions 27x21x12¼ inches, with 12 tunes; regular price, $80. Sale Price, $51.50, cash with order.

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Two combs, tune sheets 15½ inches in diameter, oak case, beautifully carved, with 12 tunes; regular price, $80. Sale Price, $40.00, cash with order.

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Anyone unable to purchase a copy of The Pittsburgh Gazette on trains or at news stands will confer a favor by reporting the same to this office.

Monday, February 22, 1904.

Published testimony in the case against Korovick, one of the men accused of the murder of Contractor Ferguson in Washington county last summer, created some doubt whether he could be convicted. The jury which heard the entire evidence, however, did not hesitate, but promptly returned a verdict of guilty. The result will gratify the general public. The crime was novel and sensational. A failure to capture, identify and convict the perpetrators would have been disappointing, since it would have added to the list another means of assassination with reasonable chances for the escape of the perpetrators from justice. Crime by ordinary means goes too often unpunished, and it would be discouraging if crime by unusual means did not lead more surely to the gallows.

The position which State Treasurer Harris has taken with regard to the judges' salary act of 1903 may make it necessary to take the case into court to secure a decision as to whether the act applies to all judges or only to those commissioned after its enactment. We do not believe that the constitutional provision involved by the dispute was meant to apply to the judiciary, but by its terms it applies to "any public officer," so that it seems hard to get around. The courts have, however, acquired the habit of giving a common sense interpretation to constitutional provisions, and if it should be held that the reference intended is to administrative affairs, that will probably be a correct view of the case. State Treasurer Harris is, however, well within his rights in insisting upon having the point settled conclusively.

Col. Watterson has retired from the field as a candidate as delegate to the Democratic national convention, declaring that Bryan and Hearst have secured control of the situation and made Democratic defeat at the polls certain. Hearst's ambition has certainly accomplished a great change in Democratic sentiment in the south. Bryanism was dying when the Hearst elixir was administered, and it is now rapidly reviving. Probably a potent reason is the fact that the Bryan campaign stationed many Bryan men at important posts in the party machinery, and with Bryan out of it as a candidate they were looking for other connections when the Hearst boom arrived to confirm their allegiance to Bryanism with Hearst as its legatee, and also to finance their political activities. As an anti-Cleveland, anti-Bryan, anti-Hearst man, Col. Watterson found himself so lonesome that he quits.

Berlin is not merely a center of political and military culture, but a point from which startling scientific discoveries emanate. The latest is a cure for appendicitis in its preliminary stages and is simply the walking "on all fours" by the patient three times a day, 20 minutes each time. This discovery originated, of course, in the scientific determination that the appendix is a survival from a previous animal state, so its derangements require "a return to nature" for their cure. Among those who have tried the new "cure" is an extremely dignified diplomatist, resident in the German capital. His friends snicker whenever they try to imagine him taking the treatment, though most of them are willing to admit that the mere bending from his ordinary austerity ought to do him good. The new fad will hardly do any one harm, for Berlin science rarely sticks to any one discovery long enough for serious injury. Meantime science and diplomacy may both be benefited by locomotion "on all fours" and by forgetting for the moment the many things they know that are not true.

By the withdrawal of Gov. Myron T. Herrick and George B. Cox from the contest, Congressman Charles Dick is given practically a clear field for the succession to Marcus A. Hanna in the senatorship for Ohio. This is an agreeable solution of what promised to be a complicated struggle. It is said the wishes of Mrs. Hanna were a potent influence in deciding Gov. Herrick and Mr. Cox to not make a contest. Whether so or not, it is a happy avoidance of the possibility of a bitter contest among the dead statesman's friends. Gen. Dick is probably no better qualified for the duties of the position than the other aspirants for the honor, but at least Gov. Herrick will now be left in the high and responsible position to which he was recently called by an overwhelming majority of the people of Ohio. It is just possible the present harmony may be disturbed before the senatorial election by the appearance of a Foraker candidate, though there is little in the composition of the legislature to encourage such a movement among the friends of the brilliant Cincinnati leader.

The action of the Porto Rican federal assembly in demanding statehood or independence is not to be taken seriously. The assembly is acute in discovering grievances and prompt in petulant expression of them. The people of Porto Rico do not know when they are well off if they should seriously entertain the idea of relinquishing their present privileges. They get the benefit of all duties levied on Porto Rican products in our ports, with the privilege of abolishing those duties if they see fit. They do not have to contribute to the support of the national government and enjoy the benefits of its protection. We believe that if the people of Cuba, who do the work and carry on the business of the island, could be allowed to express their real choice, they would greatly prefer to be such a dependency as Porto Rico than retain their present political independence. Whatever be the desire of Porto Rico or any other outlying territory for admission as a state it should never be gratified. Mr. Whitelaw Reid did not overstate the case when he said the time would come when a man who would propose such a thing would be hunted from public life as a public enemy. The time will come when we will allow those island territories to manage their own affairs, but we will not allow them to manage our affairs, and send their Morgans to the senate to hold up legislation demanded by national interests.

England's Periodic War Scare.

At the present time England appears to be undergoing one of her periodic agitations over the possibility of foreign invasion. A little spark appears to have kindled the fire, the agitation being a sequel to the discussion provoked by Kaiser Wilhelm's remark that Blucher's arrival saved the British army from destruction at Waterloo. This has not only caused the battle to be fought over again in minute detail, but has incited an alarmist inquiry into the kaiser's motive. The natural explanation is that it was a casual indiscretion, made in the expansive mood of after-dinner speaking, but historic data have been collected showing that the kaiser's oratorical outbursts follow channels of serious thought, and hence that the remark indicated that a military contemplation of England's position and defensive resources has been going on.

This is an attenuated line of argument, but it has been strong enough to produce an active discussion of war prospects. The subject has been prominent, not only in the daily press, but also in the reviews, and has furnished a quick market for an elaborate work discussing the comparative strength of England and Germany, and the lines upon which a German invasion of England might be accomplished. The danger while remote is not chimerical, and the necessity for England to be constantly prepared can hardly be too strongly emphasized. There are indications that the matter has received consideration in all its phases from the British authorities.

The most important defense of England, now as always, is her fleet. A pretty strong argument might be made out in favor of England's adoption of Pudd'nhead Wilson's motto, "put all your eggs in one basket and watch that basket." But besides watching that basket other lines of defense are being provided. The construction of the Kiel canal, which enables Germany to effect a rapid transfer of her Baltic fleet to the North Sea through her own territory, has been offset by the erection of a naval base in the Firth of Forth, from which it is proposed to patrol the North Sea as closely as the channel between England and France. On the south coast, the British government is building at Dover a torpedo proof harbor which will be the largest artificial harbor in the world, constituting an impregnable naval base.

The fact has attracted attention in England that although the harbors in East Friesland are commercially unimportant and the adjacent country is sparsely populated, Germany has constructed an elaborate system of railways, giving easy access to the harbors and enabling large numbers of men and great quantities of war material to be rapidly brought to six or seven points of embarkation. Great Britain has 230 torpedo boats and torpedo boat destroyers, so that an invading fleet would have a big task in convoying transports, but even that contingency is being prepared for. A line of fortifications has been planned to extend thirty-six miles across the Surrey downs. To the north and to the northwest of the Surrey line, other lines of defenses have been planned, and these are to be further supported by the groups of forts and mines along the line of the Thames. It is stated that the plans for all these defenses are complete, to such an extent that the necessary orders for the movement of the troops are ready, and the incidental requisitions for civilian labor are written out in readiness for issue at a moment's notice. With all these preparations England ought to feel comfortably easy as regards the chances of an invasion.

Caleb Powers' Innocence.

The Gazette takes pleasure in announcing that it has received two contributions of $25 each for the Caleb Powers defense fund. This is evidence that two of the many citizens of Pittsburgh who believe in the innocence of Mr. Powers are willing to help him in the cause of justice. Doubtless there are others and The Gazette will be glad to receive and transmit their offerings.

Former Governor G. W. Atkinson of West Virginia is one of those who have investigated the case of Mr. Powers, and he declares: "I am as sure as that I am living that he is not guilty of the offense charged against him, and to allow him to be hung for a crime that he never committed simply to gratify a public, political, partisan clamor, will be a disgrace to the civilization of the times in which we live, and will leave a blot on Kentucky which time cannot erase." Mr. Atkinson also declares of Mr. Powers' address to the jury last August that "he made the greatest forensic argument in his own case that has ever been made in a criminal trial in our country."

Thus the former governor of West Virginia testifies to the innocence and the brilliant attainments of the young man—he is only 32 years old—who has been condemned by a partisan jury upon evidence obviously not to be trusted. The charge against Mr. Powers is conspiracy to murder William Goebel. His alleged co-conspirators have been acquitted, except one who was discharged in consideration for his giving testimony against Powers, and that testimony has been proven false and unreasonable. If justice is not dead in Kentucky, Caleb Powers will be retried and acquitted; if justice is dead there, it must be revived by an appeal to the supreme court of the United States, and for that money is needed.

Opposed to Rioting.

On the eve of the meeting of the national convention of the American Industrial association at Indianapolis, President D. M. Parry makes the important statement that the popular impression that the organization is opposed to all labor unions is incorrect. It is not opposed to labor unions, Mr. Parry says, but to leaders in the unions who stand for rioting in connection with strikes. This is a timely explanation. The impression had grown that Mr. Parry and his followers were antagonistic to any organization of labor.

Organization is an undoubted right of workingmen as long as the objects and methods of the organizations are within the laws of the country. But it is equally evident that no men or set of men have any right to violate the laws. Any man or number of men may quit their employment when it becomes distasteful to them, but they have no right to interfere with any other man or number of men who accept the employment they refuse. Organization is a good thing for labor, but rioting never won anything for it, except reprobation. The country has had many examples of beneficent union and not a few of the injury incident to violent methods.

Mr. Parry now makes it clear that the industrial association is not organized to combat labor unionism, but only its improper methods and its unwise leaders. On that platform it should have a wide sphere of influence. No good and thoughtful citizen has any sympathy with efforts of labor or capital to obtain advantage by violence. There is room for the instruction of the ignorant in what is right and what is wrong; what is legal and what illegal, for many are carried by bad counsel into ways that may lead to death or prison. Any effort directed toward the discouragement of rioting is commendable, but it must not be so directed as to include in its anathema beneficent organization for legitimate purposes.

No Peace Now.

A hope is expressed in London that if Russia shall have a few victories on land to offset the Japanese victories on the sea it may be possible to secure peace without fighting the war to final conclusions. That hope may do credit to the heart of its originator, but not to his head. Japan went into the war after careful calculation with the definite aim to check the Russian advance in Asia or perish in the attempt. It did this because convinced that inaction would mean its practical extinction, anyway. It is hardly likely to make a compromise.

Russia, on the other hand, is making its plans for a long campaign and a fight to a finish. It cannot afford the loss of prestige it has suffered unless it is compelled to stand the loss of everything. The announcement that the czar will take the field in the spring is significant of the Russian intent to go to the bitter end. Reverses may come to the Russian arms during the next month or two, but Russia has no thought of quitting until those reverses have been redeemed or until they become irredeemable. It is idle to talk about peace at this juncture. The powers may be of some use in offering friendly offices after some one has been thoroughly whipped.

An Ohio court has applied the injunction in a novel direction by ordering a wife to cook meals and make beds for her husband. We may now expect something like a real protest against government by injunction, for this is invading sacred precincts.

Baltimore is discussing the advisability of adopting a regulation limiting the height of buildings in the new town. Would it not be better and more progressive to limit the amount of wood to be used in the more modern tall structures?

Russia is said to be ready to strike at India if the occasion arises. But the question is whether it is more ready in that case than in the case of Japan.

It is announced that the czar will take command of the Russian army in the spring. He is no cold weather soldier and he does not need to be.

Rivermen who had hoped to lose Burton from the rivers and harbors committee will be disappointed to learn it is Dick in a walk.

Secretary Hay has done his best to keep the war from spreading, and if Europe persists in mixing in it will be no fault of his.

An old-time Democrat once declared he would rather be right than be president. Mr. Bryan would rather talk than be right.

Henry Watterson says Bryan and Hearst have won in Kentucky, and Marse Henry has taken to the woods.

Rudolph Blankenburg could not keep out when the war of signed statements began. He never could.

Dynamite murders are not likely to become very popular. The pursuit is too warm.

Japan and Russia are a little more rapid in their fighting than in their diplomacy.

It may be comforting to remember that genuine, balmy spring is approaching.

The Quiet Observer

ERASMUS WILSON.

"Who was the greatest man—?"
Up went a little hand as high as a short arm could raise it.
"You may answer," said the teacher.
"George Washington."
"What made him great?"
"He told the first lie, an' his pap didn't beat him for it, neither."

Who says this Allegheny boy isn't booked up on the story of George Washington's early life?

In spite of the fact that the boys in this school, and the girls, too, had been carefully coached and drilled for the usual anniversary exercises, this particular boy took the bit in his teeth, as it were, and told the story as he understood it, instead of following the text, which said he was first in war, first in peace, and first in the hearts of his countrymen.

These things didn't appeal to this boy because he couldn't grasp, much less comprehend their meaning. But he could understand what luck a boy would be playing in who got caught in a lie and didn't get a beating for it.

It is true he had things mixed up somewhat, which was probably due to the fact that he had put himself in George's place, or rather, that George's place was similar to his, and that the most natural thing to do under the circumstances would be to try to lie out of cutting the cherry tree, and "get the natural result would be a sound beating for lying, with a few extra licks thrown in for cutting the tree.

This boy had the right idea of it from a boy's viewpoint, and that is why he hadn't caught onto the story as told by his teacher, and couldn't see the moral pointed at the end.

Experience in somewhat similar cases had taught him that sentiment doesn't cut much ice when a boy nicks his father's razor, breaks the points off the scissors, or upsets a flower pot and scatters tulips and wet mold over the parlor carpet.

No doubt he can now go through the lesson all right, but he can't see any sense in it, and all because the statements therein are at variance with certain facts which he knows to be facts.

Anyhow, the boy who goes on his own hook is more apt to find his own place in life, and to find it sooner than the boy who depends upon others to find it for him. True, he is likely to get a good many tumbles and hard knocks, but if he survives he will be all the better for having had the experience.

* * * * *

It would be interesting, as well as instructive, to know what effect this George Washington story has had on the minds of the youth of this country.

Certainly no other story, or legend, is as popular and as universally known as this one, nor one that is more talked about by children. Naturally enough, if stories do exert influence on youthful minds, and help to shape character, this particular story must have exerted a marked influence in the past, with a prospect of indefinite continuance in the future.

Of all the various stories printed in school books this one seemed to have been a favorite with good and bad boys alike, and when once known it was never forgotten.

Being a good story its influence must have been good, with a tendency to develop the spirit of truth, without which no man can become useful, much less truly great.

No doubt many of you will recall the story and the pictures as they appeared in McGuffey's second reader, near the middle of the book.

* * * * *

There are various ways of celebrating Washington's birthday, but to the American boy none are more fitting and altogether satisfactory than feasting on cherry pie.

The modern boy enjoys a decided advantage over the old-time boy, in that he could have only dried cherry pie. While this was better than none, and answered the purpose quite well, it was not nearly up to the pie made from luscious canned cherries that look as bright and red on the labels as they did on the tree.

And then the canned fruit contains the seed, without which a cherry can hardly be counted a cherry. Although we do not eat them, nor swallow them, unless, perchance, they add greatly to the general effect. And yet it is a fact that the cherry gets its peculiar rich flavor from the seed, or rather from the kernel, which contains a dash of hydrocyanic or prussic acid.

Can it be that this deadliest of poisons fascinates the cherry pie fiend? They do say that deadly poisons, like other things most dangerous, have a peculiar charm or fascination for even the strongest. This is shown in the power of deadly drugs and liquors over the lives of some who are rated as good and strong.

* * * * *

Where man is there also will be found woman, lovely woman. And she will have an excuse for being there—some sort of an excuse, and usually a good one.

That she may figure in Washington birthday festivals she has inaugurated Martha Washington days. Of course, it doesn't matter whether it is Martha's birthday or not, since she was one with George, and like the true wife she was, she made his ways her ways, and his birthdays her birthdays.

History does not settle the point as to whether the good Martha baked cherry pies for the famous George or not, but the modern Martha Washington woman takes it for granted that she did. At least she holds that if she didn't she ought to have done so, since the pie-hold on a man is one of the strongest yet.

However, Martha Custis was no fool, as was shown when she encouraged the ardent but bashful young engineer, and, as has been averred, made the somewhat difficult matter of proposing an easy thing to do, which was altogether right and proper. Now it is the regular thing, and no one sees anything forward or bold in it.

In addition to putting powder on their faces the Martha Washington women put some on their hair, lay aside their pompadours and wear loose gowns on this particular occasion.

* * * * *

The Martha Washington woman and George Washington man will never die and be forgotten in this goodly land of ours, and for the little Georges and Marthas their number shall be legion, for they are the sort that develop into men and women of power, as well as of note.

Thus will the custom of holding cherry pie feasts on February 22 be continued through the ages, even unto the end. The Marthas shall bake them and the Georges shall eat them, and great comfort and good feeling shall follow, and all the world shall rejoice and be exceedingly glad.

And who shall say that the little hatchet has not been, and is not now, busy blazing the way that will lead boys into rich fields of usefulness, and even to the heights of fame and to very thrones of greatness.

And since it is not good for man to be alone, even in high places, and since there is a Martha for every George, we shall find the Martha Washington woman at her post of duty. While George is off fighting great battles, and winning great victories, both of war and of peace, Martha will be found at her knitting, rocking the cradle and baking cherry pies.

Let the good work go on: but be careful not to scorch the pies.

* * * * *

'Tis sad to miss a cherry pie feast on this particular occasion, but sadder still to have la grippe so badly that the best of cherry pie could not excite a pleasant and palatable sensation. Indeed, a fellow is pretty well outside the joys of life when he reaches this point, but the best of us may get there without contriving to do so, and get there all of a sudden.

These things come, maybe, to test the stuff of which we are made.

What tougher test than to be halted on the threshold with a cherry pie festival raging within?

And what reward too great for the patriot who became calm and really patient on such an occasion?

But this will not be the last Washington birthday, and the prospect for a goodly crop of cherries never was brighter.

"Some time, when all life's lessons have been learned,
And sun and stars for evermore have set,
The things which our weak judgment here has spurned—
The things o'er which we grieved with lashes wet—
Will flash before us out of life's dark night,
As stars shine most in deeper tints of blue;
And we shall see how all God's plans were right,
And how what seemed reproof was love most true."

Novel Attraction.

If the St. Louis people can establish the identity of that man with the ingrowing conscience, who has been refunding so much money anonymously of late, they may make a good thing by exhibiting him as a Skinker road attraction next summer.—Chicago Tribune.

Talked of in Gotham

GEORGE C. JENKS.

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Feb. 21.—Fashionable women of this city are plunging into literature with more eagerness than they have shown for years. It has always been something of a fad with them to write books, magazine articles or papers which may be read at club meetings, and usually their efforts are worth study. Mrs. George J. Gould, who, as Edith Kingdon, years ago, was known as one of the brightest professional women in this city, has taken her pen in hand to produce a magazine article entitled "Fashionable Life Versus Motherhood." The caption explains the character of the essay, and coming from a woman who has had every opportunity for the contemplation of the questions involved, the article could not but be instructive as well as interesting. One of the assertions Mrs. Gould makes in print is that "there is absolutely no reason why sharing in the pleasures of social life is incompatible with devotion in the domestic circle." This is the keynote of the article. It affords food for thought, and upsets many popular theories as to the impossibility of a fashionable woman paying close attention to the details of family duties. Much attention has been vouchsafed to Mrs. Gould's article, and it is the subject of general discussion among the large class which keeps its eyes on "society," and is delighted when it makes a new manifestation of any kind. Mrs. Gould is well-known by sight to many people in New York, for not only is she a frequent opera-goer, but she is often to be seen in the shopping district, looking through the stores with as much enjoyment of the occupation as any country visitor who sees New York for the first time.

Miss Eaton in New York.

Miss Sara Ormsby Eaton is spending a few days in New York city, the guest of Mrs. W. H. Scaich, Riverside drive.

That Homeric Struggle.

It seems as if the battle between Senator Platt and Gov. Odell for supremacy in the Republican party in this state may be interminable. Again and again it has been announced, semi-officially, that the feud had been healed. Then it would break out again, waxing fiercer than ever. It is said now that the final test of strength will come in the selection of a new state committee by the spring convention. Both sides are girding themselves for the fray, and it is to be a fight to the end. The peculiar feature of it is that neither the senator nor the governor will admit that there is any question at issue between them. But that is part of the great game of politics which everyone understands.

Hard to Squelch Brooklyn Woman.

When a woman of 87 years of age can survive being knocked down by a horse and wagon, and moreover retain enough energy to enter suit for damages with marked determination, it is evident that the human race is still not without examples of remarkable vitality. Miss Lavinia A. Teale is the name of the example in point. She was transferring from one street car to another in Brooklyn when the horse and wagon came along and hurt her severely. It is not strange that she has been incapacitated for active employment ever since. Before that unfortunate day she used to go about the city as unconcernedly as any woman of one-third her age. She has general sympathy, whether she is to win her suit or not.

Tammany Men Paralyzed.

Never since the present municipal administration took charge has there been greater excitement in Tammany ranks than has been caused by the announcement of 40 fat jobs remaining open, which will draw salaries from the city treasury ranging from $1,000 to $5,000 a year. In the midst of the excitement the mayor has gone to Lakewood, to remain until Tuesday. It is well known that hundreds of "workers" feel aggrieved because they have not been placed in salaried positions in the city's service, and this sudden discovery of a number of jobs in the gift of the mayor has given them a pleasurable shock almost paralyzing in its effect. The fact that, even if the 40 jobs should prove to be real, there are 20 men for each situation, does not disturb any of them individually. Each thinks he must be the favored one, and there are tumultuous times ahead for the mayor and his advisers.

Blow for Blow.

Brooklyn parents may enter into a controversy to prove that they are more powerful than the board of education. For some time there has been consideration of a suggestion that corporal punishment shall be established in the public schools, and the board are generally supposed to incline in its favor. Now the fathers and mothers say they will organize to thrash the teachers who thrash the children, and with the same implements. The Brooklyn Teachers' association have requested the board to legalize the beating of pupils, leaving the punishment to the discretion of the teachers. The possibility of a posse of strong-armed fathers taking hold of a teacher and giving him a belaboring exceeding in severity that which he may have bestowed on some boy in his charge is a new phase of the matter, and the board is considering it very seriously. Brooklyn is red-hot on the subject, and the chances are that the rod will remain in retirement, as it has for many years. The prevailing sentiment all over Greater New York is that a license to use physical force in the class room would be a return to obsolete barbarity.

"Parsifal" for Breakfast.

"Parsifal" matinees are coming into favor There will be another of these performances tomorrow, and it will be actually a matinee for it will began at 10:30 in the forenoon, so that it can be finished comfortably in time for everyone to take an early dinner. The only trouble about an entertainment beginning so early is that it is difficult for some of those participating, on either side of the footlights, to get up in time. New York goes to bed late and gets up late, as a rule, except when the daily avocation is too insistent for that kind of self-indulgence.

Postoffice Hopes Revived.

In the fog which has been raised by the postoffice scandals, the matter of a new postoffice building for Manhattan has been obscured of late. It has been breaking through the mist within the last few days, however, and there is a strong feeling of hopefulness, based on the statement by Senator Chauncey M. Depew to the Greater New York delegation in Washington on Friday that the situation looked hopeful. The senator said that a commission, consisting of the secretary of the treasury, the attorney general and the postmaster general, has recommended the making of an appropriation of $2,000,000 with which to purchase the Pennsylvania railroad site, and to lease a part of the New York Central's new structure for a branch office. This was what the New York delegation asked for when they went before the house committee on public buildings and grounds. There is decidedly a feeling here that the new postoffice will become a reality within a reasonable time—which means several years at best, however.

Pittsburghers in New York.

The following Pittsburghers registered at the New York hotels during the past 48 hours:

Waldorf-Astoria.
M. C. Miller,
Miss Miller,
W. Flinn,
Miss Flinn,
J. M. Stone, Jr.,
A. R. Flinn.

Holland.
Edward E. McCoy.
P. B. Richards,
A. A. Cahill,
C. A. Rowe,
J. Fred. Byers.

Gilsey.
E. S. Garey,
William Metcalf,
M. O. Herron.

Manhattan.
J. A. Wakefield.

Marlborough.
Charles J. Kahn,
Robert L. Read,
L. C. Cahill,
G. D. Kelly,
N. S. Fremlaris,
Mrs. Fremlaris.

Navarre.
Frank Zotte,
A. S. King,
H. Feuchtwanger.

New Amsterdam.
T. C. Fogerty,
Mrs. Fogerty.

Morton.
T. Mollaston.

Grand.
George D. Kelly.

Broadway Central.
Thomas Geary,
Lillie B. Walker,
James J. Walker,
Victor Richman,
C. E. Wrigley,
Miss Armstrong,
J. A. Levy,
David Gerlach.

Imperial.
F. M. Neurnhein,
Mrs. Neurnhein,
J. P. Robbins,
C. S. Sproull,
Emory Wood.

Aldine.
W. W. Feller,
Mrs. Fuller.

Burlington.
W. Emerson.

St. Denis.
S. E. Martin,
J. C. Gray,
Mrs. Gray.

Union Square.
J. M. Weiss,
R. S. Richard,
Mrs. Richard.

Fifth Avenue.
Dr. R. H. Boggs,
Mrs. Lina M. Hill,
C. J. Henderson,
Miss Alice G. Gregory,
F. W. Owesney.

Herald Square.
C. A. McCleary,
C. G. O'Brien.

The Nation's Capital

L. W. STRAYER.

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—Many people have from the first "viewed with alarm" the outbreak of hostilities between Russia and Japan not because of any probable direct result that may come from a war between these two countries, but from a fear that war once started in the far east will extend to other nations, and that in the end the peace of the world will be seriously disturbed. The most calamitous predictions have been made along these lines, even to the extent of prophesying that within a short time England and the United States will become involved. While these predictions are generally the imaginings of those pessimistically inclined, yet there is good ground for believing that other troubles will come before the Russo-Japanese war is settled and the indications point to the Balkan states as the scene of these troubles. Russia is the big policeman who has kept order on that beat for many years, and at present he is very busy in the east, which fact makes it an opportune time for some of the Balkan states, under the rule of the Turkish sovereign, to make a break for real independence.

Russia Cannot Interfere.

Russia has troubles of her own, which will reduce the possibility of interference on her part, and the other European powers, who under ordinary conditions might take a hand in any movement of this kind, are just now inclined to keep foot free and dodge any entangling diplomatic puzzles that might involve them.

That Turkey is expecting something of this kind and that she has made preparations to make such a contingency is corroborated by Chekib Bey, the Turkish minister to the United States. He does not believe the reports that there is a general spirit of unrest among the Turkish provinces or that they are preparing to make trouble for the Turkish government. He says he knows of no trouble in Roumania but he thinks if there is any trouble it will come from Bulgaria. This province, he admits, is ripe for rebellion, and the time for it is opportune. But he states that Turkey is prepared for any move the Bulgarians may make, having an army of 100,000 men on the frontier ready to invade the province if any revolutionary movement gains headway there. Trouble in the Balkans is a "scarecrow" in European politics used so often that it does not frighten many people now, but this time the eyes of Europe are watching closely for any developments. The fiercer the war between Russia and Japan grows the greater will be the possibilities for the revolutionary party in Bulgaria and possibly in other Balkan states.

Leishman Makes Fine Record.

In the event that the Turkish empire becomes torn up by internal dissensions, American interests will be well taken care of by our minister, who is John G. A. Leishman of Pittsburgh. Since being transferred from Switzerland to Constantinople, Mr. Leishman has made an excellent record, earning a reputation that has placed him in the front rank of American diplomats. His handling of the case of Ellen M. Stone, the American missionary, who was abducted by Bulgarian brigands and held for ransom, was a masterly piece of work and resulted in the release of Miss Stone. It was he who forced the sultan to settle for damages done to American mission houses during the Armenian massacres, which cases had dragged along for years before Mr. Leishman took them up. These and other achievements have made a reputation for Mr. Leishman and his work has been such that the officials of the Turkish government have learned that he is not to be put off or trifled with, but must be dealt with frankly and honestly. His is the direct and business-like brand of diplomacy of which John Hay is so able an exponent, and the Turkish officials have learned that he does no trifling.

Mr. Leishman had an experience with the Turkish government, which, in the volume of "Foreign Relations of the United States in 1902," is reported under the title "Friction Between the United States Minister and the Grand Vizier."

It seems that a new grand vizier had been appointed who did not entertain a very high opinion of the United States government or its representative. A number of matters which had been settled satisfactorily between Mr. Leishman and members of the sultan's cabinet were arbitrarily vetoed by the grand vizier, and the work of many months was reduced to naught. The American minister called upon the grand vizier several times to inquire why this action was taken, but each time he was denied an audience.

Asked Audience With Sultan.

After vainly striving to get some satisfaction from the sultan's prime minister, Mr. Leishman decided to go to the throne direct. He asked for an audience with the sultan. This radical move on his part had the desired result, for although Abdul Hamid avoided the interview, which would have been an unpleasant one, he sent his secretary to Mr. Leishman, begging him to overlook the discourtesy of the grand vizier, and at the same time giving assurance that the questions immediately at issue would all be settled, and that his imperial majesty had sent the most emphatic instructions to the grand vizier to receive Mr. Leishman at all times in a manner befitting the dignity of the representative of a great power. Thus the friction between the American minister and the grand vizier of Turkey was settled with the American on top.

The archives of the state department contain a number of other records of incidents which testify to the habit that Mr. Leishman has of successfully coping with the wily Turk. In July, 1901, the Rev. R. M. Cole of the American mission at Bitlis was refused the usual traveling passport by the local officials. The refusal to provide Mr. Cole with such permit was merely an attempt to annoy him, in return for the position he had taken during the Armenian massacres. He could not travel without such a permit and thus he was virtually a prisoner at Bitlis. The matter was referred to Minister Leishman, who went to the high officials of the empire and was assured that the necessary orders would be given to issue the desired passport. Then followed delays and the countermanding of orders with excuses, protestations, etc., which exhausted the patience of the American minister.

Warm Note to the Porte.

He then addressed a note to the sublime porte, reviewing the circumstances and concluding that "this appeared very much like an act of bad faith on the part of some of his imperial majesty's officials, which cannot be overlooked and as the government of the United States cannot permit any infringement of the rights guaranteed through the favored nation clause of rights and privileges granted other friendly powers, and not being willing to permit Mr. Cole being treated practically as a prisoner, I have today telegraphed Mr. Cole authorizing him to travel freely wherever his duty and personal interests may call him throughout the Turkish empire, and I hereby notify your excellency that I shall hold the imperial Ottoman government responsible for the personal safety of Mr. Cole and strictly accountable for any damage, annoyances or inconveniences which he may suffer."

Such incidents as these have demonstrated that Mr. Leishman is competent to handle whatever situations arise, and there is no likelihood of this government being involved in the political game of the east through any mistake of the United States minister.

IT IS TO SMILE.

How large and mighty is Japan
That people call it great?
No one can tell you, son, because
It's growing while you wait.
—Chicago News.

Barber—Does this razor go easy, sir?
Victim—Well, that depends on what you call the operation. If you're skinning me, it goes tolerably easy; but if you're shaving me, it goes hard; blamed hard!—Scraps.

Biggs—Are you fond of golf?
Griggs—Fond of it! Why, when I first began to play people asked me how I could find time to devote to it, and now they ask me how I can find time to devote to my business.—Town Topics.

Homer, having begged his way through six cities, started for the seventh.
"This is certainly hard luck," he said, munching a crust of dry bread as he trudged along, "but I reckon it's good enough for me. I never claimed to be able to write the kind of poetry Alf Austin does."—Chicago Tribune.

The Death Roll

Mrs. Sarah Curry Bryant.

Mrs. Sarah Curry Bryant, widow of James Mitchell Bryant, died Saturday at the home of her son-in-law, James E. Rial, near Venetia. Mrs. Bryant was aged 94 years and 3 months. She was a member of one of the oldest families in this part of the state. Mrs. Bryant was a daughter of Moses Curry, one of the pioneers of the Monongahela valley, and is the last of the family of seven children. A brother, John M. Curry of near Canonsburg, died a number of years ago, and her remaining brother, Moses L. Curry of McKeesport, died six years ago. Mrs. Bryant was a member of the United Presbyterian church for more than 80 years and was an untiring student of the Bible. During the last few years when reading became difficult, she found great comfort and pleasure in her quotations from the Bible. In 1826 she was married to James Mitchell Bryant, who died on January 1, 1880. Mr. and Mrs. Bryant first attended the United Presbyterian church at Peters Creek, driving eight miles to do so. The United Presbyterian church at Mt. Prospect was then organized and built, in which work Mr. Bryant materially assisted. Altogether he was a ruling elder in the United Presbyterian church for more than 40 years. Mrs. Bryant is survived by a son, Moore M. Bryant of Venetia, and a daughter, Mrs. J. E. Rial. William C. Bryant, a son, died 15 years ago. At the last Mrs. Bryant suffered a stroke. She lived for several days afterward, but on account of her great age she was unable to regain any strength and slept peacefully away. The funeral services will be held at 1 o'clock tomorrow afternoon. The interment will be in Peters Creek cemetery.

Mrs. Anna Hertzog Breining.

Mrs. Anna Hertzog Breining, aged 82, of Indianapolis, died yesterday morning of pneumonia at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Thomas A. Rush, 28 Beaver avenue, Emsworth, where she had been visiting since Christmas. She was born in Lucerne, Switzerland, and came to America early in life. She was for some time a teacher in the public schools of Baltimore. Later she was married to Frederick Breining, who died five years ago. Her grandfather was an officer in the Swiss papal guards and her mother was born in the vatican. She is survived by two daughters—Mrs. Rush of Emsworth and Mrs. Frank Hilldebrand of Indianapolis. The remains will be taken to Columbus, Ind., this evening for burial.

Mrs. Martha Jane Brown.

Mrs. Martha Jane Brown, for more than 50 years a resident of Pittsburgh, died late last night at the home of her daughter, Mrs. L. S. Brandon of Slipperyrock township, Lawrence county, where she had been visiting. She was born in Ireland 66 years ago, her maiden name being Miss Martha Welsh. Her husband, the late George Brown, died in Pittsburgh 29 years ago. Mrs. Brown was a member of the Ninth United Presbyterian church of Pittsburgh and leaves two sons and two daughters—James Brown of Glassport, Pa.; Mrs. Isabella Clark and Harry J. Brown of Norristown, Pa., and Mrs. Brandon, at whose home she died. The remains will be taken to Pittsburgh for burial at Hilldale cemetery.

The Rev. Henry Thomas.

The Rev. Henry Thomas, aged 76 years, a native of Llanddewy, Pembrokeshire, South Wales, for the past 13 years pastor of the Welsh Baptist church at Frostburg, died Saturday night. He was licensed to preach in 1850 in Newport, Monmouthshire, England, and was ordained four years later when pastor of Jerusalem church, Rhymney, Wales. He served several churches in England and Wales and coming to America in 1881, served four years at the Baptist church, Lansford, Pa.; one year at Freeland, Pa.; three years at Remsen, N. Y., coming from the latter place to Frostburg. His widow and four daughters survive.

Mrs. William A. McCaffrey.

Mrs. Mary A. McCaffrey, wife of William A. McCaffrey of D. M. McCaffrey & Sons Co., died at 4 o'clock yesterday morning at her home, 4513 Filmore street, Oakland. Prior to her marriage Mrs. McCaffrey was Miss Mary A. McKeever, a former teacher in the Hancock schools. She was well known in educational circles. She was a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James McKeever of Meyran avenue. She is survived by her husband and one child, Irene, aged 17 months, and by one brother, James McKeever, and two sisters, Miss Hanna McKeever and Mrs. E. J. Fagan. She was a member of the Roman Catholic Church of the Epiphany.

G. Bruce Harton.

G. Bruce Harton died suddenly of apoplexy Saturday at Atlantic City. He was the son of George M. Harton and was born in Pittsburgh in November, 1858. He was formerly vice president of the firm of Singer, Nimick & Co. and at the time of his death was a director of the Crucible Steel Company. Two sisters—Mrs. W. M. Orr and Mrs. William H

SHIPWRECKED MEN REACH NEW YORK

Captain and Crew of Twenty-One Had to Desert Their Vessel in Mid-Ocean.

AWFUL BATTLE WITH SEA

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Feb. 21.—The German Sloman line steamer Albano, Capt. Rudenhold, which arrived today from Hamburg, brought to port Capt. Parker and 21 shipwrecked men belonging to the British freight steamer Kentingern, which they abandoned at sea February 16 in a sinking condition.

The Albano left Hamburg on February 3 and experienced very stormy weather. On the morning of February 16 a steamer showing signals of distress was sighted. She proved to be the steamer Kentigern of Glasgow. The sea was breaking over her, and her captain signalled "Wish to abandon ship." A lifeboat was launched in charge of the chief officer, and with great difficulty Capt. Raymond Parker and nine men were rescued.

Meanwhile the Kentigern launched one of her boats with the remaining 12 members of her crew, who after a terrific battle with the waves were taken on board the Albano. Speaking of the sinking of his ship, Capt. Parker said today:

"We sailed from Portland on Sunday, February 7, bound for Limerick with a cargo of grain. On Tuesday, while running in a heavy sea, the steering gear became disabled, but was repaired. It was not strong enough, however, to withstand the violent gale of the following Saturday and it broke again. An effort was made to connect the hand gear, but owing to the darkness and terrific sea it could not be repaired, and on the morning of February 14 we discovered the hand steering gear broken to pieces, the wheel gone and a complete wreck.

"By Monday the gale had increased to a hurricane; the cabins were flooded and the ship was lying at an angle of 30 degrees. The rudder was adrift, moving from side to side violently, and it was impossible to get any lashing to hold it firm. The steamer Albano finally came in sight, and urgent signals were made to attract her attention. The Albano took all hands on board. The chief officer of the Kentigern had his arm broken and the chief steward had his legs bruised. The Kentigern was built at Glasgow in 1888 and was owned by Troops & Son."

CREW OF SCHOONER WERE FORCED TO LEAVE THE SHIP

BALTIMORE, Feb. 21.—The British steamship Quernmore, Capt. Richardson, from Liverpool, arrived at this port today, having on board Capt. W. E. Wyman and crew of six men off the schooner Josie of Weymouth, N. S., bound from Metegham river to Barbadoes. The Josie was found waterlogged in latitude 41.23 north, longitude 20.58 west.

MINERS ARE PREPARING TO LEAVE ELLSWORTH

Eviction Notices Have Been Served Upon the Strikers in Company Houses.

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, PA., Feb. 21.—The indications are that the general strike at the mines of James W. Ellsworth & Co. of Ellsworth, this county, will be one of long duration. During the last week the Ellsworth company posted a score or more of eviction notices on the houses occupied by families of the striking miners.

It was stated yesterday that until the weather moderates the miners and their families would not be compelled to leave the company houses. The cottages and other buildings owned by the Union Hollness association, which operates the Bentleyville camp meeting, are filled to overflowing with the families of men who left the company's property before the cold weather set in. Many of these people are preparing to leave for other towns where employment has been secured and a wholesale exodus from Ellsworth is expected in a short time.

It is said to be the intention of the Ellsworth company as soon as the strike agitation becomes less active to import non-union men. Not one of the four mines is now in operation, and in one or two of them the pumps are not at work. The damage wrought to the interior of the collieries by reason of the water flooding the workings is almost incalculable. Both sides are determined and there does not seem to be any immediate prospect of a settlement.

CAPITALISTS' POSITION IS DEFINED BY MR. PARRY

Says Manufacturers Are Not Opposing Unions, but the Wild Work of Leaders.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., Feb. 21.—The national convention of the Industrial Association of America will begin its sessions here tomorrow. Five hundred manufacturers and business men of the country are expected.

Speaking of the work of the convention, President D. M. Parry said:

"An effort will be made to evolve some kind of a scheme whereby a bureau of tabulated information may be kept in reference to men who are the fountain heads of riotous strikes. The public has the opinion that we are opposed to labor unions. This conclusion is highly erroneous. We are not opposed to unionism, but we do stand against some of their work."

IMPERIAL POTENTATE VISITING PITTSBURGH

Syria temple, Ancient Arabic Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, will have a big meeting today at its temple, Washington street and Webster avenue. George H. Green of Texas, the imperial potentate of the order, will be present, and as this will be the first visitation the head of the organization has made in Pittsburgh for many years, it is looked upon as of some importance. There will be a business meeting of the temple at 4 o'clock, followed by a supper at 6 o'clock. In the evening a ceremonial meeting will be held, at which a number of candidates will be initiated.

TISSOT'S PICTURES AT ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH

The Sunday evening Lenten services of St. Andrew's Episcopal church began last night in Christ church, Allegheny. The Rev. E. H. Young, assistant rector of St. Andrew's, delivered a lecture on the "Life of the Saviour," illustrating his address with the famous Tissot pictures. The new choir gave a program of fine music. J. Christopher Marks presided at the organ. The Lenten services will continue for six more Sunday evenings.

Rogers Bros. at the Nixon.

On Thursday morning the box office of the Nixon will open for the sale of tickets for the coming engagement of "The Rogers Brothers in London." In John J. McNally's latest vaudeville force the Rogers brothers do a thousand and one things which will be especially appreciated. The company numbers 110 persons and includes such favorites as Joseph Coyne, Lee Harrison, Melville Ellis, George Austin Moore, William J. Cale, James Cherry, Harry Brown, Lillian Coleman, Carrie Reynolds, Neven Aymar, Sue Stuart, Frances Tyson, Williams Forbes, Arthur Gibson and a chorus of 60 pretty girls.

ESCAPING GAS CAUSED DAMAGE

Two Persons Hurt and Three Fires Resulted from a Leaking Pipe.

WOMAN'S NARROW ESCAPE

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

NEW BRIGHTON, Feb. 21.—A leak in a high pressure gas main at Fifth street and Seventh avenue, this morning, caused three explosions, resulting in the partial wrecking of one house and serious injury to Miss Maria Miller. The explosions in the other two houses did little damage.

The leak had been known for a week, but on account of the frozen condition of the ground had not been reported by the Citizens Gas Company. Miss Miller lived with her sisters, Miss Jennie and Miss Clara, in part of a large double frame house. The other side was occupied by William Graham and family. Miss Miller arose at 7:30 and went to the kitchen and struck a match, when the explosion occurred.

The report was terrific and was heard all over town. Miss Miller was knocked to the floor. Her clothing took fire but with presence of mind she rushed to the yard and rolling in the snow extinguished the flames. She is badly burned about the face and arms, and may have inhaled the flames.

The back of the house was blown out, partitions knocked down and one side loosened. Fire broke out in the cellar and the volunteer department was called. The other occupants escaped injury. Graham had smelled gas and opened his windows 15 minutes earlier.

An hour later George Rodgers, living across the street went to his cellar to see if the gas had accumulated there. When he opened the door the gas rushed into the kitchen, ignited from a grate and set the whole interior of the room afire. It was extinguished with little damage.

Lawrence Shuster, living across Seventh avenue from the Miller house, had opened his cellar windows and was thawing a water pipe with a torch, when gas collected behind the cellar wall ignited through a crevice. He was knocked down and his hand burned.

PAPERS ARE CERTIFIED.

List of Lawrence County Candidates Who Qualified for March Primaries.

NEW CASTLE, Feb. 21.—(Special.)—The last day for Republican candidates to file nominations for the Republican primaries of Saturday, March 19, has passed and Secretary George Weingartner of the Republican county committee has just certified to the following:

Congress, Ernest F. Acheson; state senate, Lawrence and Mercer district, Elmer L. Phillips and Worthington H. Grigsby; state assembly, Walter S. Reynolds, George Weingartner, Robert F. Pomeroy; delegates to Republican national convention, Senator M. G. Quay and George W. Johnson of New Castle; delegates to Republican state convention, William D. Walton, Lon Douglass and Chester O. Morrew; common pleas judge, William D. Wallace, Malcolm McConnell; register and recorder, A. C. Hyde; coroner, Dr. J. R. Coz, Edward O'Brien; county surveyor, John W. Dinsmore.

The fight for control of the Republican county committee will be exceptionally warm.

"Miss Bob White" Coming.

Among the notable members of the "Miss Bob White" company, which will be seen at the Alvin theater next week is Miss Alice Dovey, a Nebraska girl, who sings in the role of "Goldenrod" in Willard Spenser's pretty opera. Miss Dovey is a petite singer, but possesses a rich soprano voice and magnetism and vivacity that would distinguish a statuesque member of a Gainsborough sextet.

Gold in Gullet of a Duck.

YORK, PA., Feb. 21.—(Special.)—In the gullet of a duck which was killed on his farm near Spring Grove, this county, William Ness found nine gold nuggets of about the size of buckshot. Ness is convinced that there is gold on his land.

DEATHS.

ARCHER—On Saturday, February 20, 1904, at 1 p. m., at the family residence, at Donora, Pa., THOMAS C. ARCHER, JR., son of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas C. Archer (nee Coyle), in his 10th year.

Funeral services at St. Brendan's church, Braddock, Tuesday morning, at 9 o'clock. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

BOGGS—At Presbyterian hospital, Allegheny, on Friday morning, February 19, 1904, of typhoid fever, FRANK L. BOGGS.

Funeral services at the residence of his father, D. P. Boggs, Harmony, Pa., this afternoon at 3 o'clock.

BUXTON—On Saturday, February 21, 1904, at 11:20 a. m., MRS. JANE BUXTON, widow of Friend Buxton, in her 86th year.

Funeral Tuesday at 11 a. m. Interment at Glade Run cemetery, Butler county, Pa.

GLOVER—On Sunday, February 21, 1904, at 6 a. m., BARBARA, wife of Daniel H. Glover, aged 40 years.

Funeral on Tuesday, February 23, from the residence of her mother, Mrs. Caroline Schmidbauer, No. 9 Henan street, at 8:30. Requiem high mass at Holy Trinity church at 9:45 a. m. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

HARTON—Suddenly, at Atlantic City, N. J., on Saturday, February 20, 1904, G. BRUCE HARTON.

Funeral services at Trinity Episcopal church, Sixth avenue, today at 2 p. m. Interment private.

LORD—On Sunday, February 21, 1904, after a prolonged illness of Bright's disease, MRS. FRANK LORD, in her 32d year. She is survived by a husband and one child.

MARTIN—On Saturday, February 20, 1904, at 2:30 a. m., at the family home, 750 Portrest street, Avalon, Pa., ROBERT M. MARTIN, aged 67 years.

Funeral services at his late residence on Monday evening February 22, 1904, at 8 o'clock. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend. Interment private. Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock.

(Cincinnati and Chicago papers please copy.)

MCAFFREY—On Sunday morning, February 21, 1904, at 9 o'clock, MARY A. McKEEVER, wife of William A. McCaffrey.

Funeral from the family residence, 4513 Filmore street, Fourteenth, ward, on Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock. Services at the Church of the Epiphany, Washington street, at 11. Interment private.

PARK—On Sunday February 21, 1904, at 4 p. m., at his residence, 48 North Main street, Sharpsburg, FRANCIS PARK, SR., in his 61st year.

Funeral services at the First English Lutheran church, Wednesday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. Interment private. Please omit flowers.

REED—At Monroe, Ia., Friday morning, February 19, 1904, MATILDA REED, aged 72 years, mother of Mrs. Marshall Johnston, Esq.

Funeral services at the residence of her son-in-law, Marshall Johnston, Esq., corner Thomas and Orchard streets, Bellevue, on Tuesday afternoon at 1 o'clock. Interment private.

ROWLANDS—On Friday, February 19, 1904, at 12:00 o'clock noon, after a brief illness, LEWIS STAMM, youngest son of James and Agnes Rowlands, aged 10 years, 11 months, 9 days.

Funeral from the family residence, No. 1218 Juniata street, Allegheny, Pa., on Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

SEIDEL—On Friday, February 19, 1904, at 10:20 p. m., at the family residence, 307 Western avenue, Allegheny, CARRIE L. SEIDEL (nee Braun), daughter of the late Dr. Frederick and Catherine Braun.

Funeral services on Monday, February 22, at 2:30 o'clock. Interment private later.

FLORAL EMBLEMS.

A. M. MURDOCH,

Court 2222. 250 Fifth Avenue.

99 44/100 Pure Banner Baking Powder

Always the best.

Always Remember the Full Name Laxative Bromo Quinine

Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 3 Days

E. W. Grove on every box. 25c

MRS. A. Z. SMITH, AVALON, WINNER THIS IDEA AND DESIGN.

PICKERING'S

YOU read the cause in the Sunday papers. Here is the effect. We were the lucky purchasers of forty thousand dollars' worth of new spring goods that was ordered by a Baltimore firm and could not be delivered on account of the fire destroying their house. We paid 60c on the dollar—we add 12 per cent and let the lot go at 72c on the dollar, an actual saving to you of 28%. Please remember that these prices hold good as long as the Baltimore stock lasts and after this bargain lot is gone we will then quote our regular prices.

NEW SPRING GOODS

at 28% Less Than They Can Be Bought for Next Month.

EXTENSION TABLES.

$30 Extension Tables, Price	$ 21.60
$22 Extension Table, Price	15.84

ROCKERS.

$6 Rocker, Price	$ 4.32
$10 Rocker, Price	7.20
$4.50 Rocker, Price	3.24
$65 Leather Rocker, Price	46.80
$30 Im. Leather Rocker, Price	21.60
$12 Im. Leather Rocker, Price	9.64

PARLOR SUITS.

$300 Leather Suit, 5 pieces; Price	$216.00
$250 Parlor Suit, 5 pieces; Price	180.00
$200 Parlor Suit, 5 pieces; Price	144.00
$185 Parlor Suit, 3 pieces; Price	132.20
$250 Parlor Suit, 3 pieces; Price	108.00
$145 Parlor Suit, 5 pieces; Price	104.00
$100 Parlor Suit, 5 pieces; Price	72.00
$ 75 Parlor Suit, 3 pieces; Price	54.00

And a lot of 3 and 5-piece Suits ranging from $12.50 to $50.00 that represent a saving of from $3.00 to $14.00 on each.

SIDEBOARDS.

$150 Sideboard, Price	$108.00
$125 Sideboard, Price	86.40
$ 90 Sideboard, Price	64.80
$ 65 Sideboard, Price	46.80
$ 48 Sideboard, Price	34.10
$ 42 Sideboard, Price	30.24
$ 35 Sideboard, Price	25.20
$ 30 Sideboard, Price	21.60

DAVENPORTS.

$ 65 Davenport, Price	$ 46.80
$ 45 Davenport, Price	32.40
$ 35 Davenport, Price	25.20

CHAMBER SUITS.

$ 85 Mahogany Suit, Price	61.20
$ 60 Mahogany Suit, Price	43.20
$195 Swell Front Oak Suit, Price	170.40
$185 Oak Suits, Price	133.20
$110 Maple Suit, Price	73.20
$ 65 Brass Beds, Price	46.80
$ 22 Brass and Iron Beds, Price	15.84
$ 12 Odd Beds, Price	8.64
$7.50 Odd Beds, Price	5.40

CHIFFONIERS.

$22.50 Chiffonier, Price	$16.20
$12.00 Chiffonier, Price	8.64

DRESSING TABLES.

$ 7.00 Dressing Tables, Price	$ 5.04
$17.50 Dressing Table, Price	12.60
$52.00 Dressing Table, Price	37.44
$18.50 Odd Dresser, Price	13.32

COUCHES.

$75 Leather Couches, Price	$54.00
$50 Leather Couch, Price	36.00
$25 Imitation Leather Couch, Price	18.00
$15 Velour Couch, Price	10.80
$55 Davenport, Price	39.60

PARLOR STANDS.

$4.50 Parlor Stand, Price	$ 3.24
$3.75 Parlor Stand, Price	2.70
$7.50 Parlor Stand, Price	5.40

WARDROBES.

$42.00 Wardrobe, Price	$30.20
$27.50 Wardrobe, Price	19.80
$20.00 Wardrobe, Price	14.40

Your Credit Is Good — 10th & Penn — If You Live Out of Town You Will Save Car Fare Ten Times Over —COME SURE.

Strong and Aggressive

in management, considerate of customers' needs, we solicit your bank account.

OFFICERS:

A. W. HERRON, President. FRANCIS J. TORRANCE, } Vice Presidents.
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C. D. BEVINGTON, Secretary. H. W. MITCHELL, } Vice Presidents.

2% ON DAILY BALANCES. 4% ON SAVINGS DEPOSITS.

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NORTH AMERICAN SAVINGS CO.

FOURTH AVE. AND MARKET ST.

35 TABLETS HILL'S FOR 25 CENTS

CASCARA BROMIDE QUININE

CURES COLDS IN 24 HOURS. CURES LA GRIPPE IN 3 DAYS.

CASCARA IS THE BEST TONIC LAXATIVE KNOWN

THESE TABLETS DO NOT CONTAIN ANY OPIATE

M'F'D. ONLY BY THE W. H. HILL CO. DETROIT, MICH.

HILL'S C. B. Q. TABLETS are always in RED BOX with white letters. None genuine without Mr. Hill's portrait, as above, and this signature

BUSINESS DULL? USE GAZETTE WANT ADS. RESULTS SURE

It's easy to haul a big load up a big hill if you grease the wagon wheels with

STANDARD Axle Grease

Get a box and learn why it's the best grease ever put on an axle. Sold everywhere. Made by STANDARD OIL CO.

Office Outfitters.

BAKER OFFICE FURNITURE CO.

315-317 Liberty Ave.

RAILROADS.

Pittsburgh Union Station.

Pennsylvania Lines.

By Central Standard Time.

TRAINS.	LEAVE.	ARRIVE.
Chicago, Cincinnati and St. Louis	* 1.10 am	* 6.45 pm
Chicago, Cleveland and Toledo	* 2.15 am	* 8.20 am
Indianapolis, Louisville, St. Louis	* 4.50 am	* 8.20 am
Columbus and Cincinnati	* 4.50 am	* 10.15 pm
Cleveland and Bellaire	* 8.00 am	* 7.55 pm
Wellsville and Bellaire	8.00 am	† 6.35 pm
Alliance and Cleveland	* 8.00 am	* 6.35 pm
Alliance and Crestline	* 8.15 am	* 6.50 pm
Salem and Alliance	* 8.00 am	* 6.55 pm
Jamestown and Youngstown	* 8.30 am	* 4.50 pm
Jamestown and New Castle	* 8.30 am	* 5.50 pm
Ohio Valley Express	* 8.45 am	* 8.20 pm
Fort Wayne and Chicago	* 9.00 am	* 6.00 pm
Tiffin and Toledo	* 9.00 am	* 5.50 pm
Wellsville and Bellaire	* 9.30 am	* 4.55 pm
The Forest City Special	* 11.00 am	* 7.40 pm
Columbus and Cincinnati	* 8.00 am	* 5.40 pm
Columbus and Indianapolis	* 8.00 am	* 8.15 pm
Mercer and Oil City	* 8.40 am	* 11.50 pm
New Castle and Erie	* 8.00 am	* 4.50 pm
Erie, Youngstown and Ashtabula	* 8.00 am	* 10.25 pm
Erie Special	* 11.00 am	* 7.35 pm
Columbus and Chicago	* 12.25 pm	* 9.00 pm
Youngstown and Jamestown	* 12.35 pm	* 8.20 am
New Castle and Ashtabula	* 12.25 pm	* 8.50 pm
Cleveland and Bellaire	* 1.55 pm	* 7.55 pm
Alliance and Mansfield	* 1.55 pm	* 1.10 pm
New Castle and Erie	* 4.35 pm	* 10.50 am
Youngstown and Niles	* 4.30 pm	* 8.50 pm
Mercer and Oil City	* 4.30 pm	* 8.30 pm
Wellsville and Bellaire	* 4.40 pm	* 1.55 am
Lisbon Special	* 5.50 pm	* 11.30 am
Wellsville and Bellaire	* 5.40 pm	* 10.05 am
New Castle and Jamestown	* 5.25 pm	* 9.05 am
The Chicago Special	* 5.50 pm	* 7.45 am
Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Louisville	* 6.15 pm	* 6.50 am
Columbus and Cincinnati	* 8.10 pm	* 6.50 am
The St. Louis Limited	* 8.10 pm	* 6.00 am
Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Louisville	* 8.10 pm	* 6.50 am
The Pennsylvania Limited	* 8.15 pm	* 6.30 am
Toledo and Detroit	* 8.50 pm	* 7.35 am
Westville and New Castle	* 10.40 pm	* 6.50 am
Alliance and Cleveland	* 11.00 pm	* 8.40 am

Leave for Washington, Pa., *6.00 am, 12.40 am, 10.30 am, 12.40 pm, *3.30 pm, *5.10 pm, *6.15 pm, 11.55 pm, *6.25 pm, *10.30 pm.

Leave for Wheeling, *6.45 am, *3.20 am, *11.50 am, 12.30 pm, *6.15 pm.

Leave for Steubenville, *6.40 am, *8.25 am, 12.30 pm, *4.22 pm, *10.55 pm, 11.55 am.

Leave for Beaver, *6.40 am, *8.30 pm.

Leave Allegheny for Salem and Alliance, *2.05 pm.

*Every day. †Week days only. ‡Sundays only.

Time tables, tickets and sleeping car space may be obtained at 360 Fifth Avenue, corner Smithfield street; at Union station, Pittsburgh, and at Fort Wayne station, Allegheny.

G. D. BECK, General Manager. E. A. FORD, General Pass'r Agt.

PITTSBURGH & LAKE ERIE R. R.

CLEVELAND SHORT LINE.

Schedule in effect Nov. 22, 1903.

CENTRAL TIME.	Depart.	Arrive.
Chicago & Cleve. "Flyer"	† 7.30 am	* 3.45 pm
Cleveland "Flyer"	† 7.30 am	* 6.30 pm
Youngst'n and Cleve. Mail	† 3.25 pm	† 5.30 pm
Buffalo and Erie Express	† 3.25 am	† 7.15 pm
Lake Chaut'qua Fast Line	*12.50 pm	* 6.30 pm
Buffalo and Erie Express	† 5.00 pm	* 9.45 pm
Cleveland and Chicago Ex.	* 2.50 pm	*12.50 pm
Beaver Special	† 5.00 pm	* 6.35 am
Clev. and Detroit "Flyer"	* 6.00 pm	*11.15 am
Chicago Limited	* 6.00 pm	* 6.35 am
Buffalo and Cleveland Ex.	*10.30 pm	* 6.00 am
Youngstown Accom.	† 5.20 am	* 9.00 am
Beaver Falls Accom.	† 6.40 am	† 5.35 pm
Beaver Falls Accom.	† 9.00 am	† 9.50 am
West Pittsburgh Accom.	*11.30 pm	† 4.15 pm
Beaver Falls Accom.	† 3.30 pm	*12.30 pm
New Castle Express	† 4.20 pm	† 7.20 am
Beaver Valley Express	† 5.55 pm	† 9.50 am
Brownsville Accom.	† 6.10 am	† 6.45 am
Brownsville & N. Geo. ex.	* 8.40 am	* 9.30 am
McKeesport & Monongahela	*11.50 am	*12.45 pm
Brownsville & N. Haven	† 3.30 pm	† 4.00 pm
Brownsville & N. Haven	† 5.20 pm	† 5.45 pm

P., C. & Y. trains for Carnegie, Beadling and Beechmont, 10:30 a. m., *10:15 a. m.

*Daily. †Except Monday. ‡Sunday only. §Except Sunday. ¶Daily, except Saturday. **Saturday only. ††Daily, except Sunday. ‡‡Sunday only.

J. R. YORK, Gen. Supt. L. A. ROBISON, Gen. Pass. Agent. Pittsburgh, Pa.

BESSEMER & LAKE ERIE R. R.

Schedule in effect September 13, 1903. Trains leave B. & O. depot, Allegheny (Eastern Standard time), for Conneaut, O., Erie, Girard, Meadville and Conneaut Lake at 8:15 a. m. and 1:15 p. m.; for Greenville, Mercer, Grove City and Kreider at 8:15 a. m., 1:15 and 3:00 p. m. All trains daily, except Sunday. E. D. COMSTOCK, G. P. A., Pittsburgh, Pa.

RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

Trains leave on Eastern Standard Time.

From Union Station, Pittsburgh.

FOR PHILADELPHIA, NEW YORK, BALTIMORE AND WASHINGTON.

Atlantic Express, daily 3:00 a. m.
Manhattan Limited, daily for Philadelphia and New York 3:35 a. m.
Pennsylvania Limited, daily 7:15 a. m.
New York Limited, daily 7:15 a. m.
Day Express, daily 7:30 a. m.
Main Line Express, daily 8:00 a. m.
Philadelphia and New York Express, daily 12:01 p. m.
Harrisburg Mail, daily 12:45 p. m.
Harrisburg Express, daily 4:50 p. m.
Philadelphia Express, daily 4:55 p. m.
Eastern Express, daily 7:10 p. m.
Fast Line, daily 9:00 p. m.
New York Special, daily, for New York only 10:00 p. m.
Philadelphia Special, daily. Sleeping cars to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington. No coaches 10:00 p. m.

For Buffalo and Niagara Falls, 9:00 a. m. and 11:30 p. m. daily.

For Oil City, 6:15, 9:00 a. m., 1:30, 5:05 and 11:00 p. m. week-days. Sundays, 9:00 a. m., 5:05 and 11:00 p. m.

For Titusville and Corry, 6:15, 9:00 a. m. and 11:00 p. m. week-days. Sundays, 9:00 a. m. and 11:00 p. m. For Titusville only, 1:30 p. m. week-days.

For Atlantic City (via Delaware River Bridge, Capital route), 3:00 a. m. and 9:00 p. m. daily. "Pennsylvania Limited" and "New York Limited," 7:15 a. m. week-days.

For Connellsville and Uniontown, 5:00, 8:25 a. m., 12:35 and 3:05 p. m. week-days, and 4:35 p. m. Sundays.

For Brownsville and Uniontown, 10:35 a. m. and 4:30 p. m. week-days. For Brownsville only, 6:05, 8:20 a. m., 1:05, 5:35, 6:40 and 11:35 p. m. week-days; 7:00, 9:35 a. m. and 1:05, 5:00 and 9:40 p. m. Sundays. For Dravosburg, West Elizabeth, Monongahela City and Belle Vernon, 6:05, 8:20, 10:35 a. m., 1:05, 3:25, 4:30 (5:25 Monongahela City), 6:40 and 11:35 p. m. week-days. Sundays, 7:00, 9:35 a. m., 1:05, 5:00 and 9:40 p. m.

FROM ALLEGHENY CITY.

For Butler, 6:30, 9:00, 10:00 a. m., 3:00, 5:10 and 8:50 p. m. week-days. Sundays, 7:05 a. m., 9:33 p. m.

The Excelsior Baggage Express Company will call for and check baggage from hotels and residences. Time cards and full information can be obtained at the Ticket Offices, No. 355 Fifth avenue, corner Fourth avenue and Try street and Union station.

W. W. ATTERBURY, Gen'l Manager. J. R. WOOD, Pass'r Traf. Mgr. GEO. W. BOYD, General Passenger Agent.

BALTIMORE & OHIO RAILROAD.

(Eastern Standard Time.)

Leaves Station, Smithfield and Water Sts.

LINES EAST.	Depart.	Arrive.
Cumberland Accom.	* 6.30 am	* 2.25 pm
Connellsv. & Mt. Pleas.	† 6.30 am	† 9.15 am
Wash., Balt. & New York	* 8.00 am	† 7.45 pm
Connsv., Un'n & Fairm't	* 8.00 am	* 7.45 pm
Cumb., Wash. & Balt.	* 9.15 am	* 2.45 pm
West Newton Accom.	† 9.15 am	† 8.00 am
Connsv., Un'n, Morgant'n	† 1.30 pm	†10.00 am
Connellsv. & Mt. Pleas't.	† 1.30 pm	† 3.45 pm
Connellsville Accom.	† 4.00 pm	† 8.05 pm
Morgant'n, Clarksburg and Weston	† 5.00 pm	†12.30 pm
Philadelphia and New York Duquesne Limited	* 6.00 pm	* 9.15 am
West Newton Accom.	† 6.40 pm	† 1.30 pm
Wash., Balt. & Phila.	* 9.00 pm	* 7.00 am

LINES WEST VIA WHEELING.		
Wash. (Pa.) & Wheel. Ex.	* 2.05 pm	*12.35 am
Ohio, Parkersburg & St. L. Exp.	* 8.30 am	* 7.45 am
Wheel., Zanesv. & Col. Ac.	† 1.05 pm	* 4.05 pm
Wash. (Pa.) & Wheeling	* 4.30 pm	* 6.30 pm
Wash. (Pa.) & Wheeling	* 5.40 pm	* 8.45 am
Col., Cin. & St. L. Exp.	* 8.50 pm	* 7.35 pm

LINES WEST VIA AKRON.		
Cleve., Akron & Youngst.	* 7.00 am	* 8.15 pm
Chicago & Cleveland	* 2.05 pm	*12.35 pm
Chicago Limited	* 8.00 pm	* 7.40 am

Leave P. & W. Station, Allegheny:

Butler	* 7.30 am	† 7.55 am
Butler, Foxburg	† 8.15 am	† 5.10 pm
Butler, Greenville, Erie	* 8.15 am	† 5.35 pm
Butler, Greenville, Erie	*10.45 am	* 9.40 pm
Butler, Greenville, Erie	† 1.15 pm	† 1.00 pm
Ellwood City	† 1.15 pm	† 6.30 am
Butler, Clarion, Greenville	† 5.00 pm	†10.25 am
Butler, Ellwood, N. Castle	† 5.30 pm	* 9.40 am
Butler	* 6.15 pm	† 5.10 pm
Ellwood and New Castle	† 9.45 pm	* 9.40 am
Butler	* 9.45 pm	† 7.30 pm

*Daily. †Daily, except Sunday. ‡Sunday only.

There's Merit in THE PITTSBURGH BREWING CO.'S BEER—ALE—PORTER.

B. & B.

new silks

Opening new Louisine Foulards—new idea—very soft and light weight—a perfect Foulard Silk especially adapted for Shirt Waist Suits—all the 1904 colorings, including Navy, real Japanese hand-made Silks, dyed and printed in Lyons—exclusively sold by us, $1.00 a yard.

Taffeta Faconne—neat checks with handsome figures and dots woven over the surface—a perfect silk for neat dressers, Navy and White, and Black and White, 85c.

Big line colored Real Pongee Shantungs—genuine Chinese goods—dyed Navy, Brown, Gray, Reseda, Porcelain, Black, White, Ivory, Light Blue, Pink, 75c, $1.00 and $1.25.

Table of soft brilliant plain Louisines, 50c—great chance for separate waists.

Still a big assortment of the extraordinary Wash Silks in Pink, Light Blue, Lavender, etc., 30c.

You paid 45c for the same last season.

All choice and pretty.

some things entirely new

Fibro-Collarine.

The handiest idea for women's stock collars ever brought out.

Sells by the yard, 75c—or collar length (3/4 yd.)—a little binding at the edges and a stylish, cool, comfortable collar's the result—some add maline or applique fringe.

Pink, Light Blue, Red, Black, White, Lavender, etc.

Girdle frames to fashion the stylish girdles on, 35c—all sizes.

Another great lot Pompadour Hair Wefts in—every woman who sees enthusiastically and practically admires them—so much better and cleaner than the "rat"—variety colors—genuine human hair, 40c, 75c, 80c and $1.50.

oriental rugs

—the enormous loss we suffer to make this Sale a success is astounding, but, it's moving the Rugs.

More than Seven Thousand Dollars taken off the prices.

Thirty Thousand Dollars' worth of Rugs to be sold.

Oriental Rugs that were $28.00 for $18.00—$45.00 Rugs, $28.00—$65.00 Rugs, $45.00—$85.00 Rugs, $65.00—$125.00 Rugs, $85.00—$250.00 Rugs, $185.00.

Other important reductions and offerings at $5.00, $10.00, $15.00, $20.00 and $35.00.

Big Carpet sizes in the Sale as well as small and medium hearth sizes and runners.

Get here and see the Kirmanshah Carpets, the Tabriz Carpets, the Serapi Carpets, the India Carpets and note the prices thereon.

BOGGS & BUHL, Allegheny

MARRON & M'GIRR, Attorneys-at-Law, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Orphans' Court Sale

Estate of Lincoln Oldshue, deceased. Partition No. 2, October term, 1903.

By virtue of a decree of the Orphans' Court of Allegheny county, Pa., the undersigned will expose at

PUBLIC SALE

At the foot of the main stairway inside the Court House, Pittsburgh, on

Monday, March 14, 1904, AT 3 O'CLOCK P. M.

The following lots or pieces of ground, being purparts "A" and "D" in said proceedings:

Purpart A—All that certain lot or piece of ground situate in the

Ninth Ward of the City of Pittsburgh,

County of Allegheny, state of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit:

Beginning at a point on the north side of Liberty avenue at a distance of 187 feet, more or less, from the northeast corner of Eleventh street and Liberty avenue, running thence eastwardly along Liberty avenue a distance of 40 feet to a point, and running back northwardly, preserving the same width a distance of 100 feet, to Spring alley, on which are erected a two-story brick house known and numbered as

1125 Liberty Avenue,

and a two-story frame house known and numbered as

1121-1123 Liberty Avenue.

Purpart D—All that certain lot or piece of ground situate in

West Liberty Borough,

county of Allegheny and state of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at a pin 7 feet east of the east side of a butternut tree at the side of a lane leading to the Washington road and on the line of John Paul's land; thence south 84 degrees east 167.85 perches to a stone at the corner of the lands of John Paul and Wagner; thence south 6¾ degrees east 88/10 perches to an ironwood tree; thence south 3½ degrees west 49½ perches across the township road to a pin; thence south 36¾ east 28½ perches along Marloff's line to a pin; thence south 61 degrees 30 minutes west 31.07 perches along Marloff's line to a post; thence north 48 degrees West along the line of Charles Allwes and Langford 55 perches to a pin; thence south 23 degrees 25 minutes west along the Langford and Greer's line 31.07 perches to a pin on Joseph Hughey's line; thence north 71 degrees 30 minutes west along said Joseph Hughey's line 32.60 perches to a pin; thence north 16 degrees 10 minutes west along said Joseph Hughey's line 67.82 perches to a pin at place of beginning; CONTAINING 45 88/100 ACRES, on which is erected a TWO-STORY FRAME HOUSE, stable and outbuildings.

Terms of Sale:

Five per cent of the whole purchase money down at the time of sale, one-fourth of the purchase money on the confirmation of the sale, and the balance with interest from the date of confirmation in one year from the date of confirmation. Payments to be made after the confirmation to be secured by a bond and mortgage on the premises.

PIER DANNALS, ESQ., Trustee.

824 Fourth ave., Pittsburgh.

GEORGE JOHNSTON, Auctioneer.

BINDLEY HARDWARE CO. SEVENTH AVE. & GRANT ST. PITTSBURGH. EVERYTHING IN HARDWARE.

STIEFF PIANOS EASY TERMS. Direct branch of factory 518 Penn Ave. LOW PRICES.

THE KEELEY CURE has been used successfully for 21 years. Cures Drink Habit and Drug Users. The Keeley Institute, 4240 Fifth ave., Pittsburgh.

AMUSEMENTS.

ALVIN—TONIGHT AT 9:15. Mats. Wed. and Sat. F. C. WHITNEY PRESENTS LULU GLASER IN DOLLY VARDEN.

NEXT WEEK One Week Only. Seats Now Selling. Matinees Tuesday, Wednesday (Largest Sale), Thursday and Saturday. Willard Spenser's Daintily Pretty Comic Opera. MISS BOB WHITE XLNT CAST—COMPANY OF 80—COMPLETE PRODUCTION.

NIXON—THIS WEEK. Mats. Today, Wed. and

GOLDEN CHANCE IN FAR AWAY AFRICA

Trade of Abyssinia Has Been Garnered to American Merchants.

MENELIK IS OUR FRIEND

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]
WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—How the United States has come into trade relations with a new region containing 10,000,000 people is briefly and modestly told in the report of Robert P. Skinner, the American consul general at Marseilles, France, on his highly successful special mission to Abyssinia last November for the purpose of negotiating with King Menelik a trade treaty and to collect information about the commercial resources of that country.

As a result of this mission Mr. Skinner negotiated a treaty which, if acceptable, will secure for the United States the most favored-nation privileges in Ethiopia and will guarantee to American citizens and merchandise immunity from discrimination in rates on all public roads and lines of communication.

In addition Mr. Skinner prevailed upon King Menelik to accept an invitation for the country to participate in the St. Louis exposition and preliminary arrangements for a comprehensive exhibit at St. Louis have been made. The king will send during the coming summer a commission of distinguished and representative men who will have charge of the exhibit. Mr. Skinner, after narrating these facts, says:

Seeds of Value Found.

Acting on behalf of the agricultural department, I have secured a collection of the seeds of the more important cross peculiar to Ethiopia of a number of which may be found valuable in the exploitation of the uncultivated western lands of the United States now being made available by the extension of our irrigation systems. I have also had material involving a large part of the agricultural resources of Abyssinia.

The agricultural department particularly desired to secure a collection of wild coffee seeds for experimental purposes. These could not be obtained during my visit, but have been ordered, and ultimately will be forwarded. Such a collection could be found only in Kaffa, a remote province, access to which involves a long and expensive journey. The experts of the agricultural department have a theory that the degeneration of the modern coffee plantation is due to the fact that coffee culture has been based on seed originally imported from Arabia, and that by getting back to the wild coffee plant, the habitat of which is the province of Kaffa, a new variety may be created, the value of which will be incalculable.

My endeavor to obtain a pair of large zebras for cross-breeding purposes was also in vain. These animals are exceedingly rare and difficult to capture alive. I have left instructions, however, in regard to this matter, and trust to be able to supply two of these animals some time in the future.

The presence of the mission in Ethiopia has had the effect of turning her attention toward the United States as a probable source of supply for many manufactured articles for which an expanding market is certain to result upon the completion of the railway and as a probable consuming market for such products as may be available for export.

A Gorgeous Reception.

Mr. Skinner records in detail his expedition to Abyssinia from the time he left New York on October 8, up to the day on which he set sail January 15. He calls attention to the prompt facilities which the French government offered for the progress of the expedition across French territory. Mr. Skinner gives this picturesque description of his reception by the emperor:

"Two hours after camping, accompanied by M. Chefneux (counsellor of state) the mission set out for the adarish or seat of government, accompanied by an Ethiopian escort of 5,000 men under the command of a distinguished general. Although our reception at Harrar had not been void of military display, we were astonished and our appreciation of the picturesque gratified by this first glimpse of Ethiopian troops upon a ceremonial occasion.

"Arrayed in gorgeous silks and satins, with lion and leopard skin mantles, gold and silver-plated buckles, carrying lances from which floated the national colors, mounted upon spirited horses, they galloped into formation the order of which was an apparent disorder, a scene as indescribable as it was memorable. A band of pages heralded our coming with weird music which has not changed since the fall of Jericho.

The Meeting of the King.

"At the palace or gueht our escort fell back and the mission, always accompanied by the marines and blue jackets, proceeded through a series of court yards and after receiving a salute from a company of 200 native artillerymen, under the command of a Belgian officer, and a further salute of 21 guns in honor of the United States, we entered the adarash, an audience chamber of cathedral-like proportions and form.

"The emperor sat upon his throne, surrounded by his more important advisers, representing the administrative departments, the judiciary, the army and the church. Back of the rows of pillars supporting the roof were massed several thousands of the leading people of the Addis Ababa, all in holiday regalia. Our reception was cordial but formal.

"For nine days Mr. Skinner was in conference with the emperor and his chiefs of state. At the farewell audience the emperor received the entire expedition and bestowed decorations upon all the officers of the mission, and presented medals to the marines. To Mr. Skinner the emperor gave two young lions and a pair of elephant tusks, together with a personal letter of friendship and good will addressed to the president, which he gave as testimonials of his friendship and good will to the United States.

Fakirs Have No Place.

Of the nation's resources Mr. Skinner has this to say:

"The empire holds out no attractions to the commercial adventurer with limited means. For many long years to come now in the field are of that class and the emperor with just reason is weary of the constant clamor for concessions from all sorts and conditions of persons, whose only object is to find a purchaser at an exorbitant figure. On the other hand enterprises planned with skill and backed with sufficient capital may be undertaken and carried out with every assurance that property interests will be respected by the government and that promoters of such enterprises will be welcomed with a cathedic spirit.

"Whatever may be the results of this mission it is certain that if the treaty be ratified it will have regularized an uncertain condition where we had an existing trade interest of which we have placed us in a position to profit by eventualities. In view of the fact that we have sustained diplomatic relations with every power of importance on the face of the earth for many years, and in many cases where our material interests were very much inferior to those which we have in Ethiopia, the surprising fact is not that we have sent a mission into Africa at this time, but that we did not do it many years before.

"At present there is an annual importation of cotton sheetings from the United States to Ethiopia to the value of $579,000. It is pointed out that Ethiopia can supply millions of raw skins for which there is an increasing need in this country.

Badly Injured by Horse's Kick.

James Gregory and Joseph McGuire, both of Moon Run, were riding the same horse to Thornburg Saturday night, when the horse fell and threw McGuire against a barbed-wire fence, receiving several bad scratches. The horse, in struggling to arise, kicked Gregory, and the shoe calk entered his throat near the jugular vein. By the time Dr. J. A. Hanna got the flow of blood stanched Gregory was nearly dead. He is still in a precarious condition.

Dynamited an Ice Gorge.

A dangerous ice gorge in the Ohio river off the mound, McKees Rocks, was dynamited by Joseph Sproal of the McKees Rocks Coal and Sand Company yesterday afternoon. Mr. Sproal feared that the gorge would wreck the company's property.

Played the New Pipe Organ.

The new pipe organ in the Bellevue Presbyterian church was used for the first time yesterday. The organ was built at a cost of $4,000, half of which was donated by Andrew Carnegie. Special music was rendered by the choir and Charles W. Cadman presided at the organ.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

NEGRO SLAIN BY MAN IN AMBUSH

Brutal Murder at Washington Followed by Prompt Action by Police.

SUSPECT UNDER ARREST

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]
WASHINGTON, PA., Feb. 21.—Moss Bay, a negro, aged about 28 years, was slain within 60 feet of his home in West Washington early this morning by two terrible blows on the head with a hatchet, wielded by some one lying in ambush. His body was found several hours later by Mrs. David Canard and is now at the morgue.

This morning James Callahan, a negro, was lodged in jail as a witness in the case. The police claim he is the murderer. It is said admissions were made today which practically amount to a confession, on the part of the man's wife, who is white.

The killing of Bay was a most atrocious one. At 2:30 o'clock this morning he left the house of Callahan. The men had had some difficulty during the night over Bay's acquaintance with Callahan's wife. Bay started toward his home, on a narrow alley about 100 feet from Brookside avenue. Callahan is known to have left his home in the Sixth ward, Washington, about two minutes after Bay's departure, and the police claim he took a short route to the home of Bay.

The man who committed the deed secreted himself behind an outbuilding, facing the alley, and dealt Bay a terrible blow on the left side of the head. He fell backward and is then thought to have been struck again almost in the same place. Mr. and Mrs. Charles Huston, who live close to the scene of the crime, heard a noise in the alley about 3 o'clock and then heard groans. They were so frightened that they did not leave the house until after 4 o'clock, when they were informed by a neighbor that a man had been murdered.

Callahan was arrested in bed this morning. His wife this afternoon admitted her husband had left the house immediately after Bay went out and returned about an hour and a half later. Lying on the hearth in a room of the Callahan house was a hatchet which, while it bore no blood stains, is believed by the police to be the weapon with which Bay was killed. When Callahan was taken to jail with his wife he said to her:

"If you keep your mouth shut they can't prove anything against us."

Coroner Sipe has been investigating the murder and says he has strong testimony against Callahan. He will hold the inquest tomorrow. The murdered man was employed as a teamster by the Washington Ice and Storage Company. Callahan has no occupation.

PERSONALS

"All the old war songs will be heard again with all their old-time spirit at the St. Louis exposition next summer," said Dr. James T. Blair of Hagerstown, Md., at Nowell's last night. Dr. Blair has just returned from the exposition city and was surprised at the progress that is being made toward the arrangements for the big show. "We Marylanders will have our day at the St. Louis fair in September about corn-cutting time, and we'll sing 'My Maryland' until we're hoarse. You know that there's nothing that stirs a native of the old state like that fine old tune. Plans are on foot to have a chorus of 5,000 voices to join in the melody at the opening of the exercises. We'll have the state appropriately represented by some beautiful young women—they're not hard to find in Maryland—and we'll rival the Kentuckians in the display of beauty."

"I took a census tonight," said W. R. Coster as he walked into the Hotel Henry shortly before midnight and drew a big Manchurian war map out of his pocket. "I took a census coming over on the train in order to find whether the average traveler favors the Russians or the Japanese. Eight of us in the smoking compartment in a Pullman car on the Baltimore & Ohio stood: Five for Japan, two for Russia and one neutral. Then we went through the car. All of the women stood up for the mikado, but the men were almost equally divided in their sympathy. This surprised me a little, because I thought that everybody was shouting for Japan. Last week at a banquet a similar vote was taken, and every man at the table was a pronounced advocate. I think that when we get to somemore news like that of last week the friends of the yellow man will be more demonstrative."

"There are too many Irish coming to this country," said Prof. Bernard MacGillian. He was not speaking sarcastically, either. "The reports of the bureau of immigration show that something like 40,000 came here last year. Of course, the Americans like to see them come, because the Irish make good citizens, but at the same time this is not good for the Irish cause, as it reduces the number of natives on the Emerald isle and tends to break up the honored traditions of a great race."

J. W. Osborne of McKees Rocks, one of the best known engineers on the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie railroad, has accepted the position of engineer on the "Sallneville," the old-time engine belonging to the Pennsylvania system, which will be exhibited at the St. Louis exposition.

Charles C. Craft, the most prominent and oldest resident of Crafton, suffered a stroke of paralysis late Friday night and has been in a serious condition since then. Last night he was not expected to recover. Years ago Mr. Craft owned one of the finest and largest farms in the Chartiers valley, and a few years ago almost the entire farm was cut up into building lots. The new town was named after Mr. Craft, and since that time he has been the most conspicuous business man, socially and politically, in the town.

Neighbors Visiting Pittsburgh.

Persons from nearby towns registered at Pittsburgh hotels last night as follows:

Anderson—S. L. Douchet, New Castle; L. B. Wentworth, Erie; S. S. Welnwold, Wheeling.

Colonial—L. C. Brackett, Butler; C. M. Carter, Johnstown; J. Smith, Salem.

Seventh Avenue—C. James Bruce, D. L. Peters, Waynesburg; A. Robinson, Bellaire; C. L. Howard, Latrobe.

Duquesne—V. W. Ross, Cumberland; William S. Pace, Erie; B. A. Smith, Uniontown.

Henry—R. S. Downey, Wheeling; D. Y. Collins, Greenville; A. L. Higgins, Ashtabula.

Lincoln—P. C. Jenkins, A. C. Allison, Canton; James M. Canfield, Beaver Falls.

Monongahela—Lemuel Cole, Ligonier; William V. Rees, Rockwood; Elliott Baer, Dawson.

Newell's—Dr. N. N. McMullen, Brownsville; H. J. Sedwick, West Monterey; R. H. Rush, Charlerol; A. L. Chalmers, Parkersburg.

LORD ROBERTS IN HIS ROOM AT THE WAR OFFICE

LONDON, Feb. 21.—Latest picture of Earl Roberts at his desk in the war department. "Little Bobs" is the last commander-in-chief of the English army, as the office is to be abolished. It has been found impossible for one man to keep thoroughly posted on army matters in all parts of the enormous British Empire, and for this reason it is intended to have several generals, each one to be responsible and in close touch with the department under him. The German plan of having an inspector-general, whose sole function is to report upon actual facts, without expressing opinions upon policy, and located outside the war department, will probably be imitated.

ORDERS JEWS TO LEAVE RAILWAY

Russian Government Will Expel Them from Towns Along Trans-Siberian Line.

POLISH PEOPLE REBELLIOUS

[Special Cable to The Gazette.]
ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 21.—The government has ordered the expulsion of all Jewish residents of Tomsk, Onsk, Irkutsk and other towns along the trans-Siberian railway.

Urgent protests have been made in behalf of the Jews by the heads of Jewish organizations, but they are unavailing. Russian officials seek to justify the severe measure by declaring it is necessary because the Jews throughout Siberia are aiders and abettors of treason. Jewish leaders declare the allegations are false. Nevertheless, the order of expulsion will be executed. Not only will the Jews be expelled from their homes, but the Russian government refuses to allow them to return to European Russia by the railway, the excuse being made that the railway is needed exclusively from military purposes. The unfortunates will be compelled to tramp afoot or go awhsel some 1,500 miles to Europe through the bitter weather.

Samara will be the first point where they can embark on the railway. The Russian officials have not allowed them shelter and it will be unobtainable at nights at Russian posthouses. The number of Jews expelled is estimated at 3,000. It is certain a large proportion will succumb to the hardships of the terrible journey. The anti-Russian feeling in Poland is assuming serious proportions. The St. Petersburg government is seriously alarmed at the outcome. The hostility to the government is expressed almost unreservedly. Anti-Russian demonstrations have occurred at Warsaw, Lodz, Lubin, Plock and other towns. At Warsaw an immense crowd of students gathered at the British consulate and cheered for Japan. At Lodz the crowds paraded, shouting: "Hurrah for the Japanese; down with Russian despotism."

Public manifestations of hostility are not confined to Poland. Moscow seethes with disloyalty and men publicly denounce the war.

Fire at a Foundry.

The roof of the Central Foundry Company building in Smallman street, between Twenty-second and Twenty-third streets, was burned off yesterday morning, causing a loss of about $800. The watchman of the plant discovered the fire shortly after 3 o'clock and by 4 o'clock the flames were under control.

Mink Scalps Plentiful.

GREENSBURG, PA., Feb. 21.—(Special.)—More mink scalps have been returned to the county commissioners for bounties this year than in the last five years. Minks, the farmers say, have been driven to poultry sheds because they have been unable to get food in the woods.

Sunday School Election.

Class No. 22 of the Coraopolis Presbyterian Sabbath school held its annual election of officers last night. The class is the oldest in Coraopolis having passed the half-century mark last June. W. J. Weigle was elected president; J. W. Beattie, vice president; W. R. Holliday, secretary; George McIntyre, treasurer; H. Speer, surgeon.

MANY ROBBERIES CHARGED TO HIM

Harrison Accused of Many Crimes and Spurious Marriage Before Arrest.

WAMPUM PLACED ON HIS LIST

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]
NEW HAVEN, CONN., Feb. 21.—In addition to a dozen hotel robberies, two marriages, and a wedding engagement, are charged against Will A. Harrison, arrested here last night. Among the accusations to which he must answer at Buffalo, according to a telegram from there to the local police are that during the Pan-American exposition in Buffalo he lived under the name of Davis, in Swan street, with a girl he pretended to marry, a thief acting as minister in the bogus ceremony, renting rooms of Mrs. Carberry at 200 West Twenty-fifth street, New York, with another girl whom he made believe he had married, and also worked in dental offices, while he laid in money by robbing hotels and shoplifting. Among his alleged robberies is one at the Swan street house in Buffalo.

The list of hotels he is accused of robbing is as follows: Cottage hotel, in Mahonlngtown, Pa., $75, diamonds and jewelry; Ridgewood hotel, Ridgewood, N. J., $10, with which he left in the night, leaving his satchel behind; Globe hotel, Quakertown, Pa., $92, stolen at dinner time; J. J. Johnson's hotel, Portland, Me., $180; Avon More hotel, Avon More, Pa., $100, decamping in the night without his satchel; City hotel, Boonton, N. J., $275; and Bridge Square house, Phillipsburg, N. J., clothes and money.

In Spartansburg, Pa., he is alleged to have robbed the hotel of $100, after making the proprietor believe he wanted to buy the hotel. From a trunk in the Palace hotel, in Johnstown, Pa., it is charged he stole $115 in gold. In McTwigg's hotel, Cresson, Pa., he is alleged to have taken $30 and jewelry, and is said to have robbed every hotel in Stroudsburg, Pa., bagging $1,000 in money and chattels.

Harrison's home is said to be at 221 North Fayette street, Saginaw, Mich., West Side. His father is a rich commission merchant. Harrison is charged with having taken part in numerous safe-blowing expeditions and of being one of a gang which attempted to rob the bank of Wampum and blow the tannery company safe in Spartansburg, Pa., for which two men got 10 years.

Harrison agreed to waive extradition proceedings and was taken to Newark this morning to answer to the New Jersey charges against him.

CANNOT GET BOARD.

Troubles of New Workers at Spang, Chalfant & Co.'s Etna Plant.

The millmen who are working the Spang, Chalfant & Co. mills in Etna are finding much difficulty in finding boarding houses, as the residents of the borough and Sharpsburg are in sympathy with the men whose places they have taken, who are now on strike.

A representative of the company has been trying to secure rooms, but he is said to have had little success when boarding house keepers found out for whom he wanted board. None of the departments on strike is running full force, as men to take the strikers' places are hard to get.

Will Probe Hospital Affairs.

GREENSBURG, PA., Feb. 21.—(Special.)—Charges of mismanagement have been preferred against Miss Irena Fallon, superintendent of the Westmoreland hospital. An investigation has been begun by Thomas Lynch, Murray Forbes and J. Howard Patton, the executive committee of the board of directors. The charges grew out of differences between the superintendent and the staff of nurses.

Your Nerves
Are the life, the vitality, the energy of your body.
It is the nerves that cause the heart to pulsate, the lungs to inhale the oxygen, the brain to direct the motion of every organ of the body, the stomach to digest food, the liver to secrete the bile, the kidneys to filter the blood, and the bowels to carry off the waste.
When the nerves of the stomach become weakened or exhausted, Indigestion, Constipation and Inflammation result, because the stomach is inactive.
This is true of all the organs of the body, and proves that to cure disease you must strengthen the nerves.
Dr. Miles' Nervine
is the great specific for the nerves, and in bringing them back to health never fails to cure all cases of Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Neuralgia, Headache, Dizziness, Backache, Muscular Twitchings, St. Vitus' Dance, Epilepsy, Stomach, Liver and Kidney troubles.
After 2 years physicians and health resorts failed to relieve me of a complication of stomach, liver, kidney and heart affections, Six bottles of Dr. Miles' Nervine cured me.—G. W. ARCHBOLD, Grocer, Decatur, Ind.
If first bottle fails to benefit, money back.

TOPICS OF SPECIAL INTEREST IN THE SUNDAY GAZETTE

To the busy man or woman, resting for a day from the pursuit of his or her individual affairs, The Sunday Gazette brings not only rest and recreation, but also an enlarged mental horizon. The special articles are of the character that command the interest and attention of all well-informed people and there are features and departments that appeal to every member, young and old, of every household.

Among the articles in the editorial section yesterday were: A. E. Housman, a new lyric poet, by Willa Sibert Cather; The British Advance in Thibet, by Noel Y. Hartt; The Clay Campaign of 1844, by Col. A. K. McClure; Romances of State, by an Ex-Diplomat; Adam-Zad in His Lair, by Mrs. John A. Logan; David and Goliath, contrasting Japan and Russia and giving interesting comparative statistics, by E. A. Bennett.

The Home Journal section, in addition to a lot of splendid fiction and verse, had the following: Artistic Home Needlework—Full directions for initialing bed and table linen, with patterns of the best styles of letters; Mistress Pepys tells a racy bunch of stories about girls who have been kissed and who told about it; The Pittsburgh Press Club Matinee, by John P. Cowan; The Spring Window Garden, by Sallie Carroll, giving simple directions for the raising of bulbs in the house; Fashions, from New York and Paris; The Housewives' Reciprocity Bureau; The Beauty Quest—How to develop the arms and chest.

Other good features were: Fireless Electric Heat for Everybody, by A. Frederick Collins; The Genial Idiot in Maxims and Proverbs, by John Kendrick Banks; The Humor of Beach and Bar, by George Barton.

The comic section, which is genuinely funny and clean and wholesome withal, had besides "The Coon Hollow Folk," "Buster Brown" and the other familiar fun-makers, two newcomers rejoicing in the suggestive sobriquets of "Citizen Fixit" and "Swifty," both of whom contribute their full share to the jolly entertainment.

CAR'S MAD DASH ENDS SERIOUSLY

Thirteen Persons Were Hurt in a Trolley Runaway at Canton.

MUCH DAMAGE WAS DONE

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]
CANTON, O., Feb. 21.—Slippery rails caused a Canton & Akron electric car to run away on Oxford street hill, this city, this afternoon, and after crashing through two telephone poles it overturned. Of the 18 passengers all were more or less injured, none seriously. The conductor, Theodore Piero, was badly hurt.

That the passengers escaped more serious injury is due to the presence of mind of the motorman, Joseph Hollis, who, seeing that the brakes would not take hold, warned them to brace themselves.

At the bottom of Oxford hill, which is a long one, is a curve into Lake street. When the car, which by this time had gained an awful momentum, struck the curve the body left the trucks and plunged 30 feet through the air. It tore down two poles, splintered a fire plug, and upset on the sidewalk.

Nearly all the passengers were cut by broken glass and badly bruised. The car, valued at $10,000, was almost ruined. It was considered among the finest interurban cars in the country.

SMALL BOYS ARRESTED.

Youngsters Suspected of Breaking Into and Robbing Business Places.

Suspected of having stolen lead pipe and tools from a lower Allegheny plumbing shop last week, four lads of that district were arrested yesterday afternoon by Lieut. Adam Neumer and Policeman James Mahaney. The boys were charged with being suspicious persons. They are Edward Dillon, aged 15 years, son of former Policeman Peter Dillon, who was killed in East Ohio street, Allegheny, a few years ago by a live electric wire; John Dempsey, Thomas and Michael McCarthy, all aged about 12 years. Dillon and Thomas McCarthy are out on bail and the others are locked up in Central station.

It is thought a large number of lower Allegheny boys have had a part in the robbery, and a hearing for those under arrest has been postponed until Friday.

Joseph Bucy, aged 12, and Joseph De Fosa, aged 11, were arrested at Seventh avenue and Smithfield street last night as suspicious persons. It is alleged the boys broke in a fruit stand at the corner where they were arrested. Bucy lives in Webster avenue and De Fosa at 19 Congress street.

WOULD NOT SETTLE CASE.

Assyrian Pleaded With Prosecutor for Reverend Brother. Both Were Arrested.

Sasseen Korkemas, the brother of the Rev. Gabriel Korkemas, who is now in the Allegheny county jail in bail piece, was arrested early yesterday morning with Paul Peters by Policeman John Callan. Sasseen Korkemas told the policeman that Peters threatened to shoot him. Both men were taken to the police station, and $600 was found on Korkemas, who is an Assyrian.

The Rev. Korkemas was formerly pastor of the St. Ann's Assyrian Catholic church in Fulton street. It was found that he was about to leave the city. He was under bail in a suit for damages brought by Paul Peters, editor of an Assyrian newspaper, for malicious prosecution, and his bondsman decided to give him up. Father Korkemas was taken to jail on an order from the clerk of courts. His brother, it is said, asked Peters to settle the claim, which he refused to do and they quarreled. Korkemas and Peters were discharged when arraigned before Magistrate Stewart yesterday.

Alleghenian Charged With Forgery.

R. J. Regan, aged 21, of Wilson avenue, Allegheny, was arrested yesterday on two charges of forgery. James Pappas, an Italian fruit dealer of 222 Anderson street, alleges Regan got him to cash two bogus checks for $5 each bearing the firm name of Blake & Co. The checks are made on the National Bank of Western Pennsylvania and are payable to Cash.

W. M. Laird Co.
Consolidation Shoe Sale
Reductions positive and tremendous—
25, 33, 50 per cent.
Stocks MUST be reduced.
Qualities of the highest and Assortments the largest in the city.
W. M. LAIRD CO.
Smithfield St.
Market St.

NOTHING ADDS
to self-respect like a bank account.
You can save if you try.
A savings account with our company is not only a wise precaution, but a good investment as well.
We pay 4% interest, compounded every six months, on savings accounts. 2% on checking accounts.
THE HOME TRUST CO.,
Home Trust Building,
Wood St. and Sixth Ave.

Preserves
—fruits, jellies, pickles or catsup are more tasty, more quickly, more healthfully sealed with Refined Paraffine Wax than by any other method. Dozens of other uses will be found for Refined Paraffine Wax in every household. It is clean, tasteless and odorless—air, water and acid proof. Get a pound cake of it with a list of its many uses from your druggist or grocer.
Sold everywhere. Made by STANDARD OIL CO.

FIRE INSURANCE.
It doesn't pay to take chances when you can buy certain protection.
Ask to see a Western policy.
WESTERN INSURANCE CO.,
501-5 ARROTT BUILDING.

HORNE-STEWART Co
DRY GOODS
Monday 22 February 1904
Alive to our own necessities and your wants. Making February sacrifices to make March room.
Some Below Cost Clearances Goods For All Seasons

WILLOW FURNITURE

1 Settee Reduced From	17.50	to	10.50
1 Settee Reduced From	14.50	to	9.25
1 Armchair Reduced From	12.50	to	7.25
1 Armchair Reduced From	11.00	to	7.00
1 Armchair Reduced From	6.50	to	4.25
4 Armchairs Reduced From	11.50	to	7.25
2 Armchairs Reduced From	10.75	to	6.75
5 Armchairs Reduced From	10.25	to	6.25
6 Armchairs Reduced From	9.25	to	6.00
2 Armchairs Reduced From	8.75	to	5.50
2 Armchairs Reduced From	8.50	to	5.25
3 Armchairs Reduced From	8.00	to	5.00
2 Armchairs Reduced From	7.00	to	4.75
3 Rockers Reduced From	10.50	to	7.50
1 Rocker Reduced From	8.00	to	5.00
1 Square Table with 2 side shelves, Reduced from	10.50	to	6.75
1 Round Table, 36-inch top, Reduced from	10.00	to	6.50

GENUINE TEAKWOODS

1 Taborette Reduced From	35.00	to	22.50
1 Taborette Reduced From	30.00	to	20.00
1 Taborette Reduced From	26.00	to	18.50
1 Taborette Reduced From	24.00	to	16.00
1 Taborette Reduced From	18.00	to	12.00
1 Taborette Reduced From	16.00	to	10.75
1 Taborette Reduced From	15.00	to	10.00
1 Taborette Reduced From	12.50	to	8.50
1 Taborette Reduced From	10.75	to	7.50
8 Taborettes Reduced From	24.50	to	16.50
2 Taborettes Reduced From	22.50	to	14.50
2 Taborettes Reduced From	20.00	to	13.50
3 Taborettes Reduced From	16.50	to	11.50

BAMBOO FURNITURE

2 Bamboo Book Racks Reduced From	2.50	to	1.50
1 Bamboo Corner Rack Reduced From	3.75	to	2.75
2 Bamboo Tables Reduced From	7.50	to	4.50
1 Bamboo Rocker Reduced From	9.50	to	5.75
1 Bamboo Desk Reduced From	9.50	to	6.00
1 Bamboo Hall Chair Reduced From	13.50	to	8.50

CLOISONNE WARE

1 Vase Reduced From	22.50	to	13.50
1 Vase Reduced From	7.75	to	3.75
1 Vase Reduced From	7.75	to	5.00
1 Vase Reduced From	7.50	to	4.75
1 Vase Reduced From	5.00	to	3.75
1 Vase Reduced From	4.75	to	3.00
1 Vase Slightly Damaged Reduced From	10.00	to	4.00
Another From	5.00	to	2.50
1 Jardiniere Reduced From	11.00	to	7.00
1 Rose Jar Reduced From	5.50	to	4.00
1 Chocolate Pot Reduced From	3.25	to	2.25

REAL BRONZES

1 Jardiniere Reduced From	22.00	to	15.00
1 Vase Reduced From	22.00	to	13.50
1 Vase Reduced From	11.00	to	7.00
1 Vase Reduced From	10.00	to	7.00
1 Vase Reduced From	7.50	to	5.00
1 Vase Reduced From	6.50	to	4.75
1 Vase Reduced From	6.00	to	4.25
1 Vase Reduced From	4.50	to	3.00
2 Vases Reduced From	9.00	to	6.00

Among the Tapestries

TAPESTRY CURTAINS

200 Pairs of Tapestry Curtains, all 3 yards by 50 inches, some deep rich fringe at either end, others tapestry borders. Velours, verona, armure and repp. Fast colors.....All one-third off

2.75 Curtains	2.10
4.00 Curtains	2.65
4.25 Curtains	2.85
4.75 Curtains	3.00
5.25 Curtains	3.45
5.75 Curtains	3.65
6.25 Curtains	3.85
6.75 Curtains	4.05
7.25 Curtains	4.45
7.75 Curtains	4.75
8.25 Curtains	5.00
8.75 Curtains	5.25
9.25 Curtains	5.50
9.75 Curtains	6.25
10.25 Curtains	6.50
11.25 Curtains	7.00
11.75 Curtains	7.35
12.25 Curtains	7.50
12.75 Curtains	7.80
14.75 Curtains	9.50
15.25 Curtains	9.75
30.00 Curtains	20.00

TABLE COVERS

75 Table Covers, all sizes, 12, 10, 8, 6 and 4 Quarter, some with fringe, others with silk cord, all bright and clear colors, some veronas, all staple.....Cut to clear

.85 Table Covers	.60
1.00 Table Covers	.65
1.25 Table Covers	.85
1.50 Table Covers	1.15
2.25 Table Covers	1.50
2.50 Table Covers	1.65
3.00 Table Covers	2.00
3.25 Table Covers	2.50
3.50 Table Covers	2.75
3.75 Table Covers	2.95
4.25 Table Covers	3.10
4.75 Table Covers	3.20
5.25 Table Covers	3.50
5.75 Table Covers	3.70
6.25 Table Covers	4.00
7.25 Table Covers	4.50
7.50 Table Covers	4.75

YARD GOODS

750 yards Armures, Gordon Repps, Gobelin effects in Tapestries, can be used for covering furniture, making portiers, draperies, pillow covers and in many another practical way...Cut to clear

COUCH COVERS

25 Couch Covers, all 3 yards by 60 inches, fringe all around, Goebiln, Oriental and Bagdad effects, good weights and fast colors, some velours.....Cut to clear

1.50 Couch Covers	1.00
2.25 Couch Covers	1.35
2.75 Couch Covers	1.55
3.50 Couch Covers	2.05
3.75 Couch Covers	2.30
5.25 Couch Covers	3.75
5.75 Couch Covers	4.00
7.25 Couch Covers	4.50
8.75 Couch Covers	4.75
12.75 Couch Covers	7.00

TAPESTRY YARD GOODS

.35 Tapestry	.25
.37½ Tapestry	.30
.50 Tapestry	.35
.55 Tapestry	.40
.60 Tapestry	.45
.75 Tapestry	.50
1.15 Tapestry	.75
1.25 Tapestry	.85
1.50 Tapestry	.90

Oriental Rug Clearance
The stock is to be reduced—it must be. Not an objectionable rug on the floor and prices low at all times. We don't have to say these things—a half-hour will convince you that heres the best and cleanest stock within easy reach.

LOT ONE	LOT TWO	LOT THREE
A selected lot of Hearth Size Shirvans 18.00 and 20.00 Rugs	Shirvans and Missouls. Hearth-size and larger 25.00 and 35.00 Rugs	Missouls and Kazaks. Average size 4x8 36.00 and 45.00 Rugs
12.50	18.50	28.50

Every rug in the house is listed to go—every rug without reserve. All of them, big and little, from Anatolia to Persian Silk not in the three special lots..... 25 Per Cent Off

Shop by Mail 233-235 Fifth Avenue Buy by Phone

A NOVEL AND PRACTICAL SCHOOL OF HOUSEKEEPING

The Housewives' Reciprocity Bureau was inaugurated yesterday with gratifying success. A number of admirable letters selected from those received prior to last Tuesday were published in the Home Journal section of

The Sunday Gazette

They covered a wide range of topics and contained just the sort of suggestions and information most desired by housewives—not pretty theories, but the tried and proved methods by which intelligent women have solved one or another of the countless problems which constantly arise in the conduct of a household.

Prizes were awarded as follows:

MRS. EDWARD SHELBY.....$2 00
Graceton, Indiana Co., Pa.

MRS. ALEX N. JACKSON..... 1 00
2 Arlington Ave., City.

TELL OTHERS ABOUT IT

If you know of any new thing in housekeeping or any way to lighten the housewife's cares tell others about it through the Housewives' Reciprocity Bureau.

THE GAZETTE WILL GIVE CASH PRIZES EACH WEEK AS FOLLOWS:

FOR THE BEST LETTER, $2.00 FOR THE NEXT BEST LETTER, $1.00

Conditions of the Competition:

Letters must not contain more than 300 words.
Letters must be written only on one side of the paper.
Letters will be received and considered at any time, but after Tuesday of each week the contest for the following Sunday will be closed. Letters received after Tuesday will be considered for the contest the following week.
The Pittsburgh Gazette reserves for itself the right to publish any letter, whether or not it is a prize winner, with no payment to the contributor.
There is no limit placed to the number of times one person may compete.
All letters must be addressed to the Housewives' Reciprocity Bureau, Home Journal Section, The Pittsburgh Gazette.
Failure to comply with any of the above conditions rules the letter out of the contest.

See the Coon Hollow Folk
On Their Tour of the World,
in Next Sunday's Gazette

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

PITTSBURGH, MONDAY MORNING FEBRUARY 22, 1904.—PAGES 7 TO 12.

Buster Brown and Tige
Best Comic Page Printed. See it
in Next Sunday's Gazette

FIGHTS ON CARD FOR THIS WEEK

Jack O'Brien Meets Two Men Tonight—Munroe and Sharkey Saturday Night.

JIM SCANLON HAS A DATE

The knights of the padded square will be in full swing this week, as many important matches are scheduled. Some of the best men in their respective classes will do the usual six to 20-round stunts, particularly in the west.

Jack O'Brien, the Philadelphia middleweight, will essay to stop two men in the one ring tonight before the Wattia A. C. of Chicago. His opponents will be Fred Cooley of Chicago, whom George Gardner failed to stop in six rounds last week, and Charley Mack of Milwaukee.

Willie Lewis, the lightweight of New York, and Sam Langford, the colored lightweight champion of New England, who holds a decision over Joe Gans, the champion, are down to meet before the Warren A. C., of New Bedford, Mass., for 15 rounds at catchweights. Charley O'Rourke, the Cambridge (Mass.) welterweight and Jimmy Handler, the Newark (N. J.) middleweight, are to meet before the Apollo A. C., of Salem, Mass., in the main event. They are scheduled to meet for 15 rounds at 158 pounds.

Jimmy Briggs, the featherweight champion of New England, who has twice stood off Champion "Young" Corbett, will clash with Tommy King of Fall River, Mass., for 15 rounds at catchweights before a club in New Bedford, Mass. Eddie Stern, the Indianapolis lightweight, and Martin Julian of Milwaukee will meet before the Interurban A. C. of Michigan City for 15 rounds at catchweights.

Al Sullivan, a lightweight of New York, and Stonewall Jackson of Tennessee will meet up in New York state before a private club to battle to a finish at 133 pounds, for a purse of $200 and a side bet of the same amount.

Jim Scanlon, the light heavyweight of Pittsburgh, who recently came from Australia with a string of victories to his credit, will clash Tuesday night for 20 rounds at catchweights with Billy Bates of Los Angeles, Cal., at the latter place. Maurice Rauch, the clever Chicago bantamweight, and Eddie Preston of Indiana will mix things Tuesday night for 10 rounds at 118 pounds before a club in South Bend, Ind. Lawrence Lutz of Beaver Falls and Jack Hamilton of Troy, N. Y., will clash Tuesday night for 15 rounds at catchweights before the Nonpareil A. C. of Beaver Falls.

Tommy Ryan, the middleweight champion, who has been resting up since his recent encounter with Jack O'Brien, will meet Jack Beauchelle, the light heavyweight of Chicago, for six rounds at catchweights before the Indianapolis A. C. Jack (Twin) Sullivan, welterweight champion of New England, and Hugo Kelly of Chicago are down to meet Friday in the star bout at the Ninth Ward Guards A. C. of Chicago for six rounds at catchweights.

Harry Forbes of Chicago, the ex-bantamweight champion, will clash with Gus Besenah of Cincinnati Saturday night before the Chicago Athletic association of that city for six rounds at catchweights.

Last but not least comes the battle between the sailor and the miner. Tom Sharkey and Jack Munroe, the Butte miner, are on the bill for Saturday night to mix matters in a six-round engagement at catchweights in the Second regiment armory of Philadelphia.

Tonight in the opera house at Windber Jimmy Welsh, the 105-pound champion, will defend the title against Young Phenicie of Windber. The boys, though scarcely 15 years of age, are without any doubt the best at or near their weight in this section. Welsh's seconds will be Jack McClelland and Curley Supples. Curley Supples, the Buffalo boy, who won the lightweight championship of England was at one time matched last year to meet Mull Bowser at 145 pounds for 10 rounds to a decision, the date to be left open to suit the club that secures the match. Supples will start to train at once with Jack McClelland and Kid Tyler.

The Columbia boat club will hold an athletic show in the club rooms Friday evening. The object of the show is to raise sufficient funds to send an eight-oared crew to compete in the races at St. Louis during the world's fair.

The P. A. C. tournament, which takes place at Old City hall Friday and Saturday, March 11 and 12, will be a success.

TO LENGTHEN GAMES.

Baseball Contests Likely to Be Made Longer This Year.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 21.—(Special.)—Longer games of baseball are likely to be the rule this season. Not more innings, of course, but a longer duration of each individual contest than was the case last year. The plays will go through somewhat less rapidly and the average length of time consumed by each game will be increased a considerable number of minutes—possibly to an hour and forty minutes or even two hours. That this is the sentiment held by a number of magnates in each organization developed at the baseball conferences here recently. It is felt by them that it lowers the class of baseball to rush the game along and that, moreover, the public does not like short games.

Last year it was something of a feature to hurry games through as quickly as possible. This was especially true in the American league, any number of games being played in an hour and twenty minutes and less.

WHEELING HAS IDEA.

Nail City Owners Want Double Season in Central League Race.

TERRE HAUTE, IND., Feb. 21.—(Special.)—When the Central Baseball league meets at South Bend on March 5 President Bement having fixed the date—the magnates will have a complex problem in adopting a schedule. Wheeling will ask for a double championship series, dividing the season in halves, with two pennants, the winners of the two clubs winning, playing a post-season series. Wheeling fans believe that by this method the weaker clubs would not be forced into making too bad a showing, and that the interest in all games played would be heightened.

Cornell Has Easy Victory.

ITHACA, N. Y., Feb. 21.—(Special.)—Cornell defeated Syracuse university in hockey here yesterday by a score of 8 to 1. The lineup:

Cornell—8.		Syracuse—1.
Tovy	Goal	Turtin, Lackerbo
De Der	Point	Bartoo
Armstrong	Cover Point	Williams
Ellis	Forward	Connell
Bateman	Center	Lever
Preston	Left Wing	McConnell
Foote	Right Wing	Abbott

Big Homing Liberation Planned.

YORK, PA., Feb. 21.—The West End and East End districts of the National Association of American Homing Pigeon fanciers have arranged to hold in this city, October 6, the largest liberation of homing pigeons ever held anywhere in Pennsylvania. Over 1,500 birds will be started at noon from the race track of the York fair grounds during the exposition of the York County Agricultural society.

Rapid Transit Chess Tourney.

A rapid transit tourney will be held this afternoon at the East End Chess club, beginning at 2:30 o'clock. The tourney will be free for all and 30 seconds will be allowed for a move. In the evening at 8 o'clock Mr. B. H. Lutton, the local expert, will given an exhibition of simultaneous chess against all comers. The club is at No. 6223 Penn avenue, and anyone interested in chess will be welcome.

BASKETBALL NOTES.

The Trentons defeated the Friendships Saturday night 27 to 5.

The Duquesne school team states that it was not defeated by the Manchester Midgets, as was reported.

The Pecnots team would like to hear from all 16 and 17-year-old teams. Address N. Nieman, 819 James street, Allegheny.

The D. L. and G. A. team play the Olympia A. C. and Reserves Tuesday night, and on Thursday they line up against the Fayettes and Superior A. C. They would like to arrange games with all first teams with or without suits, for the month of March. Address P. Dugan, 2702 Liberty avenue.

The South Side Juniors and Birmingham A. C. will play the preliminary to the South Side-Grove City game tonight.

HARVEY HOLLIS,
The local pitcher who may sign with some minor league. He was with Homestead and Altoona last season.

SIRES OF HIGH BRED PERFORMERS

There are just 13 stallions that have sired 100 or more standard trotters and pacers, and they are all directly descended from Rysdyk's Hambletonian. This table tells the story:

Year Foaled.	Sire.	Standard Performers.	3d'rd Trot'rs	3d'rd Pacers.	2:15 Ftrs.	2:10 Ftrs.	Fastest Trotter.	Fastest Pacer.
1875	*Onward (2:25¼)	174	135	39	28	10	2:05¾	2:06½
1870	*Nutwood (2:18¾)	169	124	28	13	2	2:08½	2:06¾
1874	Red Wilkes	166	121	45	24	3	2:06¾	2:05½
1868	*Electioneer	160	158	2	13	3	2:07¾	2:23¾
1876	Alcantara (2:23)	153	100	47	31	8	2:11	2:05¾
1881	Gambetta Wilkes (2:19¼)	142	76	67	27	12	2:09¼	2:06
1879	*Pilot Medium	121	98	23	15	5	2:07¾	2:09½
1875	*Simmons (2:28)	119	95	24	26	2	2:09½	2:08¾
1886	Allerton (2:09¼)	118	90	28	14	5	2:08½	2:05¾
1880	*Wilton (2:19¼)	115	100	15	20	6	2:09¼	2:06
1882	Baron Wilkes (2:18)	109	86	13	29	11	2:08½	2:03¾
1871	*Robt. McGregor (2:17½)	101	91	10	18	2	1:59¾	2:08½
1881	Sidney, p. (2:19¾)	100	57	43	19	5	2:09¼	2:03¾

*Dead.

BIG OPENING EXPECTED AT THE PIGEON SHOW

Carpenters Have Old City Hall in Shape and Building Filled With Exhibits.

A small army of carpenters and workman put Old City hall in readiness last night for the seventh annual exhibition of poultry, pigeons and pet stock, which opens this morning, and which will continue all week. On account of the increased number of entries it was necessary to borrow 300 cages from the Allegheny Poultry Company, to house the 3,000 head of poultry and pets entered for the many prizes, and with the increased coupage it was found necessary to double the entries, putting two birds in each cage.

The chickens and incubators began to arrive at the hall Saturday night and were delivered constantly all day yesterday and all last night, everything being in readiness for an early opening. The increased importance of the show led the members of the club to decide Saturday night to increase the entrance fees and the admission charges at future shows, and the exhibition this week will be the last at popular prices. The entries have grown in size until the club is unable to handle them all with proper care and it is expected that the larger fees will eliminate all but the best stock entered at contests.

The hall is so crowded that the managers of the show expect to experience some difficulty in handling the crowds. They claim that if the exhibition was in a better place it would be one of the most attractive as well as one of the largest and most important exhibits in the country.

TWO GAMES TONIGHT.

Grove City Plays South Side and Lawrenceville the Manchesters.

The Grove City college five will play South Side tonight in Odd Fellows hall. The Lawrenceville A. C., formerly D. C and A. C., will play at Manchester. The lines up:

Grove City College.		South Side.
Hickman	R. R	Liebau
Locke	L. F	Leithead
DeFrance	C	Weltzel-Nickel
Young	R. G	Windeknecht-Davies
Brown	L. G	Seibel-Bradley
Manchester.		Lawrenceville.
Seibel-Hay	R. F	Orr
Koch-King	L. F	Wilson-Stevens
Metzk-Walliser	C	Hydes
Graham	R. G	Brenan
Burry	L. G	Kalloch

Referee—Seibel.

The Manchester Juniors will play Homestead third team in a preliminary.

Rival Hockey Teams to Play.

This morning at the Colosseum rink the Iroquois club will play the Benton Preps. of Sewickley at hockey. Line up:

Iroquois.		Benton Preps.
Martin	Goal	McCabe
R. Miller	Point	Eshelman
Groves	Cover	R. Over
W. Miller	Forward	Harding
Brown	Center	Hayes
P. Miller or Wilson	Left Wing	Cellar
Carter	Right Wing	J. Over

MEXICO IS CAUTIOUS.

Denies Rumor Concerning Alliance With Chile in Panama Matter.

MEXICO CITY, Feb. 21.—The government official organ denies that Mexico has addressed a note to Chile expressing itself favorably regarding recognition of the republic of Panama, but intimating a desire to extend that recognition jointly with the government of Chile, in order that it might carry greater moral force.

The official paper says the foregoing lacks foundation, for the Mexican government has addressed no note on the subject to the government of Chile. It has done nothing more than endeavor, through its representatives, to ascertain the sentiment and policy of other governments of this continent regarding the matter in question without endeavoring to act in concert with any of them.

New Irwin Church Dedicated.

IRWIN, Feb. 21.—(Special.)—The new church of the Methodist Episcopal congregation at Ardara, was dedicated this afternoon with elaborate exercises. During the services nearly enough subscriptions were received to clear the church of the debt incident to the erection of the new edifice. The dedicatory sermon was preached by the Rev. J. W. G. Fast of the Irwin Methodist Episcopal church.

Will Preach Farewell Sermon.

The Rev. John A. Burnett, pastor of the Second United Presbyterian church of Williamsburg, announced yesterday that he would preach his farewell sermon in that church on March 13, prior to taking up the pastorate of the First United Presbyterian church of Monmouth, Ill., to which he has been recently called.

COUNTRY BALL TEAMS ARE TURNING OUT PLAYERS

Diamond Artists Not Coming from Cities, Says Bill Coleman—Civic Club in Line.

"The country towns are rapidly forging ahead of the cities in furnishing players for the different minor leagues, and larger ones for that matter," observes Bill Coleman, the local well-known southpaw pitcher. "Time was when the cities developed the players, but conditions have changed in the cities to such a degree in playing fields that have worked to the detriment of the players. There are not as many diamonds in the cities as there used to be, as they are being cut up into city lots and the young tossers have to look elsewhere for practice.

"The result is that many a youngster gives up the game as an exercise, while in the country it is different. Baseball is about the only live sport they have and the village green is alive with players of the first team and youngsters every evening hard at practice. In time they are fast enough to go out, and they get the engagements in the minor leagues and force their way to the top of the baseball profession.

"If you look over the rosters of the different minor leagues you will notice that Western Pennsylvania and Eastern Ohio are ahead of any other section of the Union in sending out players. Pittsburgh is not developing the youngsters like it used to, and this is true of some of the other large cities like Chicago, and you do not hear of many players coming from the city of New York. Last summer we wanted a third baseman for the Wilmerding team to take the place of Red Cadlhorn when he went to Haverhill, and it was like hunting a gold mine to pick up a local boy who came near filling Red's position. Young third basemen like 'Bump' Soffel and Hans Lobert are hard to find hereabouts now."

The officials of the Young Men's Civic club of Allegheny met yesterday to form a baseball club for the coming season. The club this year will be one of the strongest it ever had. Enclosed grounds will be secured. Lawrence Burns was elected manager and Robert Ross captain. Games can be arranged by addressing 1005 Windsor street, Allegheny.

East Pittsburgh will have one of the best teams in the Turtle Creek valley this season. Almost all the players have been signed already. During the past fall the Wilmerding A. C. park, lying midway between Turtle Creek and Wilmerding, was laid out and enclosed and all the games of an outdoor nature by the two towns have been held there. The East Pittsburgh baseball club will have the grounds the coming summer. "Tommy" Quinn of Braddock will captain the team. Thayer Tereyson of Homestead has also been signed, with Arthur Bennett of East Pittsburgh. Chambers of Manor, Stoltz of Wilmerding, M. Ravey, as middle fielder of the Wilmerding A. C., and "Jack" O'Leary are among the list already secured. O'Leary will be one of the catchers.

Jim Pastorious, the South Side lefthander, who was the star pitcher on the Albany (N. Y.) State league team last year, has not signed yet. He cannot come to terms with Albany and threatens to play independent ball.

Jimmy Williams, the New York American, who has been spending the winter in Allegheny, left last night for Hot Springs.

Pitcher "Red" Smith of Allegheny is wanted by the Piedmont (W. Va.) independent team the coming season. Hugh Tate is also wanted by Piedmont.

The Mayflower A. C. would like to hear from all 13 and 14-year-old teams for the coming season. Address Thomas Brennan, care Joseph Horne Company shipping department. The Mayflower would like to hear from Edward Baumiller of last year's Excelsior team. Capt. Daley wishes to meet him on Wednesday night about 7:30 o'clock, at South Side and Carson streets.

Mal Eason, the Brookville pitcher, who started last season with Detroit, has signed with Jersey City. Eason came into prominence while pitching in local independent clubs several years ago.

Ike Francis has signed to play third for Portland, Ore. Francis is a former Homestead third baseman.

West Virginia Beats W. U. of P.

The W. U. P. five was beaten at Morgantown Saturday night by West Virginia university, 15 to 13. Line up:

W. U. P.—13.		W. V. U.—15.
Rosenbloom	R. F	Strickler
Gormley	L. F	Core
Whyte	C	Cather
Mason	R. G	Jackson
Edwards	L. G	Henry

Time—15 and 20-minute halves. Officials—Watson and Casto of W. V. U. Field goals—Rosenbloom 2, Whyte, Jackson, Core, Mason, Edwards. Fouls—Core 11, Gormley 3.

SECOND PLACE IS TO BE FOUGHT FOR

High School and East Liberty Have Even Chance for Position in School League.

ED. ROBERTS IS DOING WELL

"Because Shadyside academy has clinched the championship of the Interscholastic league for this season it should not follow that we will not play to our form and drop a few games," said Charlie Ahl, the captain, yesterday. "We are going to win all the games we are carded to play, if it is possible for us to do so, and there will be no let down."

Shadyside plays East Liberty the coming Saturday, and the following Saturday High school and East Liberty will have their last meeting of the season. The next two dates will be filled by Shadyside playing High school and East Liberty. High school and East Liberty are tied for second place, and Shadyside will prove to be a potent factor in upsetting calculations. High school is in fine shape, while East Liberty is in anything but tip-top condition. Alex McCracken has typhoid fever. Every man on the East Liberty team has been out of the game this year at one time or another because of sickness.

The work of Eddie Roberts, the Victoria player who refereed the last four games, was eminently satisfactory. The school players declare he is the best referee that ever worked their games, and when his days are over as a player he could make good in the faster company as a referee. In the four games he refereed there has not been one objection to his work by any of the players of the three teams.

Tommy Ross, the P. A. C. goal tender, has a "kick." He complains of the impolitic rooting by spectators at the big league games. At the conclusion of the game Friday night he said: "I can stand kidding and all that, but when spectators and women at that, call me a dub and ask me how much I am getting for letting the puck go into the net when I did my best to stop it, I think they show an unsportsmanly spirit that borders on 'muckerism.'"

Ahl is far in advance of the Interscholastic goal shooters, and Eddie Roberts is drawing away from Campbell for the leadership in the big league. The records follow:

INTERSCHOLASTIC LEAGUE.

	1st Half.	2d Half.	Extra Time.
Ahl, Shadyside	4	0	0
Askin, East Liberty	4	0	1
Williams, Shadyside	2	0	1
Brown, High School	2	1	0
Bryan, East Liberty	1	1	0
Smith, High School	1	1	0
Reisfar, High School	0	1	1
Schenck, High School	1	1	0
Hall, Shadyside	1	0	0
McCutcheon, Shadyside	0	1	0
Kahn, Shadyside	0	1	0
Bunton, East Liberty	1	0	0
Spuhler, High School	0	1	0
Mueller, Shadyside	0	1	0
Babst, Shadyside	1	0	0

Shots past goal tenders—Carnahan (Shadyside), 2; Bulger (East Liberty), 14; Harper (High School), 13; Kohne (Shadyside), 1; Yohe (Shadyside), 5.

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA LEAGUE.

	1st Half.	2d Half.	Extra Time.
E. Roberts, Victorias	11	10	0
Campbell, Bankers	11	8	0
A. Sloan, Victorias	6	9	0
Taylor, Keystones-P. A. C.	8	5	1
Wilson, P. A. C.	9	4	0
G. Sixsmith, Victorias	5	4	0
Robinson, P. A. C.	6	7	0
J. Roberts, Bankers	4	4	0
Bright, Keystones	0	4	0
Phymister, Bankers	1	1	0
Lightston, Bankers	1	1	0
McCarron, P. A. C.	1	1	0
Kent, Bankers	1	1	0
Fields, Keystones-Bankers	0	2	0
Whitt, Keystones	0	1	0
Duvall, Victorias	0	1	0
Ross, Bankers	0	1	0
Melville, Keystones-P. A. C.	0	0	1
N. Young, Keystones	1	0	0
Henry, Victorias	1	0	0

Harvard's victory over Yale Saturday night in New York gives the Crimson seven first places in the intercollegiate hockey championship race, Yale dropping to the second position. Columbia won from Princeton last Wednesday, 3 to 1, and thus moved up one notch, while the Tigers took a tumble. The standing follows:

	W.	L.	Pct.
Harvard	5	0	1000
Yale	3	1	.750
Columbia	2	2	.500
Princeton	1	2	.333
Brown	0	4	.000

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SOMETHING UNUSUAL.
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All Running in Combination.
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Made by
Browne & Sharpe Mfg. Co.,
IN ACTUAL OPERATION.
The Gears shown by the Model are Intermittent Bevel, Intermittent Spur, Herring-bone, Internal Differential, Worm and Worm Wheel, Chain and Sprocket Wheels.
It is an interesting study that you will not regret coming a long way to see.

IN OUTSIDE SHOWCASE.
Cream Pitcher.
Special pattern quadruple silver plate on white metal.
Price $1.65

On Friday Only We Will Sell
HANDLED FIRMER CHISELS
In set of three, one each ½, ¾ and 1¼ inch, in neat wood box. Chisels ground sharp, handles with leather tops. Price..... 65c

319th SPECIAL WEEKLY SALE.
SARGENT'S GEM FOOD CHOPPER.
CHOPS FOOD.

both cooked and uncooked, reduces kitchen drudgery, lessens household labor. It cuts food of all kinds does not tear meats, vegetables, fruits, breads, crackers, etc.—fine, coarse or medium, and is self-sharpening. It has 8 cutters, including a Nut-Butter Cutter.
Gem Chopper Cook Book containing over 200 valuable Recipes Free with each chopper.
The Gem is the best Chopper made. Regular price $1.00. Sale Price..... 78c
Koercher's, PITTSBURG.

PASSION-A-T-A NERVE TABLETS
will quickly and permanently cure all Nervous Diseases, Insomnia, Pallid Face, Impaired Memory, Despondency in either sex. No matter what you have used in vain, we urge you to give these tablets a trial and guarantee you'll not be disappointed. Price 50 cents per Box, 6 Boxes $2.50. Mailed in plain package on receipt of price. For sale only in Pearl's by JOS. FLEMING & SON, Druggists, 412 Market street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

TURKISH CRUISER IS UNDER HURRY ORDERS

Will Leave Philadelphia for Constantinople Fully Ready for a Naval Engagement.

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 21.—The cruiser Medjidia, built for the Imperial Ottoman navy at Cramps is under hurry orders to get home. She will leave here on March 1, and will carry her own flag. It had been intended to take the vessel to Constantinople and deliver her there to the Turkish naval authorities, but a change in this plan was found necessary and the ship will be put in commission and unfurl her flag here. Capt. Ransford D. Buckman, who will take the cruiser across, has been commissioned a captain in the Ottoman navy and will put her in commission.

The Medjidia will leave port fully ready for a naval engagement. Her guns, all of the latest pattern, were made in Bethlehem. All are in place. The magazines are to be filled with ammunition as if for a war cruise. In view of the haste with which the builders have been charged to deliver the ship only two stops will be made on the long run to Constantinople. The exact cause of the hurry orders has not been explained, but the representatives of the Turkish government were particularly urgent for an early start.

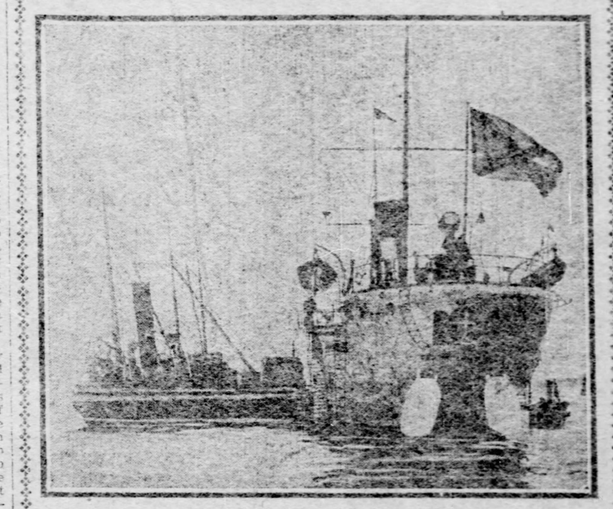
ANOTHER CANAL SCHEME.

A Mexican Wants to Utilize a Route South of Isthmus of Tehuantepec.

MEXICO CITY, Feb. 21.—Dr. Mariano Medina has gone to the United States for the purpose of interesting capitalists in a project for constructing an interoceanic canal across this country, south of the Isthmus of Tehuantepec, taking advantage of several rivers which can be deepened and made navigable.

The estimated cost of the enterprise is $200,000,000. The project is entirely private.

Russian Torpedo Transport Steamer Which Was Blown Up by a Mine



The torpedo transport steamer Yenisei was blown up by a mine near Port Arthur. The picture shows the peculiar arrangement at the stern for lowering mines into the water. The Yenisei was laying mines at the entrance of Talienwan Bay With the object of closing it against an attack from the sea. Observing that one of the mines had risen to the surface the Yenisei approached for the purpose of blowing it up when the vessel came in contact with another mine which exploded and caused the disaster.

Boston Man Broke His Arm.

Wm. Stoddard of Boston fell and broke his arm at Seventh avenue and Liberty avenue last evening. He was taken to the Homeopathic hospital.

We've the courage to admit
we carry too many Winter overcoats and suits, so now we've put a moving price on them.
All our $10, $12 and $13.50 Suits and Overcoats now.... $8.90
All our $15, $16.50 and $18 Suits and Overcoats now.... $12.90
All our $20, $22 and $24 Suits and Overcoats now.... $16.90
If four to six dollars is worth saving hurry today and
"Match Us if You Can."
JACKSONS
954 and 956 Liberty St.

WINTER RESORT HOTELS AND STEAMSHIP ANNOUNCEMENTS

FLORIDA AND THE SOUTH.

Season 1904
Florida East Coast Hotel Co.

Ponce de Leon
ST. AUGUSTINE. Under the management of Mr. Robert Murray. Now open. Closes Tuesday, April 12, 1904.

Alcazar
ST. AUGUSTINE. Under the management of Mr. Jos. P. Graves. Now open. Closes Saturday, April 30, 1904.

Ormond
ORMOND ON-THE-HALIFAX. Under the management of Messrs. Anderson & Price. Now open. Closes Monday, April 11, 1904.

Royal Poinciana
PALM BEACH-ON-LAKE-WORTH. Under the management of Mr. Fred Sterry. Now open. Closes Saturday, April 9th, 1904.

The Breakers
PALM BEACH-BY-THE-SEA. Under the management of Mr. Fred Sterry. Opens Monday, February 1st, 1904. Closes Saturday, April 2, 1904.

The Royal Palm
MIAMA. Under the management of . . . Mr. H. W. Merrill. Now open. Closes Monday, April 4, 1904.

The Colonial
NASSAU, N. P. (Bahama Islands). Under the management of . . . Mr. H. E. Bemis. Now open. Closes Saturday, April 2nd, 1904.

The Royal Victoria
NASSAU, N. P. (Bahama Islands). Under the management of . . . Mr. H. E. Bemis. Announcement will appear later.

Reservations, rates, handsomely illustrated souvenir booklets and other information may be procured of the managers.

ATLANTIC CITY.

Visitors to Atlantic City from Pittsburgh are invited to make free use of the facilities at The Gazette and Chronicle Telegraph bureau, on Young's ocean pier.
The facilities include stationery and a private postoffice. Letters addressed in care of The Pittsburgh Gazette Bureau, Atlantic City, will be promptly delivered to the addressee.
Booklets, descriptive of the hotels advertised, may be had on application at The Gazette office.

GRAND ATLANTIC HOTEL,
Virginia Ave. and Beach
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
Capacity, 600. This spacious hotel NOW OPEN under new management. Completely refurnished and newly decorated. Location central, adjacent to Boardwalk, Steel Pier and all amusements. Hot and cold sea water baths. Sun parlors surrounding verandas and steam heated. Telephones in bed rooms. Orchestra. Cuisine and service unexcelled. Cafe attached. Rates: American plan, $12.50, $15, $17.50, $21 and up weekly; European plan, $1.50 day and up. Illustrated booklet. Carriages meet trains.
A. C. MITCHELL & CO., Proprietors
D. P. BARTER, Manager.

THE ALBEMARLE.
Virginia ave., near Beach, Atlantic City. This high-class modern hotel with unexcelled central location and open surroundings, convenient to the Boardwalk and Ocean Piers, especially adapted to the entertainment of Spring visitors, and enjoying at all times a large and select patronage, has 150 large sunny front rooms, private and public baths, over 2,000 ft. of sun-parlors, elevator service and is thoroughly steam heated. Offers special terms during Lenten season of $8, $10, $12 50 weekly and up daily, for superior accommodations. Daily and evening orchestral concerts. Booklet upon request. J. B. COPE.

Hotel Dennis.
Directly facing the Ocean and the famous Boardwalk.
Hot and cold sea-water in private baths.
WALTER J. BUZBY.

HOTEL MORTON,
VIRGINIA AVE., NEAR BEACH.
Open all the year. Special rates for Winter. Refurnished and refitted. Rooms en suite, with private baths. Sun parlor. Elevator from street level. Fine table. Write for booklet and terms. MRS. N. R. HAINES, Owner and Prop'r.

THE GARDEN HOTEL
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
American and European Plan.
White Service Exclusively.
Sea-water Baths.
$3.00 Per Day and Upwards.
W. I. Finch.

HOTEL RUDOLF.
Open all year. American and European plans; private baths; hot and cold sea and fresh water baths; location direct on Ocean Front and Promenade. Booklets and literature can be had at the Resort Bureau, The Gazette building. C. R. MYERS, Proprietor.

THE HOLMHURST.
Pennsylvania ave., close to Beach. Central and select location. The extensive improvements, renovation and refurnishing makes this a new hotel and one of the best. Equipped with elevator, steam heat, sun parlor, private baths, running water in rooms, etc. Special Winter and Spring rates. Booklet.
HENRY DARNELL.

HOTEL GLENDALE.
St. James Place and Beach. Rooms en suite with bath. Steam heat. Elevator from street level; $13 per week and upward. Open all year. Write for booklet. L. F. BURCH.

ATLANTIC CITY.

NEW HOTEL PIERREPONT.
New Jersey ave. and Beach. Enlarged to double its former capacity. Rooms en suite with private baths. Long distance telephone in bed rooms. Elevator from street level. Capacity 600. A. C. McClellan & Son. Also Carisbrooke Inn. Open June to October.

NEW BRICK BOSCOBEL.
Every known hotel appointment with exceptional luxury. Cuisine and service unexcelled. Elegantly furnished throughout. Rooms single and en suite, with large luxurious baths. Client's the sanitary arrangements. Write for illustrated literature. Elevator to street level.
A. E. MARION, Owner and Manager.

HOTEL BELMONT.
Virginia ave., near the Beach. Open all year. Absolutely fireproof. Has all Home Comforts. Elevator, Steam Heat, Sun Parlor. Special winter rates, $10, $12, $15 weekly. No better accommodations given by any hotel on the coast. Booklet. E. S. Watson, Manager.

THE STRATH HAVEN.
Open all year. Kentucky ave., near Beach. Steam heat; special rates. Special attention given to cuisine and service. Albert E. Glenn, manager, formerly Grand Pacific, Chicago, and Hotel Flatbush, Brooklyn, N. Y.

HOTEL ARLINGTON.
Michigan ave. and Beach. Offering Special Rates $10 up weekly. Excellent and modern. Steam heat, elevator, sun parlor, private baths, etc. Superior table. Booklet mailed.
L. K. KUNZ.

HOTEL IMPERIAL. Ocean End Maryland Avenue. Admirably situated and modern in every detail. Excellent table. $2.50 to $3.50 per day; $10 to $20 a week. Send stamp for guide book of Atlantic City.
W. CHANDLER STEWART, Manager.

HOTEL ISLESWORTH.
American and European plan. Hot and cold sea water in all baths. Long distance 'phone service in bed rooms. Pure water from private artesian well. Cafe. Orchestra.
OSBORNE & PAINTER.

THE CHETWOODE.
Open all year, with every comfort for guests at reasonable winter rates. Heated sun parlor, private baths, spacious exchange and parlors. Near Beach and Piers. Write for booklet.
EMILY M. DEMPSEY, Owner and Manager.

THE RUNNYMEDE.
Park Place, close to Beach, facing City Park. Select location. New and strictly modern. Elevator, steam heat, sun parlor, rooms en suite with bath. Cuisine of the highest standard. Booklet mailed. I. M'ILWAIN.

HOTEL RALEIGH.
Ocean end of St. Charles Place. Finest location. Open all year. Capacity 400. Elevator, private baths, sun parlor, etc. Special spring rates. Booklet mailed. C. C. SHINN.

HOTEL WARREN.
Managed by CLIFFORD C. HERR of Pittsburgh. European plan. Cafe and bar. Open all year. Atlantic and New Jersey aves.; 2 blocks to boardwalk.

THE ELWOOD.
Sea end St. James Place. Open all year. Fireproof. Rooms en suite with bath; steam heat; elevator from street level. $10 weekly and up.
ROBERT S. SMITH.

SEASIDE HOUSE.
Ocean front. Every comfort, including sea water baths, elevator, sun parlors, golf, etc. F. P. Cook & Son, formerly of Hotel Senate.

THE LORAINE.
St. Charles Place and Beach. Hot and cold sea water baths, elevator, etc. Special Winter and Spring rates. Booklet. Samuel Wagner & Son.

ATLANTIC CITY.

The Shelburne
R. E. R. RAMSEY
HOTEL IROQUOIS—So. Carolina Ave. and the Beach. High class hotel with elevator, sun-parlor, private baths, amusement hall, etc. Capacity 350. Special Spring terms. Booklet. W. F. SHAW.
THE PENNHURST.
Michigan ave. and Beach. Perfectly equipped for winter guests. Elevator, steam heat, private baths, etc. Winter rates. W. R. HOOD.
THE NEW HOLLAND.
New York ave., close to Beach. Open all year. Every comfort. Winter rates. M. J. Lee.
CHESTER INN.
New York ave., near Beach. Open all year. Steam heat, sun parlor, elevator. Modern in detail with moderate rates. Booklet. D. Knauer.
THE WILTSHIRE Va. ave. and Beach. Delft cafe. Long distance 'phones in rooms. Am. plan, $2.50 daily up; Eur. plan, $1.50 daily up. S. B. Phoebus.
MARLBOROUGH HOUSE.
Atlantic City, N. J.
Long distance Bell 'phones in every room. Private artesian well. Josiah White & Sons.
HOTEL MAJESTIC.
Virginia ave. and Beach. Open all year. Steam heat, elevator, sun parlor. Superior table, $10 weekly and up. Booklet. Samuel Ellis.
THE EASTBOURNE—Pacific Avenue, Opposite Park Place. Open all year. Unobstructed ocean view. Steam heat. Mrs. R. F. Bogle.
PHILLIPS HOUSE—So. Conn. ave. Enlarged with modern improvements. Terms reasonable. P. H. PHILLIPS.
THE NEW CLARION.
Kentucky Ave. and Beach. Excellent and modern. Special $1.50 up daily. J. P. Gibson.
BEAUMONT—Tennessee ave. near Beach. Steam heat. Open all year. $1.50 up daily. Special weekly. J. B. CORR.
COLWYN 21 So. Michigan ave. Open all year. Steam heat, home comfort. Special winter rates. F. C. Warburton.
WALDORF—New York ave., near Beach. Home-like; cheerful. Steam heat, sun parlor. Special rates. H. E. Wright.
ACME—Kentucky ave. and Beach. Thoroughly modern. Special winter and spring rates. MRS. O. W. STODDARD.

HOTEL STRAND.
BUILT OF BRICK.

HOT SPRINGS, VA.

VIRGINIA HOT SPRINGS,
2,500 FEET ELEVATION
IN THE VIRGINIA MOUNTAINS
Where the Early Spring Climate, the Waters, Baths, Hotels and Scenery have no Equal in America.
Rheumatism, gout, obesity and nervous troubles cured. New Golf Club House with Squash Court, Lounging Rooms, Cafe, Ping-Pong, etc. Fine Golf Course, Tennis, Courts, Pleasure Pool, excellent livery and all outdoor pastimes.
THE NEW HOMESTEAD
is unquestionably the finest all-year-round resort hotel in America. Modern in the strictest sense, conducted on the broadest lines and patronized by the highest class. Booker's office with direct N. Y. wire.
Pullman Compartment Car leaves Washington 11:30 p. m., arrives Hot Springs 8:26 a. m., via Chesapeake & Ohio Railway. Excursion tickets at offices of connecting l

MARKET IN CHINA FOR OUR WHEAT

America Has a Greater Interest in Developing Nation Than Any Other Country.

ALREADY BUYING OUR FLOUR

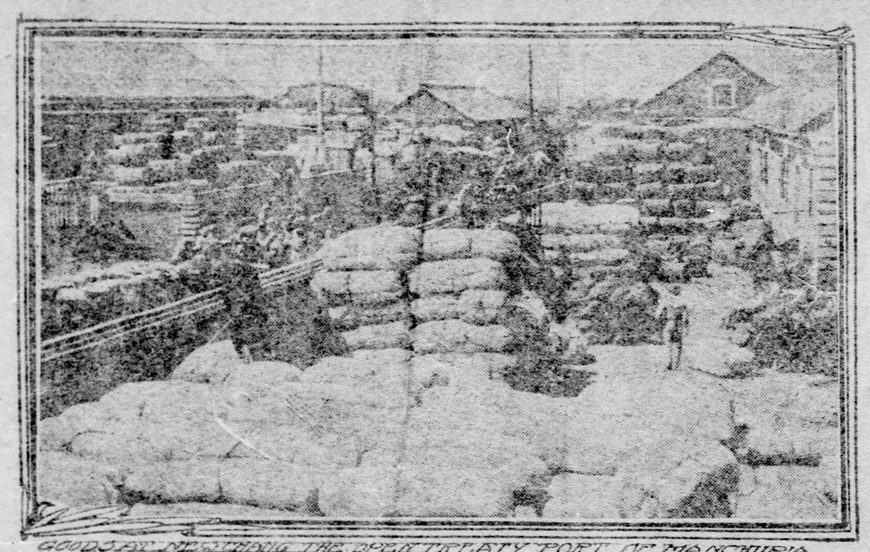
By CAPT. RICHMOND PEARSON HOBSON.

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

CORDOVA, ALA., Feb. 21.—America has greater interests in the great question of the coming market of China than any other in the world. While internal or home markets are and will remain of prime importance, the value of foreign markets to a nation is proportional to a nation's productiveness and America's productiveness is nearly equal to that of all Europe combined. Moreover, water communication offers many advantages over land transportation so that with such wide extent of coastline on the same ocean, taking account of the fact that the Atlantic seaboard is soon to be connected with the Pacific by the Panama canal, the United States for future conditions of commerce is more intimately connected with China than even Russia with the Siberian frontier. Furthermore, America produces the very things that a progressive China will demand. For generations China will demand from the rest of the world the things that elsewhere are regarded as necessities of life, articles for food and for clothing. China, making increasing wages when opened for the world's markets, would pass from a rice-eating to a wheat-eating nation. In the seaports already the Chinese are buying flour as fast as they can afford it.

The United States, the great wheat-growing nations, is already sending great quantities and rapidly increasing quantities of flour to China. This quantity will steadily increase with the advance of the wage scale and China, properly opened up, will become the greatest wheat market of the world. In clothing the Chinese are great cotton wearers, using practically no wool, and the number of cotton garments is practically proportioned to the wages, the method being the eye of multiple suits of thin cotton stuff.

China, properly opened up with nearly one-third of mankind there, would probably double or even triple the world's consumption of cotton. Similarly for the other articles. China properly opened up, safeguarded from seizure and exploitation by military power, would become the mightiest new market yet dreamed of in the economic history of the world, which would profoundly affect the price of every article America produces, and increase the prosperity and happiness of the American people.



GOODS AWAITING SHIPMENT AT THE OPEN TREATY PORT OF MANCHURIA

The accompanying picture was taken in the railroad freight yards at Niuchwang the open treaty port of Manchuria, and shows the enormous amount of military stores accumulating there.

The Three Rivers

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, Feb. 21.—The stage of the river at 8 p. m. marked 14 feet and rising. Navigation is still suspended on account of ice. Weather cloudy and warmer, with continued drizzling rain. A good thaw set in here today, and melted much of the snow and ice in this part of the river. It served to soften much of the floating ice which will result in the resumption of navigation before the week is over. The crew of the towboat Hercules Cassell and Diver Ed Moore worked all day in an effort to raise the big Sandy wharf-boat.

KEYSVILLE—River falling with 6.6 feet in canal, 4.4 feet on the falls, 13.3 feet below the locks. Raining.

POINT PLEASANT—River 5 feet and falling. Ice thinning out. Light rain. Passed up, Enterprise.

STEUBENVILLE—River 4 feet and stationary. Raining, cold.

PARKERSBURG—River 7 feet and falling. Light rain. No boats.

GALLIPOLIS—River 13 feet and stationary. Ice thinning out rapidly with fair prospects of navigation being resumed soon. Raining.

GREENSBORO—River 5 feet 6 inches and stationary. Rain and warmer.

WARREN—River 1 foot 4 inches. Light rain.

OIL CITY—River 2 feet 1 inch and falling. Mild; raining.

The stage of water at 9 o'clock last night at Davis island dam was 4.8 feet, and the river was rising.

JIM BROWN WENT DOWN.

Bursting of a Pipe Caused Her to Sink, but She Is Not Seriously Damaged.

The towboat Jim Brown, belonging to the River Coal Company, sunk yesterday morning in the Monongahela river under the Glenwood Baltimore & Ohio railroad bridge. She was tied up at this point, but none of the crew were aboard, consequently no one was injured. One of the boats of the fleet froze and burst and this caused her to go down. The water where the towboat sank is about 10 feet deep.

The boat had been doing work in the pools up-river and for several days struggled with the heavy ice, which is now worse than that which came down with the January flood. She was on the way down to the local harbor and had tied up for the night only. Preparations were being made to drive her to the south so soon as there was enough water.

The leak in the pipe that filled the engine room with water, and before the accident was discovered, decided was covered with more than a foot of water. The Stella Moren and the Bertha were sent out to raise the boat and were engaged at the work all day yesterday. It is expected to have the boat ashore and the damage repaired by tomorrow. The damage, according to officials of the company, will amount to about $800, which includes the cost of raising the boat and expense necessary for repairs.

Rivers Were Rising.

Local rivers were rising gradually all day yesterday. The rainfall and warmer weather were sufficient, it is thought, to prepare the way for a coal stage by the middle of the week. Reports at the weather bureau last night indicated that no flood conditions need be expected at present, and that very much heavier rains at the headwaters of both rivers will be necessary to make any more than coal water. The soft weather yesterday had considerable effect on the Monongahela ice, and pool boats will likely be able to move more freely during the next few days. This will be welcome news to many mills, particularly those on the Allegheny, which have been forced to close down on account of the ice during the past 10 days.

Coal companies have commenced to prepare to send out coal to the southern markets. They expect sufficient water to ship much craft this week. There are thousands of bushels of loaded coal in the local harbor, and this, as well as that at landings all along local rivers, will be sent out as quickly as possible. Possibility of heavy ice coming out of the Monongahela makes it the more urgent that the craft be taken out soon.

BARRELS ARE VERY SCARCE

Not for 40 Years Have Prices Been Up So High in This Vicinity.

MAKES OTHER THINGS COSTLY

"Barrels are scarcer and are commanding better prices now than at any time during the last 40 years," said Morris Walsh of the Walsh Manufacturing Company, South Side, yesterday. Mr. Walsh has been in the barrel business here since shortly after the civil war. He cannot recall a time when barrel timber was so hard to get and a time when so few barrels were supplied to the industries of Pittsburgh and vicinity, as well as to the entire country, as during the present winter.

The famine first appeared last summer. It was disastrous to apple growers then and later in the fall because the supply was insufficient to accommodate the apple trade. Since then the condition has become much worse. Now glass firms and baking houses are the principal sufferers, and in some cases salt dealers have been compelled to quote higher prices on acount of the increased cost of packing barrels. There is even a scarcity of timber that is used in the manufacture of beer kegs. George F. Schade, a big dealer in this line, stated yesterday that the kegs are now selling from $1 10 to $4 50 apiece. The average No. 2 barrels are selling as high as 45 and 50 cents apiece.

The scarcity of timber dates back to last winter. Mild weather then meant a big shipping cost to the lumber dealers because there was so little snow on the ground in the regions throughout Michigan, Ohio, Indiana and Missouri. The result has been a gradually decreasing supply since last spring. The staves are particularly hard to get. When lumber was plentiful stave men did business on a small margin, and many quit the work to devote their time to the more profitable industry of farming. The stave mills that have continued in operation since the lumber scarcity are few, and the few, unfortunately for the coopers, are located along branch railroads, instead of main lines, where they could be shipped more readily. Railroad companies are reluctant to send out empty cars to the by-way places, when the same equipment could be put to more advantage.

The industries of Pittsburgh and vicinity use from 15,000 to 20,000 barrels for packing purposes daily under average conditions, but at the present time the number is much less. Business firms are using boxes and bags and anything else available to take the place of barrels, and consequently not only the consumers of barrels are suffering, but the manufacturers are having anything but a pleasant time during the period of high prices and scarce material.

However, the present winter has been much different from the one preceding. Mills now have plenty of timber, and as soon as the weather opens, lumber will be cheaper, a vast amount will be moving and stave, hoop and end material will be more plentiful. There are hundreds of manufacturing concerns in this locality that are looking forward to the opening of spring on this account.

Fraternity Memorial Service.

NEW YORK, Feb. 21.—The delegates to the fifty-sixth annual convention of the Theta Delta Chi fraternity, which will be formally opened tomorrow at the Hotel Majestic, held memorial services today in the Fourth Presbyterian church in memory of its members who died during the year.

Many to Aid in Consecration.

STEUBENVILLE, O., Feb. 21.—(Special.)—Fully 10 bishops and 200 priests are expected will be present at the consecration of Bishop-Elect J. J. Hartley, at Holy Name church, Steubenville, on February 25.

Famous Monkey Dead.

BERLIN, Feb. 21.—(Special Cable.)—Consul, the famous monkey, is dead. He was insured for £20,000 and earned £900 a week. The body has been embalmed and will be sent to Bostocks, Paris.

JOE, THE GANDER, ELOPED WITH IRENE, THE GOOSE

So Say the Policemen in West Park, Allegheny, Where the Two Old Birds Had Lived for Years.

Old Joe, the ancient gander who for years was recognized as the Nestor of the flock of birds tenanting West park, Allegheny, has disappeared. For a fortnight he has been missing from his usual haunts, and the hundreds of persons who knew Joe are sorely perplexed. The more they search, the more they become mystified; but certain it is that a tragedy or a romance surrounds his abdication from the icy banks of the lake.

The disappearance of a goose simultaneously with Joe's departure leaves the hope that he chose to forsake his time-honored surroundings as the culmination of a romance by eloping with the feathered charmer Irene, as the old goose was called. On the other hand, it is feared that both Joe and Irene may have been kidnapped at night and long since have been carved on somebody's table. The gloomy outlook, however, will not be tolerated by the policemen in the park, who still hope that friendly old gander will return.

"This has been an exceedingly cold winter," said one of them, "and it is not to be expected that Old Joe would sit around the lake and watch the boys skating when he could very easily take wing and fly off to a more congenial climate. No, sir! Old Joe decided to elope with Irene, and when they had everything fixed they just started for Palm Beach. Do you blame them? If I had free transportation and could make the trip in a day or two, I'd go there myself.

"Some bright, sunny morning in about five weeks you'll see them come back and live happy ever after, and so on. Old Joe was none of your young, crazy-horse ganders. He has been here nearly 20 years and was a landmark. He was superintendent of the lake and chief of police among all the birds. Every morning just at dawn he would walk clear around the lake to see that everything was all right. If some of the geese, swans or ducks became quarrelsome he would settle the dispute by turning in and landing a solar plexus on each of the combatants. If bad boys came into the park and teased little girls Old Joe would show his gallantry by running after the young culprits and nipping their bare legs.

"He lived well. He was not only a pensioner of the city, but was a highwaymen as well—a sort of robber knight. Every workman who passed through the park on the way to his shop in the morning was held up by Old Joe, who demanded a piece of bread or cake for the privilege of permitting the trespass over his domain. On jubilee days in June he was right in his element, and strutted around among the school children with all the dignity of a great educator. He was no common gander, was Old Joe. Think what the poultry show will miss."

MINERS TO RALLY TO AID OF UNION

Organization Being Strengthened in Anticipation of a Great Strike.

NEW CONVENTION CALL

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

WILKESBARRE, Feb. 21.—The official call for delegates to attend the convention of February 29, which is to decide whether the soft coal workers will accept the reduction in wages, was issued last night for the anthracite region by President T. D. Nichols. One clause of it is significant of the feeling here that there will be a big soft coal strike.

The plan of preparing throughout the anthracite region for a soft coal strike is being followed faithfully, the locals are being strengthened, the men urged to save their money to pay their arrears in dues, and union interest created and revived. District No. 7 having when the yearly report was made but 8,040 paid-up members out of some 28,000 workers, and district No. 1, with 35,987 paid-up out of 78,000, have just reduced the initiation fee to about one-third of what it has been and special inducements offered to members to pay arrears in dues.

There is a general feeling in the anthracite region among mine workers and officials that a soft coal strike will come. The men oppose the proposed reduction in wages and there is a general belief that it should be fought even to the extent of a widespread strike.

BELLIGERENT CITIZENS FINED IN ALLEGHENY

Several citizens in Allegheny got filled up with liquor and created disturbances Saturday night, appearing before Magistrate Samuel Abernathey yesterday morning. Frank McPherson of Edgeworth paid $5 for raising a row in the Ft. Wayne station. Mike Miller of East Ohio street paid a like fine for raising trouble in H. C. Geyer's stable, at 1112 Main street. Frank Vitkofski of Walker street, got 20 days to jail for kicking in the door of John Smith's house, at 409 Shields street and threatening to kill Smith.

Negro Fell Through Saloon Window.

J. R. Fields, a negro, living at Clairton, fell through the window of a saloon in Sixth avenue, Homestead, Saturday night. He was taken to the police station where it was found that he was in danger of bleeding to death from a severed artery in the left arm. He was given surgical attention and yesterday morning was fined $1 and costs.

Barn Burned by Tramps.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., Feb. 21.—(Special.)—A fire, which is supposed to have been caused by tramps, burned down a barn owned by the Brier Hill Iron and Coal Company last night and cremated 16 cows. There was in the barn 24 cows and a horse. Tramps were seen leaving the vicinity. The loss is $5,000.

Planning for New Railroad.

KITTANNING, Feb. 21.—(Special.)—Surveyors for the Buffalo & Susquehanna railroad have opened offices at Apollo, this county, and are now engaged in surveying a line from South Bend, this county, along Carnahans run to the Kiskiminetas river.

This Shield on the Box

WELSBACH QUALITY

There's not enough difference in price to justify you buying imitations. Five kinds of Welsbach mantles—15, 20, 25, 30, 35c. All Dealers.

The Welsbach Store 722 Penn Ave.

50

Karo CORN SYRUP Makes You EAT A Hearty Meal

Good Cooking at home—not dear cooking—but economical and appetizing cooking is made possible in every kitchen by using a little

LIEBIG COMPANY'S Extract of Beef

PAULSON'S HAND MADE $3 HAT SOFT STIFF 515 WOOD ST.

SOZODONT Tooth Powder

New Patent Top Can. Compare quantity and quality with others. Sozodont is economy.

OFFICERS ELECTED BY THE LOCAL C. M. B. A.

President Crawford Appointed Committee—Big Gathering on July 4.

The advisory council for Western Pennsylvania of the Catholic Mutual Benefit association met last night in Sons of Veterans hall, 416 Wood street. D. F. Crawford of Branch 123 was elected president; John B. Limpert, Branch 45, first vice president; Fred Manley, Branch 81, second vice president; John M. Tighe, Branch 65, secretary; Charles E. Quiter, Branch 79, assistant secretary; E. B. Lutz, Branch 178, marshall, and D. A. McCarty, Branch 52, guard. President Crawford appointed the standing committees for the ensuing year as follows:

Organization—J. W. Sullivan, chairman; John A. Meighan, Branch 48; Daniel Flannery, Branch 58; George Leppert, Branch 57; William Strafender, Branch 58; R. A. Foley, Branch 65; C. E. Woods, Branch 67; P. Havey, Branch 72; Joseph Gumbert, Branch 79; D. C. Carroll, Branch 100; E. B. Lutz, Branch 178.

Ways and means—E. J. Smith, Branch 23; P. J. Sellers, Branch 26; George E. Welsh, Branch 41; Leo G. Altmeyer, Branch 54; E. H. Stoney, Branch 63; F. S. Miller, Branch 66; T. J. Clifford, Jr., Branch 70; Joseph Snyder, Branch 76; John P. Kunkle, Branch 88; F. J. B. Werling, Branch 107; H. F. McAteer, Branch 125; C. L. Magee, Branch 46.

Labor—Thomas McHughes, Branch 84; Ferd J. Miller, Branch 49; John J. Wolf, Branch 91; C. S. Madden, Branch 92. T. J. Swain, Branch 105.

Press—James A. Flannigan, Branch 33; J. L. Bronder, Branch 108; Prof. M. J. McMahon.

Finance—J. L. Skeehan, Branch 51; John Whalen, Branch 176; C. J. Harinett, Branch 119.

Law—L. W. Dennis, Branch 92; Charles McHugh, Branch 116; Joseph Mangan, Branch 41.

The success of the big reunion held under the auspices of the council last summer led to a decision to repeat the affair this year. An offer of Allquippa park for July 4 was accepted, and it is expected that the gathering will be the largest assemblage of C. M. B. A. men ever held in the United States.

Commodore Kountz Sells His Oil.

TITUSVILLE, Feb. 21.—(Special.)—After holding a tank containing 5,500 barrels of oil for 25 years with a determination to get $7 a barrel for it, Commodore W. A. Kountz of Allegheny, has just sold his oil for $1 80.

INDIA IS THREATENED BY RUSSIAN ORDER

A Vigorous Campaign Is Being Conducted Against Great Britain Throughout Europe.

[Special Cable to The Gazette.]

LONDON, Feb. 21.—The correspondent of the Standard at Kieff says: "According to information received by the military staff here the armies of the Caucasus and Turkestan are to be immediately mobilized. Gen. Dragomiroff, late commander-in-chief of the Kieff province, is to take command at Tashend. The report lacks official confirmation, but if correct can only be interpreted as a veiled threat against India in the event of certain contingencies."

Telegrams from all parts of Europe indicate the possibility of international complications arising. The struggle in the orient excites much uneasiness and no little anxiety. Nearly all the powers are taking precautionary military measures, even the smaller ones like Sweden, Spain and Portugal. There is great activity in the French arsenals. Spain is carrying out partial mobilization and strengthening her garrisons, under the excuse that it is to guarantee her neutrality. A vigorous Russian campaign, hostile to Great Britain, now is in progress all over Europe. It is further intended, there is reason to believe, to compromise France, where Saturday there was a bad financial panic.

BERLIN, Feb. 21.—Col. von Schenck, commanding the czar's Prussian Grenadier Guards, has returned to Berlin with an autographic letter from the czar to the kaiser, thanking him cordially for the kaiser's sincere sympathy and warm friendship. Referring to the exchange of civilities between the two emperors the National Zeitung, in an inspired article, characterizes the notion of a Russo-Franco-German alliance as a balloon d'essai sent up in Paris, in order to learn something more about the contents of the kaiser's letter to the czar.

Bad Fire at Jamestown.

JAMESTOWN, N. Y., Feb. 21.—The manufacturing plant of the Breed-Johnstown Furniture Company was destroyed by fire today. The loss is $50,000. The Century Furniture Company occupied a part of the same building. Their loss is estimated at $20,000.

"It's a Laundry—Not a Sawmill"

BELL 23 WILKINSBURG

HELLO! HELLO!

"Is that Brace Bros.? Send one of your wagons to Mrs. Wise Housewife, on Sanitation street." If you want to have your homes made inviting you will follow the example of all wise housewives and ring us up.

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Chances for risking health minimized in households whose effects are cleaned at Brace Bros.

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Room-Size Rugs

At little prices—for this week only.

Patterns that we won't carry again—but all good, clean and desirable—

Axminster Rugs—

8.3x10.6 feet—$22.50 value at..... $17.50

9x12 feet—$25.00 value at..... $19.50

10.6x13.6 feet—$35.00 value at.... $27.50

ROYAL WILTON RUGS—The 9x12 size. Regular $35 value, now being offered at $29.00.

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The healthy liver secretes about three pints of bile each day. How much does yours secrete? One pint. Two pints, perhaps. Then

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you suffer from indigestion, biliousness, headache, constipation. To secrete the three pints, take one of Ayer's Pills each night. 25c. a box. Sold for 60 years

Made by J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass. Also manufacturers of

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR—For the hair. AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL—For coughs, AYER'S SARSAPARILLA—For the blood. AYER'S AGUE CURE—For malaria and ague.

EASTERN WAR CREATES BIG DEMAND FOR BOOKS

Librarians Are Kept Busy Supplying the Demand of Newspaper Readers Who Are Puzzled by Stories of Events in the Orient.

"I want a book that tells about Korea—something not too deep, but right up to date."

Standing in front of the desk at the Pittsburgh Carnegie library some inquirer is heard to ask this question every day. Sometimes it is slightly modified. "I want a nice Siberian love story or a tale of life in Japan—something that will tell me about the seat of the war."

"This is nothing surprising," said one of the assistant librarians while several patrons stood at the desk carefully scanning the library's bulletin of works especially pertaining to China, Korea, Japan and the political history of Russia. "Events in the far east in recent years have been a means of giving the great mass of readers much instruction in geography. Who ever thought of Port Arthur before we captured the Philippines? We scarcely heard of Pietermaritzburg before the Boer war in South Africa and knew the meaning of 'Spionkop.' Now the words that confront the large newspaper readers are equally puzzling. The spelling in many instances different from that of the text books on geography which were used in the schools 10 years ago.

"The average American has little knowledge of the strategic value of Vladivostok or Hakodate. Of course, we all have been slightly familiar with Shanghai, Wei-Hai-Wei and Chefoo, but I doubt if one person in a thousand that comes to the library has ever seen the words Tsitsihar or Kwang-Cheng-Tsi until the oriental trouble started."

All classes make inquiries for books calculated to enlighten the average mind on things Manchurian. High school students are there in good numbers, and there is scarcely a debating society in the city that has not fought the troubles of Russia and Japan upon the rostrum. Women's clubs are worrying over the czar's troubles and are discussing life in the mikado's court, the fashions in St. Petersburg and the bravery of the Japanese noblemen. Budding poets are singing verses lauding their favorite champions and all classes are trying to educate themselves to understand the story of the war's progress. Of course, too, to satisfy this craving there is an unusual demand on all the public libraries, and those who handle the books are kept more than moderately busy.

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BRUSHTON AVE., 518—F. S. Weiser & Co.
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CARVER ST., COR. PARK AVE.—R. B. McKelvey.
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CENTER AVE., 2101—C. F. Nourse.
CENTER AVE., COR. KIRKPATRICK ST.—The Belle Pharmacy.
COLLINS AVE., 113—William Lindeman.
CONGRESS ST., COR. WYLIE AVE.—C. F. McMurray.
DALLAS AVE., COR. KELLY ST.—McCabe's.
FIFTH AVE., 1221—Robin Drug Company.
FIFTH AVE., 1401, COR. STEVENSON—Chas. L. Young.
FIFTH AVE., 1543—Harper & Wynne.
FIFTH AVE., 2220—McKee & Detlin.
FIFTH AVE., 3614—Thris's Pharmacy.
FIFTH AVE., 4705—Central Pharmacy.
FIFTH AVE., 1440—Thumm Bros., Stationers.
FORBES ST., 2706—John M. Hohman.
FORBES ST., COR. CRAIG—Geo. A. Charles.
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FORTY-FOURTH ST., COR. BUTLER—A. W. Covert.
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FRANKSTOWN AVE., 6366—Thos. T. Hill.
FULTON ST., 108—F. J. Kellenberger.
EULTON ST., COR. WYLIE—Wm. Schuchmann.
HAMILTON AVE., COR. HOMEWOOD—J. R. McCreary.
JUNILLA ST., COR. WYLIE AVE.—E. H. Melvin.
KIRKPATRICK ST., COR. WYLIE AVE.—James Sieling.
KELLY ST., COR. DALLAS AVE.—McCabe's.
LARIMER AVE., 410—F. J. Brehm.
LINCOLN AVE., COR. LEMINGTON—O. F. Preebing.
LEMINGTON AVE., COR. LINCOLN—O. F. Preebing.
NEVILLE ST., COR. CENTER AVE.—Shady-side Grocery Company.
OAKWOOD ST., COR. FRANKSTOWN AVE.—McKee & Berlin.
PARK AVE., 101, COR. CARVER ST.—R. B. McKelvey.
PENN AVE., 2801—F. C. Schilling Company.
PENN AVE., 3400—G. W. Tea, Druggist.

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, Main Office, 347 AND 349 FIFTH AVENUE.

EMPLOYMENT AGENCY.

MALE and female help supplied promptly. Mrs. J. Dempsey, 3709 Forbes st., Oakland.

WANTED.

Always be sure to mention that you saw this adv. in The Gazette.

Agents.

AGENTS—Something new, and needed by every man and woman, our combination accident and sick benefit policies; issued by this company only, covering all accidents, diseases and occupations; costing $4 per annum each, payable quarterly; over $300,000 already paid in benefits. Agents wanted everywhere, large permanent commissions allowed. Address National Accident Society, 320 Broadway, New York.

AGENTS wanted everywhere; new, cheap combination accident and sickness policies; most popular ever offered; death benefit, weekly indemnity, absolute protection; novel system; annual premium $1 to $6; no assessments or dues; sell to everyone, either sex, all claims immediately paid; insurance assets $500,000. Liberal commissions; exclusive territory. International Co., 231 Broadway, New York.

Male Help.

A LOAN company wants a first-class young man of good address for outside work; one experienced in the business preferred. Address X 47, The Gazette.

A RARE OPPORTUNITY.

Wanted the address, occupation and place of employment of young single men who room in Pittsburgh and Allegheny. Address Q 7, The Gazette.

AH! YES THERE ARE OTHER EMPLOYMENT BUREAUS

BUT—

It is well to secure the best you can.

Investigate the methods

Of The MERCANTILE, INCORPORATED.

Office, 434 Fourth ave.

BOND SALESMAN—Salary and commission; first-class references required as to honesty and sobriety; experience unnecessary. Address D 47, The Gazette.

DRIVERS—Experienced drivers for teams for freight depots and city deliveries. Apply 9 o'clock in the morning. Sixteenth st. and Liberty ave., Pittsburgh.

DRIVERS—Must have experience in freight delivery and city deliveries. Apply 9 o'clock in morning, 840 West North ave., Allegheny.

EARN $50 to $100 monthly corresponding for newspapers; $5 a column for work in spare time; no canvassing; send for particulars. Northern Press Syndicate, room 215, Lockport, N. Y.

MEN—Young to learn telegraphy at once, for railroad work. Pennsylvania Telegraph College, Lewis block.

PIPE BENDER, experienced, wanted to bend large pipe. Address M 45, The Gazette.

WANTED—For the U. S. Marine Corps—Able-bodied, unmarried men, between 21 and 35, good character; must speak, read and write English; marines serve at sea on men-of-war in all parts of the world, on land in our island possessions, and at naval stations in the United States. Apply Recruiting Officer, rooms 414 city Postoffice building.

WANTED—Machine hands for wood work; must understand turning. Call at piano factory, Aspinwall, Pa.

YOUNG man as shipper and to have charge of limited number of delivery boys; state age, previous experience, salary expected; permanent position for proper person. Address Q 48, The Gazette.

Female Help.

ANY poor girl in need of a friend, a home or advice, I invite to call or write the matron of the Salvation Army Home, 705 Grandview ave., Mt. Washington, Pittsburgh, Pa.

GIRL—White, for general housework; small family; reference required. 5712 Margaretta st., E. E.

GIRLS' lodging house, charges 10c night, 59 Third st., near Penn ave.

GIRL—Wanted girl for general housework. 214 Wineteddle ave.

MAID wanted at 215 North Craig st., near Bayard.

MAKERS and millinery apprentices. Crawford Hat Co., 711 Penn ave.

WAITRESS—626 Wood st., Wilkinsburg.

Male and Female Help.

HOUSEGIRLS—Railroad, farmhands wanted. School Employment Office, 2317 Forbes st., 1005-2 Park.

Situations—Female.

SITUATION—As transcribing clerk or office work by young lady of experience; best of reference. Address W 43, The Gazette.

Pupils.

RENO SHORTHAND SCHOOL, 422 Wood St. A school of the highest type, making a specialty of preparing students for ordinary and professional shorthand work. Day and evening sessions. Post-graduate course.

FRENCH, German, Spanish, native teachers. BERLITZ SCHOOL OF LANGUAGES, Nixon Building.

Students.

MODERN commercial education; English instructions; Gregg's shorthand; day and night school for young and middle-aged men and women; positions secured; call or send for 1904 ACTUAL BUSINESS COLLEGE, 339 Fifth ave., Pittsburgh (Big 10-Cent Store Bldg.)

Miscellaneous.

H. C. KNAPP, commercial job printer, 3521 Butler st. Both telephones.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS.

Always be sure to mention that you saw this adv. in The Gazette.

City and Suburban.

A BACHELOR to occupy an ideal room in private family on Fifth ave., East End. Address Z 70, The Gazette.

A BIG LIST OF ROOMS FOR RENT. Don't waste your time hunting rooms, as we have a list of the best furnished and unfurnished rooms in all localities. WE WILL LOCATE YOU in suitable quarters FREE OF CHARGE. Call and see list.

THE INDUSTRIAL COMPANY, Room 306, 511 Fourth ave.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS.

City and Suburban.

ATWOOD ST., 427—Two well furnished rooms; all conveniences; convenient location.

ATWOOD ST., 440—Nicely furnished rooms; all conveniences; both gases.

ATWOOD ST., 427—Furnished room; breakfast and dinner if desired.

BAYER ST., 3620, Oakland—Large front, well-furnished room; all conveniences.

BLUFF ST., 1002, CITY—All modern conveniences.

BOQUET ST., 3010—Three furnished first floor rooms, for light housekeeping.

BUTLER ST., 4414—Furnished rooms for light housekeeping, or rooms with board.

CHERRY ALLEY, 930—Furnished rooms; centrally located, near Liberty st.

CALIFORNIA AVE., 639, Avalon—Pleasant furnished room for two; gentlemen preferred.

CALIFORNIA AVE., 629, Avalon—Pleasant furnished room for two; gentlemen preferred.

CLIFF ST., 1724—Nicely furnished front rooms; bath and gas; rent reasonable.

FIFTH AVE., 2463—Neatly furnished room; conveniences; 10 minutes' ride to city.

FIFTH AVE.—High school vicinity—To let; two rooms on third floor, unfurnished, $20 or three rooms $24. C 13, The Gazette.

FIFTH AVE., 1404—Desirable furnished room; modern conveniences; 10 minutes' walk to city.

FOR RENT—One large room, nicely located; second floor, 1127 Liberty ave.; suitable for barber shop or office purposes. Inquire 1129 Liberty ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR RENT—2310 Center ave, furnished rooms, new house, new furniture, bath; no children.

FOR RENT—Carson st., 1805, eight rooms, bath and laundry; good location to rent for kitchen rooms.

FOR RENT—South Highland ave., 216—Two furnished rooms.

FORBES ST., 3404—Excellent house; table board.

FURNISHED or unfurnished rooms, single or en suite; convenient to all car lines; Forbes st.; 15 minutes' ride from city. Address H 5, The Gazette.

NINTH ST., 113—Nicely furnished rooms at Thompson House. Male lenants preferred.

PARLORS suitable for physician or studio; desirable location, Forbes st.; 15 minutes' ride from city. Address G 5, The Gazette.

PENN AVE., 515, Wilkinsburg—Extra large first floor front housekeeping room, $15 month.

REED ST., 14, city—Two nicely furnished front rooms; terms reasonable.

REED ST., 48—One furnished room, second floor; both gases.

SMITHFIELD ST., 102—Nice, warm, comfortable second-story front room; gentlemen only.

SOUTH AVE., 1024, WILKINSBURG—Two second and two third floor front rooms; all conveniences.

STEVENSON ST., 20—Large room; gas; $4; and gentleman room-mate for front room, $3.50.

TWENTIETH ST., 134, S. S.—Front room, private family; two gentlemen; meals handy.

WALLACE AVE., 724, Wilkinsburg—Two furnished rooms, modern improvements. Wm. R. Rider.

WEBSTER AVE., 2062—Two furnished rooms; ladies or gentlemen; terms reasonable.

WOOD ST., 2202, Oakland—Two connecting rooms for gentlemen.

WYLIE AVE., 906, Smith building—Suite of three unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping.

East End.

ALDER ST., 5815—Nicely furnished rooms; all conveniences.

ALDER, 6206, near Shady ave.—Finely furnished rooms; excellent boarding close in.

ATWOOD ST., 432—Nicely furnished rooms, every convenience.

AURELIA ST., 6353—Second-story front room; suitable for two gentlemen; convenient location.

BOND ST., 6036—Nice large connecting rooms, or single; all conveniences.

BOUQUET ST.—Nice, large furnished front room, every convenience. Address P 13, The Gazette.

BROAD ST., 5622 — Two neatly furnished rooms, with all modern conveniences.

CENTER AVE., 5883—Nicely furnished room; all conveniences; gentleman, private family.

COR. FIFTH AVE. AND JUMONVILLE, 2007—Large neatly furnished front room; reasonable; call and investigate.

CLAYSVILLE P. O., 8317—Neatly furnished room, near Rose station, and good boarding.

COR. Mignonette and St. Clair sts., 5107—Furnished rooms, all conveniences; gentlemen.

DENNISTON AVE., 229—Furnished room, light, heat, convenient; reasonable; near boarding.

DITHRIDGE ST., 200 N—Nicely furnished room; gentlemen only; reasonable to permanent party.

DITHRIDGE ST., 65, near Forbes—Furnished rooms, all conveniences.

DURANGO ST., 515, Near Brushton—Furnished room, two gentlemen; gas, bath; $2.50 week.

ELSINORE SQUARE, 3223, OAKLAND—One nice furnished room.

FILMORE ST., 4509—Nicely furnished second floor front room, near Carnegie library and convenient to all the East End car lines. Apply 4509 Filmore st.

FILMORE ST., 4630—Nicely furnished second-story front room; all conveniences.

FOR RENT—Two nicely furnished rooms, both cases and bath, new house, near three car lines. Apply or address 7403 Race st., Homewood.

FOR RENT—Large well furnished room, with board, for gentlemen preferred. Mrs. Speyer, Forbes and S. Negley ave.

FRANKSTOWN AVE., 7325—Nicely furnished rooms; all conveniences; near good boarding; gentlemen preferred.

HAILMAN ST., 825, E. E.—Nicely furnished front room, all conveniences, suitable for one or two gentlemen; private family.

HIGHLAND AVE., 302, NORTH—Three connecting rooms; furnished; suitable 2 or 4 gentlemen; also doctor's or dentist's office.

HOMEWOOD AVE., 551—Furnished front room, suitable two men; bath, gas, etc.

IVY ST., 62—Nicely furnished rooms, all conveniences; bath, gas.

KELLY ST., 1256—Two connecting furnished rooms; conveniences; private family; rent reasonable; boarding home opposite.

LINCOLN AVE., 353, near Frankstown—Furnished room, all conveniences; breakfast if desired.

MEADOW ST., 6549—Between Park and Larimer—Third floor back room, gentleman only.

MOULTRIE, 124—By private family, nicely furnished front and back room on second floor; all conveniences; terms reasonable.

MULFORD AVE., 7024—Two furnished rooms, modern conveniences; private family; convenient location.

N. EUCLID AVE., 726—Two nicely furnished rooms; all conveniences.

OAKWOOD ST., 500, WILKINSBURG—Furnished rooms for gentlemen; with all conveniences.

OAKLAND AVE., 254—Two neatly furnished connecting rooms; bath adjoining; two gentlemen.

PARKER ST., 5801—Newly furnished second floor front room; all conveniences; gentlemen only

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS.

Allegheny.

MADISON AVE., 118—Nicely furnished room; gas free; all conveniences.

MONTEREY ST., 1311—Two furnished rooms for light housekeeping; all conveniences; near North ave.

PAGE ST., 1328—Two second floor connecting furnished rooms, by April 1; good location; all conveniences; references given and required; Western ave. car service.

REBECCA ST., 857—Neatly furnished rooms; all conveniences; terms reasonable.

RIDGE AVE., 810—Two elegantly furnished connecting rooms; all conveniences; gentlemen preferred.

SHERMAN AVE., 1216—neatly furnished front room, all conveniences; couple or gentlemen.

STOCKTON AVE., WEST, 202—Nicely furnished rooms, every convenience.

UNION AVE., 905—Large front room, facing park; single man only. Private family; references required.

WASHINGTON AVE., 928—Two large connecting rooms, furnished complete for light housekeeping; private family; gas and bath.

WESTERN AVE., 826—Desirable newly furnished room; bath and gases; gentlemen; $10.

FOR RENT—UNFURNISHED ROOMS.

City and Suburban.

BURROWS ST., No. 5, off Robinson—3 unfurnished rooms, bath, gas, near cars.

DIVISION ST., 21, Ballevue—Two unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping, with bath.

FOR RENT—For business, 418 Penn ave., second floor, 4 rooms; will rent in suites of two rooms each; also finished attic. Inquire of Dr. Warner, on premises.

FOR RENT—Suite of 5 unfurnished rooms; bath and all conveniences. 2247 Center ave.

FLAVEL ST., 148, E. E.—Two unfurnished rooms; no children.

LORRAINE PLACE, 262—Furnished and unfurnished rooms; gas, bath.

MAIN ST., 4122, Bloomfield—Three unfurnished rooms, with bath, $11.

MIFFLIN AVE., 504, Wilkinsburg—Four unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping; bath and all conveniences; good location; take East Wilkinsburg car.

East End.

AMBER ST., 232—Furnished and unfurnished rooms; immediate possession.

HAMILTON AVE., 6805—Two furnished or unfurnished rooms, gas, bath and laundry.

THREE unfurnished rooms near Point Breeze, $18. Call room 201 Kuhn building, 6202 Penn ave.

Allegheny.

W. NORTH AVE., 919—Two connecting unfurnished rooms, suitable for doctor's or dentist's office; both gases; fine location.

Avalon.

CORNER Forest and Ohio sts.; 4 unfurnished rooms, with use of both and laundry; near trains and street cars.

ROOMS AND BOARD.

City and Suburban.

BOARDING—$3.50-$5.00 week—Central location; women only. 16 Eighth st.

CARSON ST., 2618, third flat—Refined young gentleman roommate; board.

CENTER AVE., 1902—Roomers and boarders wanted.

"CREVE COEUR CLUB," (1907-11 Forbes ave.)

Two handsomely furnished rooms, suitable for 2 or 3 young men. Rates reasonable. All the privileges. Meals if desired. Oakland.

FIFTH AVE., 2852—Furnished rooms with or without board; Clara R. Pitcairn.

FORBES ST., 3033—Nicely furnished front room with board; near Schenley Hotel.

MEALERS WANTED—$2.50 week; French and German kitchen. Call 1839 Penn ave.

PRIDE ST., 23—For rent, furnished room with or without board.

ROSS AVE., 728, Wilkinsburg—Furnished rooms, board if desired; 3 minutes to station.

SEWICKLEY—The Lely House—Select boarding; three minutes to station.

TUSTIN ST., 2008, city—Furnished room with or without board.

East End.

ATWOOD ST., 221—Two rooms for light housekeeping; board if desired.

BOUQUET ST., 3731, near Atwood—Three furnished rooms, desirable board; all conveniences; investigate.

CORNER Beatty and Baum, 170—Neatly furnished room, with first-class board.

DENNISTON AVE., 207—Neatly furnished room, bath adjoining; board if desired; private family.

FIFTH AVE., 4706—Newly furnished rooms; all conveniences; good table board.

FORBES ST., 5436—Nicely furnished rooms on second floor, with or without board.

HAMILTON AVE., 6924—Nicely furnished room with or without board.

OAKLAWN, corner of Center and Negley—A large second-story front room; first-class board; billiard room, etc.; and home comforts; one square from station; gentlemen only; references required.

OAKLAND AVE., 339—One large and one small room; board; private family.

PENN AVE., 5605—Front room, first floor; gentleman preferred; board if desired.

WANTED—One or two young men to board in private family; Oakland district; steam heat and bath; five car lines; reference required. Address B 30, The Gazette.

SHADY AVE., 253—Rooms and board.

SHADY AVE., 255—Furnished rooms; all conveniences; excellent board.

ST. JAMES ST., 518—Well furnished rooms, single or en suite; excellent home table board.

"THE IMPERIAL," 17 Frankstown ave.—Rooms furnished, also best 25c meal in city.

Allegheny.

E. STOCKTON AVE., 210—Suite of large furnished rooms; parlor and bedroom, with or without board; 5 minutes' walk from Pittsburgh.

NORTH AVE. W., 412—Two furnished rooms; all conveniences; board if desired.

SANDUSKY ST., 814—Very desirable furnished rooms; bath, gases; board if desired.

THERE'S a hotel in Allegheny, Pa., Where many nice people stay. Because here, its enjoyment and rest For the money is the very best. Located at Cedar and North avenue.; Furniture, carpets, everything new. Go at once to the Hotel Rowmont; Meals a quarter, what else do you want?

W. NORTH AVE., 18—21 regular 25c meals $4.00 at Wise's restaurant.

WASHINGTON ST., 724—Neatly furnished room; all conveniences; board if desired.

WESTERN AVE., 947—Boarders wanted; splendid neighborhood; all conveniences.

FOR RENT.

City and Suburban Residences.

FOR RENT—172 Robinson st., near Fifth ave., brick house, eight rooms, bath, range, laundry, furnace, slate porch. Possession April 1; $42.50 per month. See Commonwealth Real Estate & Trust Co., 327-329 Fourth ave.

East End Residences.

SHADYSIDE HOME FOR RENT OR SALE.

$750 a month for handsome brick residence near Fifth ave., overlooking Shadyside district. This house is most conveniently arranged; has 12 large rooms, hardwood finish, 2 bathrooms, linen closet, ladies' dressing room, butler's pantry, cemented laundry; lot 183x150 ft. The property is also for sale at a very reasonable figure.

REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 Fourth ave.

FOR RENT OR SALE,
SQUIRREL HILL MODERN HOME,

also a room for fine residence, corner of 2 paved streets; square and roomy halls and large reception hall; hardwood finish and floors and everything modern and convenient. The house is also for sale on terms to moderate.

REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 Fourth ave.

FOR RENT—Shadyside, 4725 Bayard st., near Neville; modern brick house of 13 rooms; 6 on first floor, 5 on second and 2 on third; with bath, furnace, cemented cellar and all modern conveniences; near all car lines; rent $1,200 per year. Inquire Henry Rea, Jr., 435 Neville st. Phone 242 East.

SEND for our rent list of East End houses and dwellings.

LIBERTY REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.
6128 Penn ave.

SEND for my list of East End houses. F. C. Van Gorder, 6212 Penn ave. Tel. 361.

Business Properties.

TO LET.

LARGE DOUBLE ROOM,

KLEBER MUSIC BUILDING,

221-223 Fifth ave.

Best retail location in Pittsburgh.

JANITOR SERVICE. HEAT, LIGHT AND ELEVATOR INCLUDED; $40 MONTH; MOST REASONABLE RENT ON FIFTH AVE!

FOR RENT.

Business Properties.

Liberty Ave. Lot, 72x174 ft. R. R. Siding.

TO LEASE OR FOR SALE—Very desirable for manufacturing, storage, stable, coal yard. See

COMMONWEALTH REAL ESTATE & TRUST CO.,
327 and 329 Fourth ave.

BUSINESS HOUSES.

FOR RENT—$3,000 and upwards per year, depending on size and location.
Liberty, near Tenth st., alley in rear.
Wood, near Third ave.
Fifth st., near Penn ave.
Smithfield, near Diamond st.
Second ave., near Wood st.
Penn ave., near Sixth st.
Send for printed list.

COMMONWEALTH REAL ESTATE & TRUST COMPANY,
327 and 329 Fourth ave.

LIGHT MANUFACTURING SPACE—In new Bailey-Farrell building, Third ave. and Ross st.; absolutely fire proof; fast freight and passenger elevators; light on four sides.
S. E. KINGSLEY, 717 Frick Building.
'Phone Court 14.

ALSO

Downtown warehouse and foundry to let, Fronting on First and Second avenues. Extra strong building, containing 20,700 sq. ft. floor space.
60 horse power engine and boiler.
An unusual opportunity; low rent.
S. E. KINGSLEY, 717 Frick Building.
'Phone Court 14.

FOR RENT.

The Bailey-Farrell property, 619-21 Smithfield st., two good 4-story buildings on Smithfield st., with shipping facilities on Strawberry alley.
Also space with power on Strawberry alley in same property.

H. L. WASS,
841 Sixth Ave.

BUSINESS HOUSE.

FOR RENT—Liberty st., near 10th, 3 floors; alley in rear.
COMMONWEALTH REAL ESTATE & TRUST CO.,
327 and 329 Fourth ave.

Storerooms.

FOR RENT.
Storeroom and warehouse, No. 715 Liberty avenue; at present occupied by Bartlett Furnace and Range Co. Inquire
H. & C. HOLBROWN,
424 Fourth ave.

STORE ROOM—For rent, April 1; one corner store room, 27x100; cellar same size, with warehouse 50x80; in center of business center in Latrobe, Pa. Address G. C. Hull, 339 Fifth ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Farms.

FOR RENT—56-acre farm; 6-room house, good orchard, etc.; 1 mile from Turtle Creek, Pa. Apply Turtle Creek Realty Company, Turtle Creek, Pa.

FOR RENT—Farm of 60 acres in Shaler township, 1¼ miles from Millvale car line. Inquire on premises, M. Theobald.

Apartments.

ELDERON APARTMENTS.
Do not rent in the dark until you have seen the handsome 3 and 4 room suites in the Elderon Apartments, corner Whitehidde and Friendship aves. The building is a solid brick, 3-story, modern structure, and the suites are most conveniently arranged and have every comfort; location the choicest. $27.50 and $37.50.
REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 Fourth ave.

APARTMENTS.
For Rent—At 44 Wyoming street, Mt. Washington, near head of Monongahela incline; 6 rooms, with bath, private cellar, laundry, gas, hot water furnished; can have possession at once.
APPLY 42 WYOMING STREET,
Mt. Washington.

HOMER APARTMENTS—In Homer st., East End, corner of Negley ave.; $27.50.

Offices.

TO LET CHOICE OFFICES } Rent $20 to $41.67 per month. First-class and fully up-to-date. Fittsimons Building, Fourth ave. See

COMMONWEALTH REAL ESTATE AND TRUST CO.,
327 and 329 Fourth Ave.

FOR RENT—Front or back office, second floor, typewriter service free; most central location. Rent reasonable. 420 Federal st., Allegheny.

OPERATING room and use of reception room; suitable for either doctor or dentist. 102 Smithfield st.

Lodge Rooms.

FOR RENT.
LODGE ROOM.
Large hall, 2d floor of Arnfeld building, 1119 Penn ave.; anterooms, committee rooms, private toilet room, heat, light and janitor service; rent $240 per annum for one night a week, or $120 for one night every other week.
BARR BROS. & CO.,
No. 412 Grant st.

Warehouses.

FOR RENT.
$3,500 WAREHOUSE,
22x80.
First ave., 6 stories, well lighted, very strong good elevator.
BARR BROS. & CO.,
NO. 412 Grant st.

FLOOR SPACE—Third and fourth floors together or separate, with offices on first floor from April 1. Cheap to desirable tenant. 646 Grant st.

Flats.

FOR RENT—$14, first floor flat, 831 Robinson st., Oakland, 6 rooms, bath.
HOME TRUST CO.,
541 Wood st.

FOR SALE.

City and Suburban Residences.

10 PER CENT INVESTMENT.
NEW FRAME HOUSES—Seven rooms, bath, gas, cabinet mantels, chandeliers, front and rear porches, etc.; street sewered and paved; 18th ward; renting for $216, will bring $240 this year. Price, each, $2,300. You have $1,000 cash and want something that will bear investigation, Address Owner, F 60, The Gazette.

A SMALL CASH PAYMENT.
In order to effect an immediate sale, an attractive frame dwelling of 8 rooms, bath and all conveniences; lot 40x142. Will be sold at a sacrifice. Property is valued at $7,500, but it must be sold regardless of value. Corner Ward and Elm sts., Oakland.
REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 Fourth ave.

$4,800.

IF SOLD BY FEBRUARY 27TH.
House, 9 rooms, reception hall, bath, furnace, paved street; near electric cars; good surroundings. Lot 80x120, in Wilkinsburg.
GEO. R. LAUMAN, 434 Fourth ave.

FOR SALE—House, 5 rooms and bath; new house in Crafton; price, $2,500; will sell on monthly payments. Owner, 1507 Arrott bldg.

FOR SALE—Houses cheap, on monthly payments; on Grove st. in West Park plan. Geo. S. Davis Co., Chartiers ave., McKees Rocks.

HOUSES—For Sale—Best values in Bellevue, 9 room reception hall frame houses; possession at once. Inquire 500 Federal st., Allegheny.

East End Residences.

MARYLAND COLONIAL HOME.
$27,500 (a small cash payment, balance long-term mortgage), will secure handsomely appointed home of Maryland Colonial type, situated in one of Shadyside's best streets; 2-story buff brick, 12 rooms, center hall, 5 bath rooms; billiard room in attic. Every modern appliance for comfort; lot 50x157 ft.; cemented-floored porch and cement steps; macadamized driveway and terraced lawn. Interior of house very attractive. Hardwood floors, cabinet finish woodwork throughout, handsome hardware, shades and draperies. Surrounded by homes costing $25,000 to $40,000.
REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 Fourth ave.

ANY REASONABLE OFFER WILL BE ACCEPTED
FOR MODERN 8-ROOM HOUSE IN M'PHERSON ST., NEAR LINDEN AVE.
$8,500 WAS THE PRICE,
BUT OWING TO OWNER'S ABSENCE, FROM THE CITY,
WILL SELL FOR LESS.
Real Estate Trust Co.,
311 Fourth Ave.

FOR SALE.

East End Residences.

HANDSOME SHADYSIDE HOME.
For Sale—In one of the main avenues in Shadyside district; fine residence property; embracing 3-story brick residence of 11 large rooms, reception hall, bathroom, laundry and front stable and carriage house; lot 60x210; macadamized driveway; price reduced to $18,500, to make immediate sale; possession April 1. Get permit from us to see through house.
REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 Fourth ave.

HIGH-CLASS MODERN RESIDENCE IN SQUIRREL HILL DISTRICT.
For Sale—New modern residence; Pompeiian brick; front and side porches; 14 large rooms; all hardwood finish; gymnasium full length of house, 3 bathrooms, 2 furnaces, combination light fixtures; lot 85x185; price $24,000, or with lot 124x185, fronting on 2 streets, $26,000; corner of two favorite avenues of Squirrel Hill district.
REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 Fourth ave.

TO BE SOLD AT A SACRIFICE.
A $14,000 brick residence of 11 rooms, 2 bath rooms and all conveniences, with lot 65x160 to alley, will be sold at much less than real value in order to effect quick sale. Make us an offer. The house is on one of Squirrel Hill's best corners, has hardwood floors, 2 furnaces and is beautifully decorated.
REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 Fourth ave.

$7,500.
SHADYSIDE RESIDENCE.
In order to close up an estate, nice residence in Mariposa st., near Center ave., is offered at the low price of $7,500; house contains 9 rooms, bath, reception hall; lot 50x120 ft.; nice lawn; now rents for $50 a month; possession April 1.
REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 Fourth ave.

TWO FAST END RESIDENCES.
For only $8,000 each; two nice 8-room brick dwellings in Beatty st., East End, near Stanton ave. Large lots, choice location. Will sell for ¼ cash, balance mortgage.
REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 Fourth ave.

SQUIRREL HILL, NEAR SCHENLEY PARK.
Will sell for only $14,000, beautiful new home of 12 rooms, situated on Irwin ave.; best street in Squirrel Hill district; house is tastefully decorated, has hardwood finish throughout; large porch; lot 50x140 feet.
REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 Fourth ave.

FOR SALE—Highland Park district, two modern dwellings, complete, on desirable streets. W. S. Wakefield, owner, 705 Ferguson block, 103-2 Court.

FOR SALE—Brick house, No. 7308 Dennistion ave., Swissvale. Take Swissvale cars to Denniston ave. Will sell on monthly payments.

Allegheny Residences.

Three Perfectly Equipped Modern Houses—New,

Ten rooms, reception hall; fine mantels; tiled bath room, tiled vestibule; hardwood floor in dining room; large porches; water heater and many other conveniences.

Offered Below the Cost of Building.

Two of these houses are in half brick and one in red brick, and are situated on the Brighton road, near Benton ave.
The brightest and cleanest district in Allegheny.
Keys can be had at Kleber, No. 221 Fifth ave., or on adjoining property.

FOR SALE.
HOME ON EAST PARK.
Nothing better in Allegheny—price and location considered. Three-story brick residence, 12 rooms, two bath rooms, both gases, instantaneous water heater and other up-to-date conveniences, all in fine condition; No. 563 Union ave., fronting East Park, with 2-story brick stable and carriage house fronting rear alley. Location unsurpassed, above high-water, fine view of river, convenient to market, etc., and only 15 minutes' walk to city. Immediate possession.
S. ARNOLD & CO.,
424 Fourth ave.

WANT A NICE HOME?
An Allegheny residence bargain; corner lot, 22x100 feet; two-story and attic brick, ten rooms, bath room, both gases and other modern conveniences; situated at 508 Washington ave., square from East park above high water; convenient to market, etc., and only 15 minutes' walk to city. Possession April 1.
S. ARNOLD & CO.,
424 Fourth ave.

CALIFORNIA AVE., 347—Six-rooms and mansard, bath, finished laundry, heater, instantaneous water heater, slate mantels, tile hearths, both gases, back portch, cellar, cemented entrance, vestibule, cemented cellar; small back building; lot 25x150 ft.; a bargain. $4,000. Inquire within, chickens.

ALLEGHENY HOME FOR $2,700.
A nice 6-room frame, Fountain ave., near James st., Allegheny; will be sold for $2,700 ($1,000 cash, remainder mortgage); large lot; all conveniences. Possession April 1; will rent for $30.
REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 Fourth ave.

Farms.

FOR SALE—Farm 354 acres, one mile from Beaver Falls, Pittsburgh & Lake Erie and Fort Wayne railroads. Stream through level bottom land. Main road used for coal. Three veins of fire clay and three feet of coal. Good location for firebrick or sewer pipe works; eight room house, large barn, corn crib, wagon shed, pig pen and spring house. Will exchange for good renting city property. Also two other farms for sale. James H. Welch, 307 House bldg., No. 4 Smithfield st., city.

FARM of 150 acres, in Greene township, Beaver county, Pa., three miles south of Hookstown, on Pittsburgh grade; new two-story frame house, good frame barn and all other necessary buildings; best of water at both house and barn; fruit of all kinds; 125 acres under cultivation; farm in best of repair; price $6,000. Address Homer Torrence, administrator, Beaver, Pa.

GOOD FARM, only 8 miles' walk from railroad station, less than 20 miles from the city; 70 acres, with orchard, good barn, small house; underlaid with three veins of coal, producing oil wells on adjoining properties; price, $300 per acre. S. H. Lloyd, 6022 Penn ave.

FARMS.
Send for our new January list of farms.
A. C. M'COMB & CO., 236 Fourth ave.

FOR SALE—DESIRABLE OHIO FARMS.
Send stamp for 1904 illustrated list.
NEAL & CLAYPOOLE, OAKMONT, PA.

FARM FOR SALE—32 acres, 25 miles from city; particulars see Miss McCrum, 7231 Susquehanna st.

FARMS! ALL SIZES AND PRICES.
Send for our list.
ROYAL REALTY CO., 605 Times Bldg.

Business Properties.

GLASS FACTORY FOR SALE.
A fine chance is now offered to any reliable party wishing to begin the manufacturing of any kind of glassware. A glass factory, including 12-pot furnace, gas producer and other necessary buildings, with 15½ acres of ground and excellent siding facilities, will be sold for $10,000, little more than one-half original cost. Situated on railroad, within 45 miles of Pittsburgh, and has Pittsburgh freight rates. Brick buildings 80x200 feet.
REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 Fourth ave.

Manufacturing Sites.

SPLENDID MANUFACTURING SITE.
For Sale—In the heart of Lawrenceville, more than 3 acres of level ground, with B. & O. and P. R. R. sidings; several hundred feet frontage on each railroad; the only property in Lawrenceville unmatched for direct and having sidings of two railroads; good office building on premises; possession at once; will sell at reasonable price; one-third cash, balance 5 per cent mortgage.
REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 Fourth ave.

ALLEGHENY MANUFACTURING SITE.
For Sale—Low price to good party and easy terms; 20,000 sq. ft. of ground, with large 3-story brick building, containing 20,000 sq. ft. of floor space; fronts on 3 streets, Fifth ward, Allegheny; well equipped with power, elevator, shafting, steam heat, modern fire protection; electric light, spacious offices; on premises are stable of 14 stalls and wagon sheds; property suitable for light manufacturing, storage or general merchandise business; possession April 1.
REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 Fourth ave.

SMALL MANUFACTURING SITE.
An $18,000 manufacturing site, 85x190 ft., in McKees Rocks, has been reduced to $16,000 to effect quick sale. Property has railroad siding; ground level as a floor; frame and brick buildings on premises, one of them equipped with boiler and engine worth $1,000.
REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 Fourth ave.

Atlantic City, N. J., Residences.

FOR SALE—Atlantic City cottage, 14 rooms, two baths, 300 feet from board walk. Address 216 Oriental ave., J. L. Lowden.

For Sale or Rent.

A NICE HOME for a small cash payment, and balance same as rent; we have several nice houses to let at $22 per month.
WEST PITTSBURGH IMPROVEMENT CO.,
401 Fourth ave.

Real Estate—Special.

BE INDEPENDENT—Buy a farm; we have a large list. 505 Hamilton bldg.

Sales.

FOR SALE—Two large safes, suitable for jewelers or others; cheap. Guarantee Title & Trust Co., receiver A. E. Silver Co.

FOR SALE.

Business Opportunities.

FINE HOTEL FOR SALE.
One of the best hotels in Westmoreland county, Pa., only 30 miles from Pittsburgh; is offered for sale at $26,000 ($16,000 cash, remainder 2-year mortgage). Price includes furniture, fixtures and stock on hand. Hotel clears $9,000 a year. This is a great chance for anyone wishing to take hold of a first-class established hotel.
REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 Fourth ave.

BUSINESS of all kinds bought and sold; partners secured for established business, etc.; all transactions strictly confidential.
KIRK & VOGEL, 1109 Arrott Building.

BUSINESS CHANCES—Before buying, call or write us.
ESTEP & CO., 326 Fourth ave.

COME in today and see our large list of business opportunities.
MILLER & CO., 421 Fourth ave.

IF YOU WANT to buy or sell any kind of business, see CAVANAGH CO., 431 Fourth ave.

Machinery.

MACHINERY.

AIR COMPRESSORS for all duties,
ROCK DRILLS,
GAS PUMPS,
STEAM PUMPS, single and duplex,
POWER PUMPS,
DEEP WELL PUMPS.
In stock and built to order.

HALL STEAM PUMP COMPANY,
215 Grant ave., Allegheny, Pa.
Near Union Bridge.

Bell 'Phone 554 North.
P. & A. 'Phone 155 North.

—HEATERS AND CONDENSERS—
—Condenser—
1½x7x10" Worthington 1st pipe, 6" exhaust.
10x14x15" Deane jet pipe, 8" exhaust.
12x14x15" Worthington jet pipe, 14" exhaust.
Wheeler surface type, 24" exhaust.
—FEED WATER HEATERS—
100 H. P. heater, with iron coil.
150 H. P. Pittsburgh, with iron pans.
200 H. P. with brass coil.
1,200 H. P. Hoppes, with iron pans.
Also Engines and Boilers.
WICKES BROTHERS,
45th st and A. V. R. R., Pittsburgh, Pa.
Both 'Phones.

ARE YOU INTERESTED IN GAS AND STEAM ENGINES?
Gas and Gasoline Engines for any purpose. All sizes from 1 H. P. Stationary or Portable Boilers, Power Pumps, Dynamos, Shafting, Hangers, Pulleys, etc. Also gasoline and steam Hoisting Engines. It's worth your while to see what we have.
THANTER MFG. CO.,
105 Water st., Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR SALE—Boilers and engines, all sizes, from 3 to 125 H. P., stationary and portable upright boilers and engines; large assortment kept in stock; shafting, pulleys and hangers, and large lot miscellaneous machinery; second-hand belting, leather and rubber; large stock of all sizes at low prices; machinery of all kinds bought and sold.
JOHN S. YOUNG,
108-110 Park way, Allegheny, Pa.

CONTRACTORS' MACHINERY.
We have timbers and castings in stock to build Hoists, Derricks, etc.
Also a large stock of new and second hand HOISTS AND BOILERS.
CONTRACTORS SUPPLY CO., Park Bldg.

New——GAS ENGINES—Second-hand.
236—THE FAIRBANKS CO.—236 5th ave.
1—2-h. p.; 1—35 h. p. Otto.
Horizontal and Vertical.

HOISTING ENGINES—Sale or rent; prompt delivery. Phoenix Steel Construction Company Ltd., Penn ave. and Third st., Pittsburgh.

GAS ENGINES and Woodworking Machinery. BROOKS MACHINERY CO., 4th and Liberty.

Horses and Vehicles.

HORSES FOR SALE—Six good work horses, harness and wagons; will sell together or separate. Wm. M. Craig, 7632 Frankstown ave. Bell 'phone 2370 East.

A NUMBER of old wagons for sale.
WARD-MACKEY CO.

Pianos.

FOR SALE—PIANO CHANCES.
Square pianos of all makes at $15, $25, $85, $40, $50; good condition; just the thing for beginners.
KLEBER'S PIANO MANUFACTURERS,
221-223 Fifth ave.

Oil Production.

ED. WITTISH, 424 Fifth avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa., offers for sale several good, settled productions, for particulars, call.

Typewriters.

GOOD REMINGTON and Smith Premier, latest model, at your own price. Underwood Typewriter Co., 241 Fifth ave.

Miscellaneous.

OPPORTUNITY FOR BARGAINS!
Contents of musical studio, including mandolins, violins, guitars, cellos, banjos; also household furniture. Call at once. 8811 Forbes st., near Boquet st., Oakland.

FOR SALE—Large lot of loose diamonds and rings (to dealers). Guarantee Title & Trust Company, receiver A. E. Silver Co.

LEGAL NOTICES.

JOHN W. THOMAS, Attorney-at-Law, Pittsburgh, Pa. Orphans' court sale. Estate of Barbara Freudenrauch, deceased. Partition No. 1, December term, 1903. By virtue of two decrees of Orphans' court of Allegheny county, Pa., the undersigned will expose at public sale on the premises, Etna borough, Allegheny county, Pa., on Wednesday, March 9, 1904, at 2 o'clock p. m., all that certain tract of land situate in the borough of Etna, which has been divided into two purparts as shown in plan filed in these proceedings, said purparts are respectively bounded and described as follows, to wit: Purpart A—Beginning on the northerly side of the Butler Plank road at the southwest corner of Purpart A; thence north 60 degrees 38 minutes east, along said Plank road 27.5 feet to a point; thence northwestwardly and along line of property of Selman; thence north along Selman's line 55.59 feet to a pin; thence north 88 degrees 14 minutes 20 seconds west, 48.8 feet to a pin; thence south 60 degrees 50 minutes west, 35.31 feet to the line of purpart A, and thence southeastwardly along line of purpart A, 71.96 feet to the Butler Plank road, at the place of beginning, which is erected a two-story frame dwelling.

Terms of Sale—Ten per cent of the purchase price in cash on day of sale; one-third, including cash payment, on delivery of deed; one-third in one year; and one-third in two years; deferred payments to be secured by bond and their payment with 6% interest and insurance clauses, with interest at 6 per cent from day of sale, with the right, however, to the purchaser to pay the whole of the purchase money on confirmation of sale and on delivery of deed. Jacob Dietrich, Trustee. John Federkeil, auctioneer.

JACKSON & LANG, Attorneys-at-Law, 1602 Frick Building, Pittsburgh, Pa. Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Governor of Pennsylvania on Wednesday, the 9th day of March, 1904, by James T. Steen, Daniel C. Jenkins and Howard M. Jenkins, under the act of assembly entitled "An act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved April 29, 1874, and the supplements thereto, for the charter of an intended corporation to be called Elevator Advertising Equipment Company," the character and object of which is the manufacture of iron or steel, or both, or of any other metal, or of any article of commerce of any metal, or wood, or both, and for these purposes to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of said act of assembly and supplements thereto. Jackson & Lang, solicitors.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the governor of Pennsylvania on March 1, 1904, by Charles J. Andrews, Forest R. Nichols, George J. Buehler, Leo C. Burkhart and James A. Fogarty, under the act of assembly, entitled "An act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved April 29, 1874, and the supplements thereto, for the charter of an intended corporation to be called Club Restaurant Company, the character and object of which is the establishing and conducting of a restaurant and eating house, and for these purposes to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of said act of assembly and supplements thereto. Lee & Mackey, solicitors.

CLERK'S NOTICE IN BANKRUPTCY—In the district court of the United States for the Western district of Pennsylvania. Otto George Schultz of Pittsburgh, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, a bankrupt under the act of congress of July 1, 1898, having applied for a full discharge from all debts provable against his estate under said act, notice is hereby given to all known creditors and other persons in interest to appear before the said court at Pittsburgh, in said district, on the 15th day of March, 1904, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted." William T. Lindsey, clerk.

WILLIAM HUNTER, Attorney-at-Law, No. 414 Grant street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Charles E. Porter, deceased, late of Allegheny county, have been granted to the undersigned, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will make them known without delay. Jane Porter, executrix, No. 715 College avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

POSTOFFICE NOTICE.

UNCALLED FOR LETTERS remaining in the Pittsburgh Postoffice, February 22.

When calling for letters please mention the above date.

LADIES' LIST.

A—Mrs. A. B. Astle, Mrs. D. Adheson, Marian Adamszky, Mrs. Jennie Adamson, Catherine Alberth, Mrs. J. T. Albright, Mrs. John Allred, Mrs. Maud Alexander, Mrs. Laura Alexander, Mrs. H. P. Allen, Mrs. Bessie M. Allen, Estella Alter, Dr. Elizabeth S. J. Anderson, Mrs. Fred Ammuller, Mrs. Harriet Arthurs.

B—Ella Barr, Mrs. Virginia Banks, Mrs. M. A. Bannantine, Mrs. Ray Barber, Mary F. Barry, Miss B. Barr, Mrs. Helen, Mrs. Emma Bond, Mrs. J. Bell, Nora Benstead, Mrs. E. W. Bishop, Lulu Black, Mrs. Emma Booker, Mrs. Rose Bray, Mrs. Brown, Annie F. J. Brown, Mrs. Mary, Ellen Bryson, Mrs. Lena H. Brown, Mrs. D. C. Bryce, Tillie Burgune, Minnie Burgoon (2), Fanny Bush.

C—Rita Campbor, Emma Cameron, Katharine Campbell, Mrs. James Campbell, Grace Carter, May Carrol, Mrs. M. Champeni, Miss L. M. Chase, Mrs. Elizabeth Chess, May Clawson, Mrs. Pearlie Clark, Letthy Cohen, Mrs. Mary Low Cobb, Mrs. Arthur Cochran, Mrs. Grace Collins, Elizabeth Coleman, Mary Connors, Mrs. M. D. Connell, Mrs. Mozzella Cook, Norma R. Cooper, Mrs. W. G. Crawford, Mrs. M. A. Crawford, Imelda Cramer, Mrs. Ina R. Creasy, Mrs. Crowe, E. Blanche Curtis, Amili Cvelic (2).

D—Mrs. C. Danlen, Mrs. Clara Davidson, Marguerite E. Davie, Dayso Dell, Dayspoint, Miss I. Debold, Addie Dennis, Mrs. Jno. C. Dick, Mrs. Eliza H. Dickson, Mrs. Jennie B. Dickson, Mary Dimon, Mrs. Elizabeth Dodin, Mrs. Laura Donald, Imelda Cramer, Mrs. Ina R. Creasy, Mrs. Crowe, E. Blanche Curtis, Amili Cvelic (2).

E—Mrs. Hirsha Eastly, Mrs. C. B. Eblen, Grace Eby, Minnie Ecker, Mrs. C. L. Eckert, Mrs. S. E. Elliott, Mrs. Eva P. Elliott, Mrs. Laura Emerson.

F—Mrs. Falcon (For), Mrs. Susan Feighley, Mrs. W. A. Fenton, Miss Ferne, Mrs. Emma Ferrall, Mrs. Rose Fishburgige, Miss R. C. Fullerton.

G—Mrs. Emma Gallagher, Mrs. E. A. Gardner, Mrs. Mary Gedgey, Linnie Gerder, Mrs. Will E. Getty, Mrs. Wm. Gibson, Mrs. Bella Gilmore, Mrs. John D. Gill, Theresa Gillen, Mrs. William Goines, Mrs. Charly Golden, Agnes Gorey, Mrs. A. Graham, Mrs. Bertha Graney, Mrs. Eliza Greene, Flora Green, Mrs. M. E. Green, Lottie B. Griffith (D. L.), Ethel Griffin, Mrs. Thomas E. Grimes, Miss M. E. Grofton, Mrs. Gwin.

H—Mrs. J. L. Hamilton, Mrs. Hanze, Mrs. Nellie Hape, Stella Harvey, May E. Hare, Mrs. Mary Harper, Mrs. Chile Hatcher, Mrs. Hazel Haynes, Mrs. Mattie Hayden, Mrs. Mary Hector, Orpha Hester, Mary Hoinza, Mrs. Hattie Henson, Mrs. Carrie B. Herr, Mrs. Martha Hill, Mrs. Hattie Hill, Mrs. Minnie Hodge, Mrs. Henrietta Hoes, Marie Howe, Mrs. M. H. Huskins.

I—Mrs. H. P. Ihmsen, Isabel G. Ingles.

J—Mrs. M. Johnson, Mal I. Johnson, Miss M. E. Johnson, Mabel Johnson, Mrs. Jones.

K—Mrs. W. G. Keefe, Mae Kelly, Mrs. Jennie Kennedy, Mrs. William B. Kestican, Mrs. Isreal Right, Mrs. J. J. Kilrog, Maggie Kinzinhoz, Mrs. Rosie Kindle, Annie Kling, Nora Klinefing, Mrs. Elisabeth M. Kitchen, Mrs. B. Kuechter.

L—Mrs. Evelyn Larimere, Mrs. Margaret Laughrige, Mrs. Mary, Ellie Laylergor, Irene Layton, Mrs. V. Lehmeir, Addie Lemon, Mrs. Mathilda Lewis, Viola Lewis, Nellie O. Locking, Mrs. Annie P. Logan, Mrs. Long, Lizzie Lockobough, Kate Lowry, Mrs. Thama Lynard (For.).

M—Josie Makinson, Ada Mansfield, Mrs. Hattie March, Miss N. M. Means, Mrs. Fannie B. Alagarney, Mrs. Mary, Ellie Mayberger, Mary Miller, Mrs. Martha Miller, Elma Miller, Jane Montague, Mrs. Howard Monroe, Edna Moore, Rose A. Moore, Tilley Moore, Mrs. Lizzie Morris, Mrs. Mary Morgan, Mary E. J. Moreland, Mama Morance, Nellie Mosly (D. L.), Maggie Mosca, Mrs. Emma Munn, Miss J. Murphy, Mrs. Amy Murphy, Mrs. G. K. Myers, Margaret McCandless, Mrs. Amanda McClelland, Adah McClements, Georgie D. McDanel, Mrs. J. McElwain, Ella McDraw, Mrs. Irene McIntosh, Mrs. Margaret McIlath, Carolyn McLean, Martha McMaster, Lucy McMahon, Florence McMurdy, Mrs. C. McNilty, Mary McNish, Mrs. Esther McNary, Sadie L. McQuigg, Mrs. M. L. McRoberts.

N—Sena Nevlenger.

O—Mise O'Bryan, Mrs. W. B. Ochs (D. L.), Mrs. Lizzie Oglesby, Opal O'Key, Ruth Orr.

P—Mollie Page, Mrs. C. M. Patterson, Mrs. A. Phillips, Mrs. Dick Pokvsina, Mrs. Rose Parchet, Madame Porter (For.), Mrs. Venia S. Porter, Mrs. Martha J. Povell, Carrie L. Frager, Nellie Lee Prather.

R—Mrs. Lolly Rachel, Stella Reese, Mrs. Julia B. Reid, Carrie Rhoades (D. L.), Mrs.

OVERFLOWING AUDIENCES THE RULE AT EVANGELISTIC REVIVAL SERVICES

Encouraging Meetings Were Held in Each of the Central Districts.

WORKERS TO MEET TODAY

With more than 50 meetings, the majority of which were crowded to the doors and overflowing, the closing week of the simultaneous evangelistic campaign was auspiciously inaugurated yesterday. The attendance was double that of the previous Sunday, notwithstanding the inclement weather. Three thousand persons gathered in the Alvin theater yesterday afternoon to hear the Rev. W. E. Biederwolf preach on "The White Life." Before the hour set for the services to begin the building was crowded and more than 1000 were turned away from the doors.

The attendance was equally large at the Lyceum theater, where the Rev. S. Edward Young conducted his usual Sunday afternoon meeting for men. The meetings held in Allegheny by Dr. J. Wilbur Chapman, S. A. Hadley and Dr. James M. Gray, were attended by enthusiastic worshipers. In the Hilltop district Dr. L. L. Eaton opened the revival in the Knoxville Presbyterian church to large crowds.

The novelty at the Alvin theater meeting was a whistling choir, composed of Pittsburg newsies, recruited from the inmates of the Newsboys' home. The boys had been asked by Prof. Harry Maxwell to sing for the meetings, but they declared that their voice culture had been confined to shouting "extras" and suggested to him that they could whistle religious tunes with more effect.

Formed Chorus of Newsboys.

Prof. Maxwell was pleased with the idea and formed a chorus of 60 of the brightest lads in the home. They had seats upon the stage yesterday and whistled several melodies with keen spirit, and were so successful that they will be asked to appear at the Fourth Avenue Baptist church tomorrow night.

The meeting at the Alvin brought out the most cosmopolitan congregation that has yet attended a revival. Comparatively few were regular churchgoers. Many in the audience belonged to the class that usually is entirely indifferent to religious influences. Some probably had scarcely the slightest understanding of the Bible or its precepts. The latter class composed Mr. Biederwolf's most sincere auditors, and rough-appearing man were demonstrative to a degree that surprised the evangelist.

Mr. Biederwolf spoke from Psalm cxix:9, "Wherewithal shall a young man cleanse his way." He told the story of Absalom's downfall and of how David gave himself up to weeping over his boy's wasted life. He said the smile of fortune often makes a man unfortunate and that he is invariably the most admired road to hell. Speaking of profanity, he said:

There are victims of certain habits for which I feel a sense of pity; but there is no excuse absolutely senseless and so little to be excused as this outbreak of sending a man's lips with the most holy name of God in profanity, and the man who gives himself up to it, and makes no effort or has no desire to cease from ill, is low-grained in his fibre.

Hot Shot for Gamblers.

I think a gambler is about the meanest and lowest and most contemptible thing that passes for a man of all things that draw breath under the heaven of God—a man who will risk another man's money on the simple plea that he can a rise of losing his own. A gambler will gamble his money and his honor and his home and his love and his manhood on the color of his passion and then will shuffle his cards and rattle his dice on the coffin of his victims and pocket the blood-red gold of his murdered soul.

If I had a boy of my own, I would rather see him living in the slimy air of some foul dungeon, with scorpions and lizards and toads for his companions, than to see him form the friendship of men who consider dirty words things to laugh at. Paul said to Timothy, "Keep thyself pure," and the doctrine that impurity is a necessity is a damnable fallacy. Some men who would be insulted if you call him a doctor and is telling your young men that such a thing is essential to health, isn't fit to go into a decent home in the city.

The Bijou meeting was in celebration of the jubilee of Mr. Young's enterprise. Saturday afternoon gatherings having been held since he inaugurated his series of services. In the audience yesterday were many members of the police and firemen of the two cities. Besides the boys of various labor organizations Mme. Witzek of Austria rendered sacred selections on the violin, with Helen M. Wickersham as accompanist. Basso Wilbur Hooper of New York sang solos, and Tyro Harper Morgan's gowned chorus rendered anthems. Mr. Young spoke on "Temptation," from Hebrews ii:18, "In that He Himself hath suffered being tempted, He is able to succor them that are tempted."

Large Crowd at Oakland Church.

At the First United Presbyterian church in Oakland, yesterday morning, Dr. E. P. Hallenbeck preached from the familiar text, "And Enoch walked with God," Genesis, v:24. Dr. Hallenbeck was greeted by a large congregation. He said:

"Enoch walked with God does not mean merely at intervals to speak to Him or to pray to Him for that. The way to the King's throne is always open. It is our privilege to go there with our needs and our desires, but this is only the least of the heavenly privilege. If we will, we may dwell by the King's throne; we may walk hand in hand with the King.

"The Characteristics and Power of True Evangelism," was the title of a sermon preached yesterday morning by Dr. W. B. Stutz in the Lavin Avenue Methodist Episcopal church, from the text, Matthew xxi:10, "When Jesus came into Jerusalem all the city was moved." He said:

"Pittsburgh is our Jerusalem. The presence of Christ's followers in this city is no actual as that He entered Jerusalem 1900 years ago. Hence, one of the chief characteristics of true evangelism is a profound conviction that Christ is real. The Bible claims Him to be that He is a living, active person, able to save anyone who will obediently yield himself to His way.

Pittsburgh and Allegheny county are now being moved by the same presence that moved Jerusalem when Jesus entered the holy city. This is because 80,000 believers have been driven home to their need and praying for the conversion of families, friends and foes to the omnipotent power of helpless man. This is the only time for the development of spiritual manhood for some men of this city. It must be now or never.

Large Crowd Heard Dr. Robertson.

In Grace Reformed church, near Schenley park, Dr. John H. Prugh, pastor, a large audience yesterday morning greeted the noted evangelist from Scotland, Dr. John F. Robertson. With tender, sympathetic speech, prompted by his great heart, the preacher swayed his hearers at will, as he spoke of "The Call of Jesus to His Church," from the text, "Come with me, my bride," song of Solomon, iv:8. Dr. Robertson said in part:

Come with me from Lebenon; Christ loves the church, and gave Himself for it that He might sanctify it. It is a four-billed land that she has to leave, and the first hill is that of Amanah. "Come with me from Lebanon," from the mountain of snow. Is it snowy here, this world? It is. The snow falls thick; and souls try to get themselves warm by the fire of sins here and there. It will never do. Christ says to the soul, "Come away with me from the snowy land." There is a better. There is a sunny land. In our Scotland the swallows are all warm; but they stay with us till the snow flakes thicken the air. There is a stirring in the little feathery breasts, and you will see them gather together on the housetops, and in the consultation that is had, they tell each other the desires of their hearts, and they leave for the sunny land of Africa. It is God's whisper to the little Scotch bern swallows that He has provided a land where no snow falls, where no frost comes, and they obey Him. So with the Lord Jesus Christ. He has provided a sunny land, a land in which there is no sorrow, no pain, no sadness. "Come unto me all ye that labor and are heavy laden, and I will give you rest." Come away from the mountain of snow, thou chosen one. Come away to my land of sunshine and rest for souls. That is His voice to the soul. Come away from the mountain of snow.

Dr. Chapman in Homewood.

Dr. Chapman preached yesterday morning in the Homewood Avenue Presbyterian church, his topic being "On Mine Account," laying particular stress upon the value of profession. He said:

"There are some things in this world so dreadful that we cannot look upon them, some things are so horrible that the thought of them makes us sick, but there is nothing in this world so horrible as sin and the thought of sin to Jesus Christ, and yet He became sin for us.

"Our sins are like the sands of the sea in number. They are scarlet and crimson in their dyes, but the scriptures tell us that they are cast as far as the east is from the west, which is a distance that can never be measured. They tell us that they are cast behind His back, and that is surely comforting, but we come to God as a sinner. We must

PROF. E. M. KAY.

Who organized Carnegie choir of 200 voices and taught hymns to children in public schools.

stand between me and God, and when I confess Jesus Christ as my Saviour, God takes these same sins and puts them behind His back, so that now God is between me and my sins. The scriptures also declare that when our sins are confessed and forsaken God remembers them against us no more forever. And when they rise at the judgment One stands before God in our behalf with pierced hands and thorn-marked brow, saying: "Father, put that on Mine account."

The feature of the revival today will be the all-day conference and prayer, which will begin in the Fourth Avenue Baptist church at 10 o'clock in the morning and continue until noon, when the workers will go to the Second Presbyterian church. Drs. Chapman and Calhoun will preside, and in the "good cheer" meeting all the ministers of the various central districts will be expected to make reports. Dr. Gray will address the workers. Dr. Chapman will conduct the noonday meeting in the Second church, and at 2 p. m. S. H. Hadley, superintendent of the Water Street mission, New York, will speak and will be followed by Dr. L. W. Munhall. Dr. Robertson will preach. All the evangelistic singers will attend.

Three big meetings were held in Oakland. Dr. Hallenbeck in the afternoon addressed 500 children in the First United Presbyterian church and more than 100 professed Christianity, while 85 signed cards, and at a men's meeting in the same place, in the evening, the results were equally hopeful to the workers. Dr. Prugh addressed a woman's meeting in the Oakland Methodist Episcopal church last night and Clifton Powers, the evangelistic singer with Dr. Gray, sang several selections.

ETERNAL LIFE DEMANDS A TOTAL SURRENDER

Creeds, Sacraments, Prayer Nor Church-Going Can Satisfy the Soul's Longings.

"Hungering and Thirsting Men" was the subject of a sermon delivered yesterday morning by the Rev. Dr. Maitland Alexander, pastor of the First Presbyterian church, at the Alvin theater. His text was from Isaiah, lv:1, "Ho, every one that thinketh; come yet to the waters." The sermon was, in part, as follows:

There are many different voices in the universe proclaiming the needs of all created things. There are the voices of plant life, proclaiming in their own ways, the thirst of every growing thing; there are the voices of animal life, proclaiming the physical needs of all created beings, and there are the invitations of the soul, telling of the needs which every soul has, of the thirst for better things, which comes when the God-given faculties assert themselves. The Bible speaks of hungering and thirsting after righteousness, a longing for greater purity, greater holiness, greater rectitude of life, greater peace and greater victory over sin.

There are those who belittle this hunger and thirst and even deny its existence; those who say it is only the evidence of a morbid mind. There are others that say, "Here is food to satisfy your hunger; here are sin, pleasure, amusement of every kind, position, power and influence; partake of these and your soul's hunger will be obliterated." But the exactations of business, the galeties of social life, the forgetfulness of sin, none of these can quench the thirst for a God-like and righteous life. Religion, the religion of Jesus Christ, alone, can satisfy the longings of the soul. Holiness and personal attachment to Him alone, gives satisfaction.

Religious form will not do; attendance at church services, the sacraments will not do, even reading the Bible-reading will not satisfy. There must be the absolute and personal surrender of the life to the Saviour; His example must be the standard. His will the law, His service the keenest pleasure. In all things, He must have the pre-eminence if this is the relation of the soul to Christ, then His cross guarantees our reconciliation, His life our indwelling power. His peace will then be the calming and restraining influence over all our lives.

FINANCIERS TO HELP THE PARIS BOURSE

Will Put in Operation Measures Today to Prevent a Continuance of the Depression.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS CABLE TO THE GAZETTE.]

PARIS, Feb. 21.—Prominent financiers have been in consultation today and measures were taken which will be put into operation tomorrow to prevent a continuance of the depression which, since the opening of the war in the far east and particularly during Friday and Saturday last, characterized the bourse. The government is assisting the efforts by positively denying that there is any ground for alarm over further complications.

The serious result of the weakness of the market is shown by the estimates of securities listed on the bourse, which have diminished in value about 1,000,000,000,000 francs within the past two weeks.

Since February 5 French rentes dropped 3 francs 97 centimes; English consols, 2 francs 25 centimes; Spanish exteriors, 31 francs 10 centimes; Russian 4 per cent consols, 7 francs; Brazilian 4s, 5 francs 30 centimes; Bank of Paris, 98 francs; Credit Lyonnaise, 37 francs; Suez, 200 francs; Thompson-Houston, 50 francs, and Rio Tintos, 64 francs.

It is recognized that something must be done to stop the reckless efforts to sell. All the financiers who discussed the matter today united in stating that the crisis was pre-eminently produced by speculation based upon the general fear of complications arising out of the war between Russia and Japan. It is because of this that capital has been timid of intervening.

The financiers who have been consulting today propose to act together to uphold the market tomorrow, and this, taken with the denial of the sensational reports from Berlin and Madrid and by the government here, is expected to bring about a reaction or at least to produce a firmer market.

M. DeVerneuil, a member of a prominent company operating on the bourse, called attention today to the fact that the tone of the bourse in itself was excellent.

"I believe," he said, "that very shortly, from Monday even, the market will be strong, and will resume its normal course."

Services for Prisoners at Jail.

The Rev. E. R. Donehoo conducted the religious services at the jail yesterday, and was assisted in the singing by the Misses Elizabeth and Alice Stephens, Morris Stephens and E. C. Clark.

WINES, CORDIALS AND EXTRACTS

of cod liver oil act about the same on a weakened system as a cocktail does on an empty stomach. If any good is accomplished in either case the medical world has yet to find it out.

The reason Scott's Emulsion affords effective and permanent relief and cure in all wasting diseases is because it restores health through nourishment, not through alcoholic stimulation.

PASTOR C. T. RUSSELL DISCOURSES ON "WARS AND RUMORS OF WARS"

Large Audience in Bible House Chapel, Allegheny, Listens to Sermon.

INTERPRETATION OF PROPHECY

"Wars and Rumors of Wars" was the subject of Pastor Charles T. Russell's discourse in Bible House chapel, Arch street, Allegheny, yesterday afternoon. Notwithstanding the unpleasant weather a large audience was present. The text and discourse follow:

"Ye shall hear of wars and rumors of wars; see that ye be not troubled: for these things must needs come to pass, but the end is not yet."—Matt. xxiv.:6.

Our text is a part of our Lord's great prophecy respecting this gospel age—from the close of His earthly ministry, on giving Himself as the redemption price of the world, to His second coming in power and great glory as the king of the world, to establish righteousness amongst men and to lift up and bless as many as will accept His favors, of all the families of the earth. Some have misunderstood our text to signify that every war rumor may be regarded as implying the end of the age. The reverse of this is the truth, however is the reverse of this—that when the Lord's people shall hear of wars and rumors of wars, they are not to be alarmed or confused thereby, neither to anticipate that necessarily this meant the end of the age. As we look back and see how wars have been of frequent occurrence during the past nineteen centuries, we see the propriety of our Lord's warning to His followers that the mere fact of war would prove nothing to them respecting the question He was discussing in answer to their inquiries.

Daniel's Description of Coming Events.

The Lord had referred to Daniel's prophecy saying that Jerusalem would be trodden down of the Gentiles until the times of the Gentiles should be fulfilled, and the minds of his followers being thus directed to that prophecy, they would naturally be impressed with the two great visions therein recorded, which pictured the history of earthly dominion to its close. (1) The great image whose head of gold represented the empire of Babylon, whose breast and arms of silver represented the kingdom of Medo-Persia, whose belly and sides of brass represented the empire of Greece, whose legs of iron represented the Roman empire, and whose feet and toes represented the present divisions of the Roman empire in Europe. In thinking of the close of this age, the end of world power and the establishment of the kingdom of God, it would be particularly interested in Daniel's description of how the new kingdom would supplant present institutions. The symbolic picture is that of a stone, representing the heavenly kingdom, smiting the image of earthly government in its feet—"in the days of these kings" representing Europe in the present time. The description gives a picture of the earthly government, which becomes "as the chaff of the summer threshing floor" which the wind carried away, no place being found for it, while the "stone," symbolizing the "kingdom of God's dear Son," is pictured as "filling the whole earth" fills the whole earth. Naturally enough, such a graphic description would lead the reader to expect some kind of a terrible war in the end of this age, overturning the complete destruction of present institutions.

In another vision recorded by Daniel these same earthly governments are represented by successive wild beasts—the lion—the bear—the second a bear—Medo-Persia, the third a leopard—Grecia, the fourth a terrible monster—the Roman empire, whose ten horns represented the continuing of power down to the present time, when it will be in the feet toes of the image. Here again the climax, the end of earthly governments, is tragically pictured. One like unto the Son of man assumes command, the beast, the lion, etc., representing the fall of present institutions at the inauguration of the kingdom for which we pray, "Thy kingdom come, Thy will be done in earth as it is done in heaven."

We can readily see that the early church—left without any definite information respecting the time for the establishment of the heavenly kingdom—needed our Lord's caution that they should not think that every war signified the end of the age. He would have them look in other directions for the evidences of the consummation of the present time and the inauguration of the new dispensation. We will not here undertake to trace and show the signification of the Lord's great prophecy and that its various features have met fulfillment. The majority of you already have this in the volume of Millennial Dawn, vol. iv. The scriptural evidence we have already presented, showing that we are nearing the time of the great consummation—that just before the close of these times will be reached—in 1915—is not dependent upon "wars or rumors of wars," but is established and we believe strongly entrenched by various lines of scriptural testimony which, although widely different, concur in the same conclusion.

The Battle of the Great Day.

But while "wars and rumors of wars" are not the signs to which we are to look as indications of the end of the age, nevertheless, when the signs do indicate that the end of the age is near, the scriptures, we believe, imply that we may expect wars to be connected with the consummation of present affairs and the inauguration of the new dispensation. One thing is certain: The world is not ready to vote Jesus as their king. Emperors, kings, presidents, governors, captains of industry and finance, no more than the religious leaders, are prepared to surrender themselves and their stewardships to the new king. As Jesus was rejected by the Jews at the first advent, because they were not in the proper conditions to appreciate the object and manner of His coming, so likewise the scriptures indicate that it will be with nominal spiritual Israel, Christendom, at the second advent. "He shall be for a stone of stumbling and a rock of offense to both the houses of Israel." The clear intimation of Malachi's prophecy (Mal. iv.:5) is that, if Christendom were in the proper attitude of heart, the second coming of Christ would be effected in a peaceful manner, and the kingdoms of this world would be gladly transferred to Him whose right the dominion is—to Him who bought the world with His own precious blood, and whose reign is designed not to bless and uplift mankind. But the same prophecy indicates that, because of the unreadiness of heart, our Lord's coming will be to "smite the earth with a curse" with plagues and affliction—"a time of trouble such as was not since there was a nation."—Dan. xii.:1.

The climax of this "trouble" or "curse" is clearly set forth as another and more awful calamity that could befall the world. Leading up to this anarcy, the scriptures clearly put commercial strife and combination, "every man's hand against his neighbor," every one selfishly seeking merely his own interests. We already see clear evidences that such a condition of things is rapidly approaching. We have seen this in the light of God's Word for 50 years, but as we get nearer and nearer to the climax the matter becomes more and more apparent to all, whether enlightened by the Word of God or merely guided by their own judgments. In one sense of the word this social strife and anarchy will be a great "battle," the skirmishing of which is already beginning, the battle of the "great day of God Almighty," and possibly the only kind of battling intimated in the scriptures as connected with the closing of this age. But we think not. In our judgment a great war amongst the nations of Christendom is to be expected—a war which will sap the vitality of Christendom financially and undermine the power and influence of its aristocracy and ruling classes, and will awaken more and more the lower classes to grasp, through socialism, what they esteem to be their rights, liberties, advantages, etc. Possibly civil war and ultimately anarchy will thus be precipitated, for we are not to expect that the ruling classes, the wealthy and the aristocracy will quietly submit to having their so-called vested rights, their social position and their political power wrested from them without a struggle—a struggle which will be to the death.

Under the Seventh Trumpet.

The Revelator, when picturing the conditions that will prevail at the beginning of the sounding of the seventh symbolical trumpet (which we understand began as symbolical sounding in 1878 and will continue for a thousand years), says, "And the seventh angel sounded . . . and the nations were angry, and Thy wrath is come, and the time of the dead that they should be judged, and that Thou shouldst give rewards to Thy servants the prophets, and to Thy saints and to them . . . Thy name, small and great, and destroy them which destroy the earth."—Rev. xi.:15-18). This does not say that be war amongst the nations in connection their overthrow, yet the expression "the nations were angry, and Thy wrath is come" seems to give color to the thought that there will be contention amongst the nations—war. Again, the Lord seems to imply the same thing when addressing His faithful church, He says, "To Him that overcomes, and keepeth My words unto the end, to him will I give power over the nations and he shall rule them with a rod of iron; as the vessels of a potter shall they be broken to shivers."—Rev. ii.:26, 27.

Joel's prophecy seems to describe matters in the end of this age, and seems to picture a general war amongst the nations at this time. Another prophecy tells us of the abandonment of the plowshare and pruning hook, and the sharpening of spears into pruning hooks, and that the nations shall learn war no more. But Joel's prophecy locates itself in the end of the time when this great time of peace shall be inaugurated, and it implies a general war amongst the nations as being one of the matters pertinent to the end of this age. The particular expression in Joel's prophecy reads, "Proclaim ye this amongst the nations: Prepare war, wake up the mighty men let all the men of war draw near let them come up. Beat your plowshares into swords and your pruning hooks into spears let the weak say, I am strong."—Joel iii. Let the nations bestir themselves and come to the valley of Jehoshaphat (judgment) for there will I sit to judge all the nations round about. Put in the sickle, for the harvest is ripe. Come, tread ye, for the winepress is full, the vats overflow for their wickedness is great."—(Joel iii., 9-13.) Similarly the Lord describes in Revelation (xiv., 18-20) the harvesting of the vine of the earth, differentiating it from the "true vine," which is Christ. (John xv.) The Revelator says, "Thrust in thy sickle and gather in the vine of the earth (nominal Christendom), for her grapes are fully ripe." Then he thrust in his sickle into the earth and gathered the vintage of the earth and cast it into the winepress of the wrath of God. And the winepress was trodden without the city, and blood came out of the winepress, even unto the horses bridles, as far as one thousand six hundred furlongs."

From all these scriptures, and others as well, it does not seem a general judgment of mind might be expected to be the Lord's method of overthrowing the nations preparatory to their overthrow in anarcy, we are inclined to anticipate that the war so recently begun between Japan and Russia, the beginning of the end, will

WALL STREET HAS STRENGTH TO FACE FOREIGN CRISIS

Market Has Been Well Liquidated, in the Face of Much Adverse News—Reduced Number of American Securities Held Abroad.

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Feb. 21. Extremely disquieting as were the developments of the week in the markets of the world and more particularly those of Saturday in the European exchanges, it is well for Wall street to bear in mind that the intervening Sunday has afforded an opportunity for men and institutions everywhere to strengthen their positions. This was not of necessity essential to New York, but of great advantage to foreign operators, who have been granted a respite for calm consideration. During this breathing space they will be enabled to differentiate between the rumors which alarmed them and the precise situation. They will be able to obtain some knowledge of the extent and character of purchases brought, measure with some degree of accuracy their influence and determine upon some course of action to safeguard the future.

While it is highly unlikely that the Wall street market on Saturday felt the full measure of the demoralizing breaks on the Paris Bourse and other exchanges, or curb markets, and while it would be rash to predict that no influence will reflect here from the violent collapse abroad, it is well to recall that the New York position contains elements of strength not possessed by some of the foreign markets. In the first place, the market has been very well liquidated, in the face of much adverse news. Then, its holdings of foreign securities are lighter, while the European holdings of American securities, though not enough larger than a year or so ago, do not reach the proportions of 1895, at the time of the Venezuela panic, when Europe threw them on our market. If London and the continent take a view of enormous losses in their own funds, reality on Americans, the reduced number of securities and the better character of the holdings should make the process of liquidation more orderly.

One may readily perceive now why all the nations of Europe sought to prevent hostilities, and why Secretary Hay sent his joint note to the powers seeking to limit the sphere of hostile operations and to maintain the "administrative entity" of China. Once the war was declared, and, similarly as when the lid of Pandora's box was slipped aside, all the plagues to vex mankind came tumbling forth. In our own country investment operations come to a standstill and speculative securities languish, while bursts of adventurous spirits seize upon every staple commodity that man eats or drinks or wears to force riotous speculative movements, curtailing thereby export shipments, raising the already high cost of living to which end pave alike to still higher cost, and disturbing legitimate enterprise.

In conservative quarters and among men who reason calmly and take far-sighted views of developments, it is believed that out of the very excess of demoralization order will be evolved. No doubt much harm has been done to speculative and investment security markets everywhere by the demonstrations on the foreign exchanges, and the enormous losses sustained by the colapses. From such information as has come to hand, however, it appears as though some of the declines and much of the demoralization was unnecessary. Certainly in calmer moments, such theories as that England and Russia has broken off diplomatic relations, and that Germany and France would be drawn into war will be dismissed.

Out of the false news, the wild conjectures and unreasoning panic will come the truth of the situation. Individuals and institutions crippled by their losses will in instances be forced to further liquidation, and the wreckage must be cleared away. But by such a process the markets will adjust themselves and settle down to a calmer consideration of affairs, bellicose, political and financial.

MAY WHEAT PRICE SOARS TO ONE DOLLAR AND SEVEN

Other Deliveries Were Also Strong in the Chicago Market Saturday.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

CHICAGO, Feb. 20.—A sensational advance of 4¼c a bushel was scored in 30 minutes today by wheat for May delivery. The phenomenal price of $1.07 was reached, the chief incentive being rumors of the Russo-Japanese war spreading to other nations. Talk of stoppage of wheat shipments from Russia and from Argentina was a secondary factor. The day on 'change was one of the most exciting in a number of years. Compared with yesterday the final figures today are 3c higher for May wheat and 2¼c for July. May corn is up ¾@¾c, oats ¾c and provisions 15 to 37½c.

The wheat market opened excited and strong. Shorts were active bidders for the May option and initial quotations on that delivery were unchanged to 1½c higher, at $1 02¾@1 04. July opened ½c lower to ¼c higher at 92¾@93c. The advance was due mainly to the strong cables, Liverpool being up a penny, Paris 2½c, and Antwerp 1½c a bushel. The firmness at Antwerp was taken to be especially significant as caused by threatened stoppage of shipments from Argentina and Russia. A report started that railway employes in Argentina were on the verge of a strike. The transportation of troops and war munitions in Russia is greatly restricting the movement of wheat in that country. In addition to the bullish foreign situation conditions in the United States were such as to cause alarm as to the sufficiency of the domestic supply. The demand from shorts was met promptly by selling orders for the account of the leading long. Smaller holders also had wheat for sale. After touching $1 04 May quickly dropped to $1 02⅝, while July declined to 92¼c. For a short time the market held comparatively steady around these figures. As soon as the selling stopped, however, prices again moved upward under urgent buying by shorts. The fact that the board would be closed on Monday, Washington's birthday, appeared to be materially effective in bringing out the heavy buying orders, traders being loath to remain short over the two days' recess. Late in the session there was practically no May wheat on the market and shorts were bidding ¼@½c over the market price in order to get it. The high point was reached at $1 07, a gain of 4¼c over last night's close. The demand for July was almost as good as was that for May, but there was more of the deferred futures for sale and the advance was not as sensational. The price for that delivery rose to 86c or 3¼c above yesterday's close. Realizing sales realized in May, declining to $1 05⅝, while July fell back to 84¾c. Another rally followed the last few minutes of trading, May closing at $1 05⅝ and July at 85¼c. Clearances of wheat and flour were equal to 356,000 bushels. Primary receipts were 473,000 bushels, compared with 377,300 bushels a year ago. Minneapolis, Duluth and Chicago reported receipts of 272 cars against 494 cars last week and 235 cars a year ago.

The early corn market was weak. There was general selling after the opening and apparently not much corn wanted. May opened unchanged to ⅛c higher at 55¼@55⅝c, but declined gradually to 55¼c. Toward the middle of the session the market began to feel the effects of the extraordinary strength of wheat. Shorts became active buyers and there was also a good commission house demand. Prices responded to the improved buying, May advancing to 57¾c. Although profit-taking carried the price down from the high point, the close was strong at 56¾@57c. July showed a gain of ⅝@⅞c, closing at 55c after ranging between 54⅜c and 55⅝@55⅝c. Local receipts were 258 cars, none of contract grade.

There was an active general trade in oats with the best demand coming from shorts. Selling early in the way of liquidation caused a little easier feeling, but on the decline the demand became general and the prices advanced easily. The main influence in the situation was the strong wheat market. After opening unchanged to ¼c higher, at 45¾@45⅞c May sold between 45¼c and 46¼c, closing at 46⅛c. Local receipts, 187 cars. The provision market was active and strong throughout the entire day. Buying by packers and outsiders, together with covering of shorts, were the factors that resulted in gains throughout the whole list. Small receipts of hogs, with higher prices at the yards, and the strength in grains were instrumental in bringing out the demand. Pork showed the greatest advance and closed 87½c higher, at $15 55, after selling up to $16. May lard was up 15c at $8 05 and ribs were 30c higher at $7 72½.

Estimated receipts for Monday: Wheat, 35 cars; corn, 420 cars; oats, 235 cars; hogs, 52,000 head.

The leading futures, reported by John D. Armstrong & Co., members of the Chicago board of trade, Farmers Bank building, are as follows:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Yesterday's Close.
WHEAT					
No. 2					
May	1 04	1 07	1 02⅜	1 05⅜	1 02¾
July	94¼	96⅞	93⅛	96	92⅝
Sept.	90	96	87¾	93½	92⅛
Sept. c	88⅞	91¼	88⅛	90¾	88⅝
CORN					
No. 2					
Feb.				53⅝	53
May	55⅛	57⅝	55⅝	57	55⅛
July	54⅞	55½	54⅜	55	54⅝
OATS					
No. 2					
Feb.	42¾	43	42¼	42⅝	42⅜
May	45⅝	46¼	45¼	45⅞	45¼
July	40⅝	42¼	40⅛	41⅝	40⅝
Sept.	35¾	37¼	35½	37	36⅜
MESS PORK					
May	15 20	15 60	15 60	15 55	15 37½
July	15 47½	15 60	15 47½	15 55	15 42
LARD					
May	7 92½	8 05	7 92½	8 05	7 90
July	8 10	8 22	8 07½	8 17½	8 05
SHORT RIBS					
May	7 55	7 72½	7 50	7 72½	7 42½
July	7 55	7 82½	7 55	7 82½	7 60

Cash quotations were as follows:

Flour strong; winter patents, $4 90@5 10; straights, $4 60@4 80; spring patents, $4 40@4 80; straights, $4 00@4 30; bakers, $3 70@3 90. No. 2 spring wheat, 86@91c; No. 3, 86@91c; No. 2 red, $1 01¾@1 02; No. 2 corn, 53¾c; No. 2 yellow, 53¾c; No. 2 oats, 42¾@43¼c; No. 2 white, 46c; No. 3 white, 43@46c; No. 2 rye, 73c; good feeding barley, 41@43c; fair to choice malting, 48@58c. No. 1 flaxseed, $1 11¼; No. 1 northwestern, $1 18½; prime timothy seed, $3 25; mess pork, per bbl, $15 75@15 87½; lard, per 100 lbs, $7 72½@7 82½; short rib sides (loose), $7 50@7 75; whisky, basis of high wines, $1 27; clover, contract grade, $11 15.

	Receipts.	Shipments.
Flour, bbls	25,700	33,300
Wheat, bu	29,400	37,000
Corn, bu	248,800	137,300
Oats, bu	132,600	170,200
Rye, bu	48,000	2,200
Barley, bu	37,800	15,000

FOREIGN MARKETS SHAKY.

LONDON, Feb. 21.—(Special Cable.)—The position in the Berlin and Paris stock markets is giving rise to considerable anxiety. London had prepared for the outbreak of war, but the continental bourses seem to have been caught unawares, and their effort to get out of difficulties have reacted unfavorably on all the securities in which they were interested.

A good deal of weakness is believed to be existent, and it is remembered that the operators upon the other side of the channel have been placed in an uncomfortable plight, in consequence of recent speculation based upon confidence that there would be no war. Thus Paris is at present the barometer of international finance. Russian securities so far have not depreciated much. Americans have been dull and weak, and Germany is reported to have been selling a good proportion of her recent purchases in American rails.

ONLY ONE WELL CAME IN THAT WAS ABOVE THE AVERAGE

In a review of oil developments in the lower southwest last week a summing up of all the wells from the standpoint of producers reveals but one above the average in size. It is the South Penn Oil Company's No. 3 on the C. B. Robinson farm, located on the east side of the Folsom district, in Harrison county. The pay was tapped at 15 feet in the Gordon, and the well began to flow, producing 300 barrels the first hour and 1240 barrels the first 24 hours. While a good producer, the location counts for little, as it is well within defined limits, and the same farm has another producer that has been in for some weeks and is still producing close to 300 barrels a day.

The east side of the Folsom district now has a greater number of wells producing 100 or more barrels a day than all the other districts in the lower southwest. Among the other wells completed in the deep sand territory during the week many came in very light and there was not an absence of clusters. Of the 10 or 12 completed in the Gordon sand the average production would scarcely exceed 20 barrels a day.

In the Smithfield district the Philadelphia Company drilled in a second test on the Joseph Morris farm and got a producer that started at 150 barrels a day. In the same district, the South Penn Oil Company drilled its No. 3 on the Perry Hall farm through the Gordon and found that formation barren. It will drill it to the fifth sand, but is not likely to change the outlook.

Several wells were completed in the Pine Grove extension, but all were light pumpers. It seems now that the test of this territory has been developed, the Cox side looked rather promising some months ago, but the late wells have come in light or dry. The last completed is the South Penn Oil Company's No. 7 on the Lake Lemaster farm, and it is not good for more than 25 barrels a day—it was the initial well on this farm that opened up the western extension. It started at 300 barrels a day.

The Salem district, Harrison county, has more work of an experimental kind under way and starting, than any other district in the deep sand territory. The G. R. Neel farm, the South Penn Company completed and shot its second test, and the well produced 240 barrels the ensuing 24 hours. This is by far the best producer that the Salem district has been able to present for some months. In a way it compensates for a number of light wells that were completed during the same period. In the same district the South Penn completed wells on the Garrett, W. A. Rogers, W. C. Johnson, Iven Hutson and Phineas Clark farms and all are small, not averaging more than 15 or 20 barrels a day. To the northeast of the Salem district, the South Penn drilled its No. 2 on the E. M. Estlake farm, an important test in advance of developments into the Gordon, and when last heard from had not developed any oil. Should this well come in a failure, it will give a black eye to the east side of the Folsom district.

In the shallow sand districts only a small number of wells reached the sand. In the Big Injun sand district, near Wick, Tyler county, Root, Duff Bros. & Co. drilled in their No. 4 on the Charles Ankrom farm and got a natural producer, good for 150 barrels a day. When shot it will probably double its production.

Near Middlebourne, in the same county, there is quite a good showing of new work starting in the vicinity of the South Penn Oil Company's Maxon sand producer on the Maloy farm. This well is still holding up at 25 barrels a day.

In Pleasants county some new work is starting in the vicinity of St. Mary's and in the Ben Fink district. Dry holes have been of frequent occurrence of late in this county. On the Little farm the first test came in a good producer. The last two have been total failures.

Operations on the Ohio side were more seriously affected on account of the cold weather than in the deep sand districts in West Virginia, and the number of completions fell far below the average. The few wells completed are located inside of the old fields and came in light. Near Antioch, Monroe county, the National Oil Company completed a 200-barrel producer on the Moulden farm. In the shallow-sand districts in Washington county, nothing better than light pumpers and dusters were completed. Of the latter kind the number equaled about one-half of the completions.

In the Little development, north of Undercliff, Allegheny county, the American Natural Gas Company drilled in its No. 3 on the Wertz farm and got a producer that started off at gusher speed. For the first few hours it flowed at the rate of 20 barrels an hour. It is located inside of the defined limits and within a few hundred feet of other wells in that development and will decline rapidly.

Over in the Brush Creek field, the Southern Oil Company completed a well on the Robinson heirs' farm last month that started to produce at the rate of 60 barrels a day when put to pumping and since has been increasing its production till it is now up to 100 barrels a day.

REVIEW OF THE WEEK IN LOCAL MARKETS

Grain and Flour Have Decided Upward Movement With Strong Markets.

Grain and flour were in the limelight all last week. Wheat grew stronger rapidly and closed Saturday as high as $1 07. Advances were made on flour earlier in the week, but the bullish condition of the wheat market has made it necessary to still further advance flour prices. Fancy spring patent is now quoted at $5 20@5 50, the highest for a year or more. Other grades of flour are advanced in proportion. Dealers believe the end has not yet come and expect further advances in flour in sympathy with wheat. Very little corn moved last week and car has been raised to 53@54 cents. Oats was firm and rye was very firm. The latter is quoted as high as 75 cents. Oil was the highest for a year or more all week. Prices were advanced on all grades. Millfeed ruled firm, much of it being used on account of the high price of other grains. There is no change in the price of seed. Timothy bids as high as $3 25 on Saturday. Fifty-three and a half cents was bid on car corn and 47½ cents was bid on No. 2 oats Saturday.

There was no actual firmness in the loan market last week and quotations were raised accordingly. Coffee looked bright and better day by day. Cornmeal, oatmeal and rolled oats were firm and the molasses market is reported very strong.

Fish dealers reported fair activity, but say there is still room for improvement. Prices were firm. Eggs were steady all week and butter ruled strong, with the 1lb advance Monday. Cheese was firm. Poultry was in limited supply, particularly chickens and ducks. Prices were raised, but the demand showed no let up.

In produce dealers report better trade conditions, though no great change is looked for until the weather opens up permanently. Green peas came into the market near the close of the week, sales being held up well and continue to bring the high prices quoted. Potatoes are easy up. On account of the high prices on this article, there has been a demand on onions, carrots, parsnips and other articles, which are being used in place of potatoes. Provisions are steady and no changes are noted in nuts, tropical fruits nor hides.

RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS REPORTED.

Receipts bulletined: Pennsylvania lines, 6 cars hay, 5 cars feed, 4 cars corn, 3 cars oats, 1 car rye; Pittsburgh & Lake Erie, 1 car hay, 1 car corn; Baltimore & Ohio, 1 car hay, car straw.

Hay, No. 1 tim.	Rye, No. 2
othy....$14.00@14.50	Mich.....78@79c
do No. 2.$13.00@13.50	White middlings, No.
No. 1 cloy.$12.00@12.50	2, ton...$22.00@22.50
do No. 2.$11.00@11.50	do brown.$20.50@21.00
No. 1 mix.$12.75@13.25	Bran, ton...$21.50@22.00
Loose, from	Wheat, No. 2 yellow
wagon.$15.00@17.00	red.....97@98c
Straw, oat...$5.50@10.00	Corn, No. 2 yellow
do wheat.$5.50@10.00	shelled...50½@51¼c
do rye...$12.00@12.50	High mix.....49@50c
Oats, No. 3	No. 2 mix.....49@50c
white.....47½@48c	No. 2 yellow
do No. 3.....46½@47c	car.....53½@54c
do No. 4.....45½@46c	

GROCERIES.

Flour.	do cubes.....4.80c
Fancy spg. pat-	do cut loaf.....5.15c
ent...$5.40@5.80	do coffee A..4.00c
Fancy winter	do No. 1 yellow..4.80c
patent...$4.50@4.90	do No. 2 yellow..4.25c
Straight win.$4.20@4.30	do No. 3 yellow..4.20c
Bakers' spg..$4.20@4.30	Peas, dried.
Rye.....$4.00@4.50	Boneless.
Graham.....$4.00@4.00	Navy, choice
Cornmeal bbl$3.25@3.40	H. P.....$2.20
do 10-lb cotton	do prime H. P...$2.15
bags.....17@18c	Navy, imp...$2.15@2.25
Rolled oats, bbl...$5.75	Red kidney...$3.00@3.10
do bags.....$2.50	Cal. lima, lb.....4½@5c
Roasted Coffee.	Peas, dried.
No. 1.....12@15c	bu.....$1.30@1.40
Santos.....22½@23½c	do split, lb.....4c
Maracaibo ...15½@18c	do marrow
Peaberry .....17½@18c	bu.....$2.00@2.10
Golden Rio.....14@15c	Oil, carbon, 110
Ochaco.....18@18½c	test.....13c
Standard	do headlight.....13½c
pkgs...$11.55@12.05	do water
High gr'd.$17.80@19.20	white.....13½c
Molasses, fancy	do Ohio W. W.
refined.....35@37c	150 deg.....15½c
do choice.....32@35c	do miners'.....25½@45c
do open ket...35@40c	do Elaine.....16½c
Syrup.	do special
Fancy sugar..28@30c	brands.....20@43c
Sug. and cane...24@25c	Rice, ex-fancy
Prime .....24@25c	head, lb.....7@7¾c
2¼-lb cans, doz....90c	do fancy
3-lb cans, doz....$1.10	do Japan.....5@6¼c
5-lb cans, doz....$1.80	do choice Caro-
10-lb cans, doz...$3.40	lina.....6@7c
Maple, gal...75c@$1.00	Salt, No. 1, bbl...$1.00
Oatmeal, bbl.....$4.25	do No. 1 extra...$1.10
do kegs.....$2.25	do grain, sack...90c
Sugar, stn. gran..4.65c	do pocket...$1.55@1.85
do bags.....4.60c	do dairy.....$1.30
do 2-lb cartons..4.80c	Sauer kraut, cask.$10.00
do 5-lb bags....4.80c	do bbls.....$7.50
	do half bbl.....$4.00

do powdered....4.80c	Lentils, fancy
do new 4 XXXX..4.50c	"Scotch," lb...4@4¼c

CANNED GOODS.

Peaches, 3d pie.$1.05@1.10	Plums, greengage...$1.00
do pie gal.$2.50@3.00	do Calif...$1.60@1.70
do California	Raspberries ...85@95c
Lemon....$1.90@2.25	Gooseberries ...85@$1.00
do Mary-	Tomatoes,
land....$1.30@1.85	standard...82½@90c
do California	do fancy...$1.15@1.25
Y. F.....$1.50@2.00	do gal.....$3.00@3.10
Corn, fancy..$1.35@1.75	Succotash, 1-lb
do std.....$1.25@1.40	cans...$1.25@1.40
Cherries, Cal., red	Baked beans, cans
white...$2.50@2.75	tomato sc.75c@$1.40
Lima beans.$1.20@1.45	Salmon, 6oz...95c@$2.00
do soaked....75@85c	Chipped beef.$2.25@2.75
String beans, 2-lb...95c	Corn and roast
do 3-lb.....95c	beef, 1-lb
Stringless	cans....$2.70@2.85
beans...$1.25@1.75	do 2-lb
Peas, marrow-	cans....$1.30@1.35
fat.....95c@$1.00	Mackerel,
do soaked	broiled...$1.20@2.50
June....90c@$1.00	Sardines, domes-
do soaked....85c	tic, ¼s...$2.65@2.70
Apples, 3s, per	do mustard, ¼s..$2.15
gal. cans.$2.20@2.40	do French.$9.00@15.75
Pineapples ...$1.00@2.25	

NUTS.

Chestnuts, lb...10@15c	Pecans.....12c
Filberts 11c	Shellbarks,
Eng. walnuts...11@14c	bu.....$1.75@2.00
Sft. s. almonds...12c	Walnuts ...$1.00@1.25
Tarr. almonds.....11c	Peanuts $1.00
Mixed 12c	Peanuts, fancy
Brazil 11c	roasted.....$1.35
Italian chestnuts..8@9c	do choice.....$1.05

SALT FISH.

Mackerel, No. 1	Mackerel, No. 2
fancy, bbl....$22.00	bbls.....$20.00
do half bbl...$10.00	do half bbl...$10.40
do quar. bbl....$5.50	do quar. bbls....$5.80
Mackerel, No. 1	do 20-lb pails...$2.30
plain, bbl....$28.00	do 10-lb pails...$1.35
do half bbls...$14.00	Lake fish, No. 1
do quar. bbls...$7.25	lbs.....$3.50
do 20-lb pails...$5.50	do 50-lb.....$1.45
do 10-lb pails...$1.50	do 10-lb.....50c

SEEDS.

Clover, from store,	Alfalfa .....$5.50@6.00
recleaned, 60-lb	Millet .....$1.20@1.30
bu, small.$6.85@7.05	Grass, Hungs-
do mam-	rian.....90c@$1.10
moth...$6.95@7.15	do lawn, lb...18@20c
do crimson.$4.50@4.75	do blue, 14-lb
do white	bu.....$1.50@1.75
Dutch.$14.00@15.00	do red top,
Alsike .....$8.75@9.00	14-lb bu...$1.10@2.00
	Timothy ...$1.55@1.90

DRIED FRUITS.

Apricots, evap-	Raisins, Muscatel,
orated.....9@12c	2 and 4 crown
do 25-lb	50-lb boxes....7@8c
boxes...8¼@11½c	do Ondara
Apples, sun-dried..6¾@8½c	50-lb boxes.....7½c
do 1-lb car-	Currants, cleaned,
tons.....7¼@7¾c	25 and 50-lb
Peaches .....7@10½c	pkgs.....7@7¾c
Raspberries ...24@24½c	Prunes .....3½@10c
Raisins, seeded,	Figs, Cal.....6@9c
1-lb pkgs...0½@10c	do Turk.....12½@14c

BUTTER, EGGS AND CHEESE.

Butter.	Cheese, Ohio
Prints .....23@24½c	Swiss.....13@13½c
Tubs .....23½@23c	do Wis. Swiss,
Ohio cream...20@27c	tubs.....14½@15c
Dairy .....18½@17½c	do 2-lb block Swiss,
Country roll.16½@17½c	new.....14½@15c
Cheese, N. Y. full	do Limber-
cream.....11½@12c	ger.....13@13½c
do Ohio.....11½@12c	do Brickcheese.14½@14c
do ¾ cream..10@10½c	Eggs, fresh,
	candled.....33@34c
	do select.....35@36c

PRODUCE.

Potatoes,	Florida,
store...$1.05@1.10	box, head.$2.00@2.25
do track...90c@$1.00	do head, bbl.$4.00@4.50
Jersey sweets,	Garlic, lb.....7@8c
boxes....$1.25@1.35	Carrots, bbl...$1.75@2.00
do bbls....$4.00@4.25	New carrots,
do hamper.....75c	doz.....80c@90c
do No. 1...$1.50@1.75	String beans,
do No. 2...$1.00@1.10	bu.....$3.00@4.00
Kiln dried...$4.00@4.25	Rhubarb, per
do medium.$1.75@2.00	doz.....65@85c
Turnips, bbl..$2.75@3.00	Cauliflower,
Onions, bbl...$3.00@3.25	crate...$2.50@3.00
do bulk, bu.$1.15@1.25	Watercress, doz..25@30c
do Spanish,	Brussels sprouts,
crate...$1.75@2.00	doz.....15@16c
Havana onions,	Florida tom-
bu crates.$2.75@3.00	atoes, 6-basket
do Valencia,	carrier,
crate....$4.25@4.50	fancy....$3.50@4.00
Green onions,	do choice...$2.50@3.00
New Orleans.85@75c	Spinach, bu...$1.25@1.40
Cucumbers,	do New Orleans
hothouse,	doz.....65@75c
doz....$1.25@1.50	Squash,
Green peas,	Hubbard,
per bu ..$3.50@4.00	bbl.....$2.25@2.50
Cabbage,	do marrow-
Danish.$35.00@40.00	fat.....$2.25@2.50
do lb.....3½@4c	Honey, new...14½@15c
Parsley, doz..90c@$1.00	Parsnips, bbl.$2.25@2.50
Radishes, doz....25@50c	Rutabagas ...$1.75@2.00
Kale, bu .....25@30c	Beets, bbl....$2.75@3.00
Celery, California,	New beets....90c@$1.00
crates...$3.00@5.25	Popcorn, lb.....4@5c
do doz.....85@90c	Horseradish,
do New Orleans,	bbl.....$7.00@7.50
doz.....50@75c	Egg plant,
Lettuce, home,	hamper....$5.00@6.00
doz.....50@70c	Strawberries,
do Ashtabula,	per qt.....40@50c
basket....70@75c	Peppers, 6-basket
do box.....40@45c	carriers...$7.00@8.50

do Florida,	Mushrooms,
hamper...$1.75@2.00	per lb.....35@45c

PROVISIONS.

Hams,	Breakfast bacon,
18 lbs. and up...11½c	back strips...10½c
Over 14 to 15 lbs...11c	Dry salt sides, extra
Over 10 to 14 lbs...11½c	short clears.....8c
10 lbs and under...11½c	Bellies, 20 to 25
Skinned 12c	lbs.....8½c
Boneless boiled.....13c	do 16 to 20 lbs...8¾c
California 8c	do under 16 lbs...9¾c
Shoulders, N. Y.	Dry salt smoked
cut.....8c	sides, extra
do skinned.....8½c	short clears.....9c
Breakfast bacon,	Bellies, 20 to 25
rits, 8 to 10 lbs.12½c	lbs.....9¼c
do 10 to 12 lbs...12c	do 16 to 20 lbs...9¾c
do back strips..10½c	do under 16 lbs...9¾c
do clears, 8 to 10	Lard, pure,
lbs.....12c	tierces.....8c
do 10 to 12 lbs...11¾c	

POULTRY AND GAME.

Live chickens...13@16c	Impt. ptarmigan,
Roosters .....9@10c	pair.....$2.50
Turkeys .....12@13c	do grouse.....$2.50
Live ducks, 10...14@15c	do partridges...$2.25
Geese .....10@11c	do black cocks...$2.50
Dressed hens...18@19c	Squab, doz.....$4.50
Dressed spring's.18@19c	Mallard ducks,
Roosters .....17@18c	pair...$1.75@2.00
Turkeys, fresh,	do red head,
dressed.....20@23c	pair.....$2.00
do Valencia,	do teal,
crate....$4.25@4.50	pair.....$1.25
Green onions,	do blue bill...$1.50
New Orleans.85@75c	do ruddy.....$1.50
Cucumbers,	do red head$1.75@2.00
hothouse,	do canvasback...$2.00
doz....$1.25@1.50	

TROPICAL FRUITS.

Lemons, Mes-	Bananas, 1st.$1.25@1.75
sina....$1.75@3.00	do 2ds.....$1.00@1.50

do Verdelli.$2.25@3.50	Pineapples,
do Califor-	crate....$4.50@5.00
nia.....$2.50@3.00	Pears, California,
Limes, per 100 ....$1.00	N. Neills....$3.50
Oranges, California,	do Clairgeau..$2.75
navel....$2.50@3.00	Grapes,
do Florida.$1.75@2.25	Almeria....$5.50@6.00
Cocoanuts, bags....$2.50	Grape fruit.$5.00@5.50
Figs, Cal., 10-lb	Red Emperor.$1.75@2.00
cartons...$1.00@2.50	

DOMESTIC FRUITS.

Apples, fancy,	Grapes, Catawba.18@20c
bbl.....$4.00@4.25	Cranberries,
do bulk,	box.....$3.25@3.50
bbl.....$2.00@2.50	do bbl.....$8.00@10.00
do choice..$2.00@2.50	

HIDES.

No. 1 green steer,	Green salt or cured
heavy.....8c	No. 1 steers,
do light, spfler or	over 60 lbs...9c
do, and cows,	do No. 2.....8c
all weights.....7c	Cows and light
No. 1 green bulls...6c	steers.....8c
Calfskin, No. 1.....9c	do No. 2.....7c
do No. 2.....8c	Calfskin, No. 1.....10½c

NEW YORK WEEKLY BANK STATEMENT.

Statement of the Associated banks of the city of New York, from reports to the New York clearing house, as required under section 36 of the Constitution, for week ended February 20.

Banks.	Loans.	Specie.	Legals.	*Deposits.	Circulation.
Bank of N. Y. Nat. Ex. Assn.	$ 17,223,000	$ 2,071,000	$ 1,510,000	$ 16,422,000	190,000
Bank of the Manhattan Company	29,477,000	7,759,000	2,197,000	27,231,000	.....
Merchants National	13,576,900	2,997,100	1,260,500	15,427,400	.....
Mechanics' National	12,279,000	1,871,000	1,874,000	12,886,000	.....
Bank of America	24,297,200	5,911,200	2,696,500	29,121,600	.....
Phenix National	3,139,000	877,000	327,000	3,514,000	47,100
National City	144,950,900	43,308,500	6,298,800	159,670,800	2,131,500
Chemical National	27,666,400	5,042,000	1,572,400	33,236,100	.....
Merchants' Exchange National	6,438,000	950,700	670,000	8,306,000	139,200
Gallatin National	7,241,700	1,752,700	1,084,900	9,884,900	975,000
National Butchers and Drovers	3,661,200	471,900	49,300	2,228,800	45,000
Mechanics and Traders	4,267,900	486,000	481,000	4,311,000	.....
Greenwich	2,188,700	408,800	424,500	2,925,900	.....
Leather Manufacturers National	4,780,500	1,103,200	1,103,200	4,923,400	479,000
American Exchange	21,417,000	5,779,000	1,369,000	24,714,000	4,750,000
National Bank of Commerce	103,502,700	26,775,500	3,968,700	101,775,400	11,250,000
Mercantile National	24,477,700	4,078,200	1,242,300	21,270,700	1,737,200
Pacific	3,622,900	361,200	467,200	3,870,500	.....
Chatham National	5,032,000	1,020,800	1,020,800	7,020,500	45,000
Peoples	2,372,400	132,700	358,500	2,583,700	.....
National Bank of North America	15,634,100	2,006,900	1,519,200	13,740,300	843,000
Hanover National	47,865,000	11,141,100	4,827,000	49,437,000	562,000
Irving National	5,466,100	779,000	644,500	6,451,000	243,200
National Citizens	7,561,900	1,342,900	369,400	8,414,600	244,500
Nassau	2,888,400	398,000	375,000	2,995,200	.....
Market and Fulton National	6,237,400	1,168,100	670,300	6,755,000	42,000
National Park and Leather	14,886,100	3,000,000	1,800,000	16,800,000	89,700
Corn Exchange	20,981,000	6,278,000	2,096,000	26,787,000	.....
Oriental Bank	7,697,200	268,650	1,559,300	7,470,700	.....
Imp. & Traders National Bank	24,000,600	3,702,000	1,260,000	21,116,000	45,000
National Park Bank	66,266,900	16,015,000	2,964,000	70,000,000	2,528,200
East River National Bank	1,184,400	141,300	220,000	1,393,900	49,200
Fourth National Bank	20,659,900	5,753,300	2,094,100	23,864,000	50,000
Central National Bank	9,978,900	1,853,600	678,000	11,180,000	900,000
Second National Bank	9,495,000	1,715,000	1,437,000	12,252,000	90,000
First National Bank	39,000,000	15,512,200	2,223,500	51,726,600	2,000,000
New York National Exch. Bank	7,097,200	1,282,000	450,400	6,357,600	674,700
Bowery Bank	2,720,000	383,000	255,000	3,021,000	.....
New York County National Bank	4,487,000	948,000	473,000	4,849,000	50,000
German-American Bank	9,547,500	1,997,200	1,000,000	8,841,900	.....
Chase National Bank	41,382,200	11,322,400	1,408,000	40,870,900	20,000
Fifth Avenue Bank	9,025,100	2,169,400	312,400	9,790,500	.....
German Exchange Bank	2,308,200	100,000	100,000	3,424,900	.....
Germania Bank	2,225,000	387,000	78,000	2,465,000	.....
Lincoln National Bank	11,289,300	2,552,300	1,440,300	13,803,500	244,400
Garfield National Bank	7,378,200	1,749,600	283,200	7,408,000	45,000
Fifth National Bank	2,741,600	454,200	157,400	2,594,800	281,100
Bank of the Metropolis	3,375,400	1,032,900	145,500	3,640,200	.....
West Side Bank	3,151,100	580,100	85,000	3,268,000	.....
Seaboard National Bank	15,561,000	3,402,000	1,056,000	18,673,000	50,000
First Nat. Bank, Brooklyn	4,597,000	693,000	693,000	4,742,000	78,000
Liberty National Bank	10,218,600	2,092,900	240,000	8,870,700	796,000
N. Y. Produce Exch. Bank	4,588,200	1,109,800

INCREASED VALUE IN THE IMPORT AND EXPORT TRADE OF PHILIPPINES

Heavy Exportation in Hemp and Copra is Prominent Feature in the Figures.

SOME STATISTICS OF VALUE

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE BUREAU.
Room 16, Postal Building.
WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 21.

In the bulletin of the bureau of insular affairs of the war department, statistics of Philippine commerce for nine months of the calendar year 1903 show an increased value in the import and export trade of the islands, as compared with the same period of 1902.

The heavy exportation in hemp and copra is the prominent feature of the archipelago's trade and were it not for the fact that greatly increased purchases of rice have been necessary during the past year, these products alone would furnish the basis for a balance approximating $500,000 in favor of the islands. It is hoped that the am unt of rice imported next year will be considerably lessened in view of the efforts being made by the Philippine commission to provide a food supply from native production as large as was obtained before the shortage in crops due to destruction by locusts and the disastrous loss of farm cattle which were almost totally destroyed by rinderpest. However, should it be found that the profit in hemp, copra, tobacco and sugar culture is sufficient in amount to enable the inhabitants to purchase rice to better advantage as compared with the cost of its home production, the future importations of the latter may not necessarily indicate a lack of prosperity in the archipelago.

Increase in Important Exports.

Supplies for the government and gold and silver being excluded from the total value of merchandise imported during nine months ended September 30, 1903, was $20,703,601, as against $24,338,322 for the same period of 1902, while the exports amounted to $23,563,128, an increase of nearly $4,500,000 over 1902, when the value aggregated $19,238,013. These figures represent an increase of about 7 per cent in imports and 22 per cent in exports. Gold and silver during 1903 was imported to the amount of $1,001,619, as against $3,-243,651 in nine months of the previous year, the exports as a result of the recent large withdrawal of Mexican silver from the archipelago, showing a value in 1903 of $6,627,655, as against $2,450,851 a year ago.

According to the origin of imports during 1903, with the exception of certain rice producing countries, a general falling off is shown, the United States' trade dropped from $3,169,420 to $2,813,412, a decrease of 10 per cent; United Kingdom from $4,295,985 to $3,998,286, or about 10 per cent decrease; Germany from $1,755,-216 to $1,402,804; France shows a gain of 10 per cent, increasing from $872,126 to $960,079; Spain has but two-thirds of the amount of her trade in 1902, when $2,128,-661 was received from that source, as compared with $1,501,677 in 1903. The net loss in value as shown by those figures was more than balanced by the gain in importations from Asiatic countries. China, with a trade of $3,678,545 in 1902, sent a slightly increased amount, or $3,-912,181, in nine months of 1903, Japan, $582,461 and $572,487; British East Indies, $1,162,452 and $1,852,902; Siam, $303,829 and $748,735, and French East Indies, $3,-335,674, as compared with $4,583,180 in 1903.

United States Purchases.

Exports to the leading countries show that the United States during nine months of 1902 increased its purchases over the previous year's record from $7,282,411 to $9,288,030; United Kingdom, from $5,305,-889 to $6,062,855; France, $1,282,201, increased to $2,386,040; the trade of Spain was practically the same amount as in 1902, the figures showing $497,120 and $497,119 in 1903; shipments to China dropped from $861,015 to $400,475; Hongkong, $2,006,090 to $1,557,838; British East Indies, $578,693 to $404,119, while Japan made a decided increase in 1903, receiving $1,259,634 worth of exports as against $461,626 in 1902.

Of the merchandise imported during the three-quarters' period of 1903 $13,396,619, or more than half of the total, consisted of food and animals; $10,305,267, or 39 per cent, was manufactured goods; $1,-565,408, or 6 per cent, included articles of voluntary use and luxuries; $842,625, or 4 per cent, material in a crude condition or partly manufactured, the remaining $653,-682 being classed under miscellaneous.

The exports were principally products of agriculture, 96 per cent, or $22,645,729 being made up in round numbers, of hemp, $15,400,000; copra, $3,000,000; sugar, $3,000,000, and tobacco, $1,200,000, including cigars.

The figures on the carrying trade show that but a small part of the United States business is in vessels flying the American flag, and all but 5 per cent of the general trade of the islands is done in foreign bottoms. For the nine months, ended September 30, 1903, including gold and silver, the value of imported merchandise carried in American vessels was $1,179,062, British, $11,422,929; German, $6,550,421; Spanish, $4,327,244; Norwegian, $1,826,128, and other flags, $2,098,536. In exports American vessels carried $1,009,185; British, $21,961,602 (one-third of this amount being shipments destined for the United States); German, $2,218,994; Spanish, $1,095,861; Norwegian, $613,842, and all other flags, $2,691,409. During the period named 5,163 sailing vessels, with a total net tonnage of 209,589 tons, and 3,638 steam vessels, with a net tonnage of 1,747,437 tons, entered at ports in the islands; and 5,146 sailing vessels of 216,-812 net tons and steam vessels to the number of 3,375, with a tonnage of 1,-783,372 net tons, cleared for foreign ports.

Islands Being Restocked.

A separate grouping of the commodities that go to make up the total import trade for nine months periods, ended September 1902 and 1903, shows that the value of animals and animal products increased more than $150,000, purchases during the latter period aggregating $1,-163,365. The recovery from the extraordinary loss of cattle through rinderpest must of necessity be slow. However, the fact that the islands are gradually being restocked is shown by the increased importations from $457,585 to $608,408, China furnishing 83 per cent of the latter amount. An increase in the number of horses and mules entering the archipelago is also indicated by the figures for 1903, when $35,854 worth was received, as against $18,955 in the preceding year. The boot and shoe trade, amounting to $309,813 in 1902, and $348,181 in 1903, continues under the control of Spain, whose trade in each period was approximately three-fifths of the total. The demand for American made shoes is rapidly improving, receipts from the United States in 1903 being $64,027, an advance of 100 per cent over the amount sent in 1902. The entry of foodstuffs from abroad during the past nine months was unusually large, the purchases aggregating $12,011,-537, an increase of $3,607,421 over 1902, due to heavy rice importations made necessary by unfavorable crop conditions. The trade in this particular shows the full effects of the calamities of the past. In the early months of 1903 an extraordinary increase was shown in the amount of rice imported as compared with the same months in previous years, and the showing of increase alone for nine months of 1903 was in value almost equal to the total purchases of that commodity in the corresponding period of 1902. This fact is apparent from a comparison of the actual importation, which for 1902 amounted to $8,828,813, as against $10,117,608 in 1903. The bulk of the supply as heretofore was obtained from the French East Indies.

These figures include consignments to the government for distribution under the several relief measures, the short food supply in July and August resulting in a total value of rice imported during the single month of September of more than $1,750,000, or 54 per cent of all imports received during that month. It is said that by appropriate legislation and vigorous efforts on the part of the authorities the stimulus given to the cultivation of the ground this year has resulted in a greater acreage for the planting of rice and other food products than for some time past, and indications point to substantial relief through a better rice crop next year.

Decrease in Meat Products.

In meat and meat products there was a decrease over 1902 of more than $100,000 in value, the trade in 1903 amounting to $488,406. Receipts of fresh and canned meats dropped to one-half the previous year's record, the trade of Australasia and the United States being materially reduced. Chinese markets supplied the increased demand for lard, shipments from that source in 1903 reaching $743,137, or 95 per cent of the total entering the islands. The United States sent practically the total amount imported, or $383,-699 worth of wheat flour, an increase of approximately $100,000 over the amount in 1902. With the exception of a slight increase in canned goods, the importation of vegetables, amounting to $353,232, show a loss of more than $200,000, chiefly in beans, peas, onions and potatoes.

In liquors and beverages there appears to have been a decreased importation to the extent of more than $400,000, the trade for nine months of 1903 aggregating $707,968, as compared with $1,000,000 worth in the same period of 1902. Beer and distilled spirits coming from the United States dropped off practically one-half.

Under ordinary market conditions cotton goods is the most important class of importations entering the islands, but the usual complement of business has not been done, owing to the increased cost of such articles in addition to the heavy expenditures for foreign food supplies, which has also restricted purchases in other lines. The Philippine trade in cotton goods decreased from $5,459,048 in the nine months ended September, 1902, to $5,014,292 in the same period of 1903, the most conspicuous drop occurring in the value of closely woven cloths, from $3,-057,288 to $2,110,142; imports from the United Kingdom are affected largely by this reduction.

Supplied by Spain.

A marked decline is noted in the purchase of wearing apparel, the trade showing but $80,185, or $287,861 less than in 1902, Spanish markets supplying this class of articles almost exclusively. In yarn and thread an importation valued at more than $500,000 has been maintained during each year, the United Kingdom furnishing a large proportion. The same may be said of the trade in knit fabrics, except that the goods from Spain are more extensively used than those from any other country.

The United States at the present time has but a small portion of the imports in manufactured cotton, though its shipments of the raw material show a slight increase and embrace practically the whole amount received. Silk and silk fabrics fell off from $556,912 in 1902 to $360,010 in 1903, the reduction being general throughout with the exception of yarn and thread, which increased from $62,794 to $107,842. China is credited with nearly all of the latter trade. Woolen goods show a loss in importations of more than $60,000; 1903 figures were $166,849. The trade in iron and steel manufactures, amounting to $1,057,480 during the nine months ended September, 1903, presents no material change over that for the same period of 1902, the gains made in agricultural implements, railway supplies and certain classes of structural materials being offset by slightly heavier losses in other commodities, netting a total decrease of but little more than $58,000 over 1902.

Structural Iron and Steel.

Importations of structural iron and steel in 1903 amounted to $70,849, the United Kingdom supplying more than $63,000 worth, or practically double the quantity coming from all sources in 1902. A consignment of 2,385 tons of steel rails, valued at $74,365, was received from Germany in September, 1903, probably for use in the construction of the new electric railway in Manila, and together with small shipments from other countries nets a total increase in steel rails of approximately $80,000, as compared with 1902.

Importations of plows, cultivators, reapers, mowers, binders and other implements for agricultural purposes advanced about 10 per cent, the trade in 1903 reaching $21,000, credited chiefly to the United Kingdom.

Regardless of a general decrease in importations of machinery, American markets not only supplied a larger percentage of the total than any other country, but considerably increased its shipments to the islands over those of 1902. The development of nearly every resource of the islands is dependent upon intercommunication, and it is interesting to note that the first separate mention of a consignment of American locomotives since occupation of the islands by the United States was received this year, three having been purchased. The United States further improved its trade in wagons, carts, carriages, cycles, plumbers' wares, etc.

The increased importations of jewelry from France advanced the manufactures of gold and silver from $175,319 in 1902 to $296,308 in 1903. Chemicals, drugs and dyes were imported to the value of $903,-706, an increase of $300,892 over the figures for 1902, opium, the principal single item, being received in larger quantities from the British East Indies and China than during 1902. The importation of glass and glassware has increased slightly, reaching a total of $233,886, as compared with $203,-690 in 1902. Bottles, glass dishes, articles of table service and lighting make up a large portion of the increase, most of which is credited to Germany. Of paper and paper manufactures, which as a whole shows a falling off, paper pulp was valued at $181,865, against $175,489 for the previous year; France and Spain are important factors in this trade.

More Paper at Lower Price.

The United States furnished most of the paper for printing purposes, materially increasing its shipments, although the value shown indicates that a much lower price is being received than in 1902. Writing paper and envelopes is an item of interest, and in addition to a decrease in total receipts over last year, it is noticed that Spain, displacing the United States, supplies a larger amount than heretofore. Wood and its manufactures in the aggregate shows a falling off from $391,582 to $373,457 in 1903.

Lumber in the form of boards and planks comes principally from the United States, and though the total value has been somewhat less than last year, the monthly figures include several large shipments. The same may be said of furniture, most of which is received from Germany.

The importation of oils dropped in value from $611,093 in nine months of 1902 to $552,278 in 1903. Illuminating oil is the leading item that appears, and its sale there seems to be very active competition between American and Russian producers, the total amount going into the islands increased from $415,417 to $470,923, with the United States furnishing more than one-half the quantity used in 1903 and doubling its excess over Russia in the previous year.

Coal as an import was valued at $469,-837, a decided increase over 1902, when the receipts aggregated $262,332. The soft, or bituminous class, coming chiefly from Australia, at about $3 per ton, is purchased almost exclusively at the present time. Japan furnishes what little anthracite was used in the ordinary commercial channels during 1903, the price approximating $6 per ton.

Gain in Exports.

The export side of the islands' trade, with the exception of tobacco, shows a gain under each of the leading agricultural products. Hemp shipments are already within easy reach of the record made during the full 12 months of the calendar year 1902. The value of this one item during nine months of 1903 was $15,405,037, an excess of $2,326,810 over the figures for the same period last year, the United States receiving $8,115,847, United Kingdom $6,260,432, and the balance going chiefly to Hongkong. There are many sections of the archipelago where the production of hemp will be largely increased as soon as transportation is available to carry it to market. Copra, which now includes about one-eighth of the exports, is valued at $2,981,-678, or more than twice the size of the output a year ago. France purchased approximately three-fourths of this amount, the same proportion of the total as in 1902, while Germany and Spain have apparently given more attention to the trade than heretofore, the former especially is credited with taking $272,590 in 1903, or an increase of that amount over nine months of the previous year.

The sugar exports increased from $2,063,188 in nine months of 1902 to $3,-052,130 in 1903, the difference in the quantity shipped, however, was less than 2,000 tons, indicating a fair advance in the price obtained as compared with that of last year's product. As a rule the trade has been with Japan and Hongkong, though in the first six months of 1903 a number of shipments were made to the United States.

The falling off in tobacco is shown principally under the manufactured article; in 1902 leaf tobacco was exported to the value of $606,556 as compared with $470,362 in 1903. In these periods shipments to Spain approximated two-thirds of the total value, Austria, the next largest consumer of Philippine tobacco, increasing its purchases during the past year, notwithstanding the reduction in the amount exported. Under the manufactured class but little difference is shown in the value of cigars sold, Hongkong and the British East Indies in 1903 took more than half of $407,610 of the $709,930 worth sent abroad, the remainder being used in China, Australasia, the United Kingdom and other countries, but $1,296 worth coming to the United States.

Many American Arrivals.

The immigration movement for the nine months ending September, 1903, shows the arrival of 19,393 immigrants, which number includes 7,916 who had been in the islands before. More than half of the latter, or 4,942, were Chinese, the returns showing that but 445 immigrants of this type entered Philippine ports for the first time. The greater part of the total arrivals were Americans, nearly all of the 10,886 that reached the islands during 1903 being males coming direct from the United States to engage in different lines, such as teaching, engineering, medicine, law, etc.

Taking into account females the number of Americans in these and other classes of work was: teachers, 94; engineers, 58; physicians, 34; lawyers, 36; clergy, 33, and professors, not specified, 8,598. Clerks and accountants numbered 220; skilled mariners, 61; miners, 13; carpenters, 8; merchant dealers and grocers, 168; the remainder including various occupations. Under illiteracy about 15 per cent, or 2,900, of the whole number of immigrants could neither read nor write; of these, however, 2,305 were Chinese laborers, leaving in this class less than 3 per cent of all other nationalities.

The figures in general disclose a falling off as compared with the total of 23,353 for the same period of last year, there being fewer Americans to the number of 4,295 and Chinese over a thousand behind the record for 1902, which latter fact accounts for considerable decrease in the showing of laborers. Immigration into the islands from Spain and Japan has increased from 553 to 648 and 514 to 652 respectively. The total number of carpenters from all countries was 8,598, larger in 1903, when 810 entered as against 121 in the previous year, in both periods the Japanese workmen are in the majority; marines from 188 to 248, clerks and accountants 302 to 634, merchants 1,645 to 2,184, the Chinese proportion of the last mentioned being 922 and 1,354.

REDUCTION OF TARIFF ASKED ON IRISH PRODUCTS

Emerald Isle Manufacturers Declare Duty on Their Goods Is Practically Prohibitive.

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE GAZETTE.]

DUBLIN, Feb. 21.—Irish manufacturers are anxious to have some reduction made in the duty which the United States now imposes on their products, and unless something can be done in this direction the Emerald Isle's exhibit at St. Louis seems likely to be decidedly slim. The manufacturers contend that the present tariff precludes the possibility of their reaping any advantage from the exhibition of their goods in the United States, and with few exceptions they have declined to take the trouble of packing on this side, which is the only expense they are asked to go to.

The attitude they have taken up has caused some of the more prominent men interested in the industrial development of the country to look closely into the matter, and at the moment Capt. Shaw-Taylor, who has done so much toward settling the land question; Lord Iveagh, M. H. Pirrie and one or two others are collecting material which may assist them in placing the case of Ireland before President Roosevelt, in the hope that the tariff on Irish-manufactured goods may be somewhat reduced, thus enabling Ireland to cultivate a trade with America. They are basing their hopes of success on the fact that congress discovered after the passing of the tariff act, in 1897, that the duty on dried and cured fish was practically prohibitive, and that on its being ascertained that such duty would destroy the fishing industry in the West of Ireland, whose principal market was New York, it was cut down to one-half cent a pound, with the result that the industry was saved from practical extinction.

It will be also pointed out that the United States gives preferential tariffs to Cuba and Canada with regard to a certain class of commodities. Up to the present the promoters of the scheme have not approached the Irish parliamentary party in the matter because they do not consider it is a subject that ought to be treated politically. After they have made a thorough investigation into the class of goods that would find a favorable market in the United States at reduced tariff rates the co-operation of one or two of the leading men in the party will be invited, so that an authoritative presentation may be made to the president of the United States of a reasonable proposal for the favorable treatment of sundry Irish products.

SMATHERS TO PAY $200,000

Clients of Baxter & Co., Will Get 100 Cents on the Dollar for Their Claims.

NEW YORK, Feb. 21.—(Special.)—The clients of the brokerage concern of Baxter & Co., which failed a month ago, owing, it was said, to the violent rise in cotton, seem to be in a fair way to get 100 cents on the dollar. E. E. Smathers, the horseman, is going to see that everybody is paid, according to his attorney, William H. Stayton, who made the following statement today:

"Mr. Smathers, who is now in Europe, has cabled me that he sails for home on the 24th of February and that everybody will be paid by Baxter & Co. Mr. Smathers is not interested in the company, he does not own a share of its stock, but he sold out his business to Baxter & Co. and advised his old clients to trade with them. He therefore feels a moral responsibility for their losses and they will be made good. The assets are, as I figure, about $200,000 and the liabilities $700,000. Of the $500,000 loss, Mr. Smathers will pay $200,000 and A. B. Baxter, S. M. Hsaman, E. R. Wensel and other Pittsburghers will pay the rest. There is not the least obligation on Mr. Smathers, but he insists that everybody be paid on account of his moral responsibility."

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Four Generations of Pollock family

WASHINGTON, PA., Feb. 21.—(Special.)—The Pollock family is one of the oldest and most prominent families of Washington county. The old homestead farm patented as "Plenty" near Clokeyville, on the Baltimore & Ohio railroad, east of Washington, is still in possession of this noted family. The boundary when laid out was marked by hacking the trees of the forest. James Pollock, the oldest living survivor of this family, now resides on the farm and is a son of William Pollock and Mrs. Nancy McNary Pollock. The farm has been in the family name for 125 years. Mr. Pollock is a member of the Pigeon Creek United Presbyterian church, the only living member who was associated with that church during its early history. In politics he was a Whig and later helped to organize the present Republican party. In the accompanying picture are four generations of this celebrated family. From left to right they are Mrs. J. C. McNary of Canonsburg, wife of Gen. J. C. McNary, a daughter of James Pollock; next is James Pollock himself, who was born September 10, 1815, almost four score and ten years old; next is Mrs. George G. Paxton of Houston, a daughter of Mrs. J. C. McNary and to the extreme right is James C. Paxton, son of Mrs. Paxton, the member of the fourth generation.

BULGARIA EARNESTLY DESIROUS OF PEACE

Her Agent Asserts That Turkey Wishes to Fight, to Prevent Insurrection at Home.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS CABLE TO THE GAZETTE.]

PARIS, Feb. 21.—M. Zolotovitz, the Bulgarian agent in Paris, made the following statement today: "I can give the most formal assurance that Bulgaria has more than ever resolved to do nothing to compromise the peace. It is with great satisfaction that we hear that the powers elaborate a plan for reform in Macedonia. Above all, at this moment, when the powers are following with anxiety the events in the far east, Bulgaria will avoid doing anything that would cause the belief that she proposes to profit by their crisis. The Bulgarian people have unanimously expressed warm sympathy for Russia. It is unfortunate that Turkey persists in her regrettable hostility. Besides the annoying police measures she has taken against our people, our commerce suffers serious obstacles; and finally the constant concentration of Turkish troops along our frontier and the mobilization of troops at strategic points is menacing us."

M. Zolotovitz said there is a war party in Constantinople which has a preponderating influence, and quoted from consular reports to the effect that the Turks fear a military insurrection if war with Bulgaria is not declared.

"In the light of these facts," M. Zolotovitz concluded, "it is natural that Bulgaria, too, should be prepared."

It is understood the powers are considering simultaneous representations to Constantinople and Sofia to compel a limitation to armament.

AMERICA THE LEADER.

Carried Off the Greatest Number of Awards at the Paris Exposition.

NEW YORK, Feb. 21.—The official report of the French government relating to the "Paris Exposition of 1900," shows this country carried off the honors. The awards accorded to exhibitors of the United States were 2,379; Germany, 1,983; Great Britain, 1,865; Russia, 1,754; Hungary, 1,351; Japan, 1,307; Austria, 875, and a number of smaller nations of lesser importance.

This country's awards comprised 221 grand prizes, 563 gold medals, 725 silver, 529 bronze and 341 honorable mentions.

Rates to St. Louis World's Fair from Pittsburgh.

The short line fares to St. Louis and return, account of the World's fair, taking effect April 25, have been fixed over the Panhandle route of the Pennsylvania-Vandalia lines, from Pittsburgh. Special information concerning these fares and the World's fair facilities of the Pennsylvania short lines, may be had by calling upon or addressing J. R. Pollon, district passenger agent, room 206 Park building, Pittsburgh.

Florida and Carolina Resorts.

Excursion rates and full information, J. J. Fuller, Seaboard Air Line representative, 503 Park building.

AMERICAN SQUADRON GOING TO EUROPE

To Prevent Wrong Construction, Portugal, Austro-Hungary and France to Be Questioned.

[BY PRIVATE WIRE TO THE GAZETTE.]

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—Six powerful American battleships and four fast cruisers, the strongest fleet ever sent to European waters under the stars and stripes, will leave the West Indies late in April for Lisbon, Portugal. In order that there shall not be the slightest possible occasion to construe the visit as a demonstration of force or as "bad sea manners," the state department will inquire of the Portuguese, French and Austro-Hungarian governments if it is perfectly agreeable that the United States send its squadron to Lisbon. Ville Franche and Trieste. There is no intention of having the squadron go into the waters of Northern Europe.

The battleship squadron, consisting of the Kearsarge, Alabama, Illinois, Massachusetts, Maine and Missouri, now at Guantanamo, under command of Rear Admiral Baker, in less than two weeks will proceed to Pensacola for the annual target practice. While there the Massachusetts will be detached to come north to take the midshipmen from Annapolis on the annual practice cruise in June. The Iowa, now being fitted with a new pair of eight-inch guns at the Indiana, at the New York navy yard, will join the fleet soon.

The cruiser squadron will also be assembled at Pensacola and will consist of the Olympia, as flagship, the Baltimore, the new protected cruiser Cleveland and Denver. Possibly the Des Moines will be taken instead of the Denver. The Olympia is now the flagship of the Caribbean division of the North Atlantic fleet. Rear Admiral Coghlan, its commander, may desire to go with the Olympia to Europe before relinquishing the command to Rear Admiral Jewell. The target practice will be concluded late in April. Then this great fleet will coal and sail for Lisbon.

King Injured by Fall.

PORTSMOUTH, ENGLAND, Feb. 21.—(Special Cable.)—The king, while inspecting the cruiser Cumberland today, stumbled and fell, injuring his leg. He was able to walk ashore. The injury troubled him later, and he was compelled to sit and review the gymnasts in the naval barracks. It is not believed the hurt will amount to anything serious.

Pistol Bullet Proved Fatal.

KANSAS CITY, MO., Feb. 21.—Lorenzo Crosby, a Mormon elder from Eager, Ariz., who shot himself yesterday in a sleeping car on the Chicago & Alton passenger train from St. Louis, died today at the city hospital. Crosby had been doing missionary work for the Mormon church in Georgia and Virginia. He was about 35 years old.

Mrs. Westinghouse at Pittsfield.

PITTSFIELD, MASS., Feb. 21.—(Special.)—Mrs. George Westinghouse and son George Westinghouse, Jr., have come up to Erskine park for several days. Mrs. Westinghouse expects to open her Lenox estate early this spring and to remain here throughout the season.

EARL AGAIN READY TO BEAT THE BANK

Rosslyn Only Wants More Money for His System to Win at Monte Carlo.

DUKE OF CAMBRIDGE IS ILL

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE GAZETTE.]

LONDON, Feb. 21.—The earl of Rosslyn is again to the fore with an "infallible" gambling system, and only asks that some newspaper shall finance him to the extent of $5,000. If he fails, he undertakes to give $5 a week to any deserving charity for five years.

"People may laugh," says he, "but I guarantee I could skin the bank at Monte Carlo of all they have if I played long enough."

According to Lord Rosslyn his system is absolutely workable, and moreover it can be learned in a very few minutes.

With three other gamblers he played for 37 days at Ostend and Monte Carlo, and there was a large net gain. He used a note book and pencil, but finds that playing on a system is labor pure and simple, and three or four hours of it are sufficient for a day.

Before starting for the southern gambling hell, Lord Rosslyn wishes to demonstrate his system, playing trente-et-quarante with $50,000 worth of counters. He will show that with four men at the tables, playing three hours each it would be possible to win $5,000 a day.

Up to the present no newspaper proprietor or other capitalist has proved his faith in Lord Rosslyn, probably because they remember the fate of his former experiments with an "infallible" system.

Fears are entertained that the venerable duke of Cambridge will not much longer be spared to remind frivolous modern society of the more dignified days of yore. His royal highness is said to be in a very poor state of health which at his age may well cause his friends anxiety.

He was born two months before his cousin, Queen Victoria, with whom he was a great favorite.

The duke is compelled to spend the winter on the continent, but during the London season he does a fair amount of "gadding about," and although he no longer appears on horseback he always manages to air his field-marshal's uniform upon all the important military occasions.

The duke's long career, of course, has been essentially a military one, and he sent the two sons of his morganatic marriage into the services, where they figure as Admiral and Col. Fitzgeorge.

The old duke is the last surviving veteran who held a general officer's command in the Crimean war, he having commanded the first division in that campaign.

At the close of the war he was appointed commander-in-chief, and he held that important office until 1895—a record period.

He was extremely popular with all ranks of the army, though his methods of administration did not gain the approval of the modern school of military experts.

Dog-nursing is the latest fad among society women, who have rather got over the craze for hospital nursing since the war and Sir Frederick Treves' cruel remarks.

The idea originated with the founder of the Dogs' Protection league. Howard Spicer, who, unable to find a proper dog nurse, engaged a nurse from the Evelina Hospital for Children for a special pet dog which was ill.

The woman, who charged very largely for her services, was so successful that Mr. Spicer suggested to several "doggy" women friends the idea of a special training at the dogs' sanatorium at Beddington, and they are trained exactly on the same principle as in hospitals for humans.

The would-be nurses require some courage, for it is easy to understand that to take the temperature of a bloodhound or to administer a dose of nauseous medicine to a fractious collie is no easy matter.

An exclusive and fashionable nursing-home for dogs who belong to the upper circles is to be started in Belgravia, and a fancy-dress ball to further the scheme is expected to bring in substantial sums.

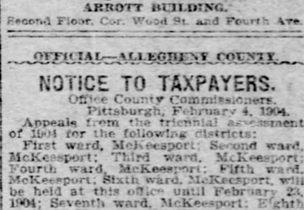
TONSILINE CURES SORE THROAT.
It acts and pleasant to take and quick and sure to cure. 25c and 50 cents. All Druggists.
THE TONSILINE CO., CANTON, OHIO.

TURKISH TROPHIES
CIGARETTES
ALL TURKISH TOBACCO
10 for 10c.
Biggest Seller in the World.
FREE New Pictures
25 dainty maids of as many nations, each holding her country's emblem. Full of snap and go, the finest set of pictures we have ever issued—you know what that means. Full set free for 60 Trophies coupons.
Anargyros
NEW YORK

Perfect Digestion Means Health.
A Good Stomach Keeps Every Part of the Body in Perfect Condition and Disease Cannot Break In.
A POSITIVE CURE FOR BAD STOMACHS.

You Can Also Enjoy Mince Pie If You Take Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets.
If your stomach is all right, you are all right. Why are growing boys nearly always healthy? Because they have not abused their stomachs by excessive eating and drinking and weakened or destroyed the functions of that organ. Because they eat what Nature demands of good wholesome food and then take plenty of exercise and run and romp and help out in the process of digestion and keep their stomachs strong and well. The same is true of men who lead active outdoor lives and engage in physical activity. Their digestion is perfect, the food nutriment is properly assimilated, the blood is pure and healthy and you seldom hear of them being afflicted with headache, backache, kidney trouble, liver trouble, constipation or any other of the common ills that always afflict those with bad stomachs.
If there is anything wrong with you, be sure your stomach is right. If it is not right, get it right and do it in the right way—that is the natural way.
Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are a natural remedy for all stomach disorders and weakness. They possess exactly the same properties that the gastric juices and other digestive fluids of the stomach possess and they actually do the digestive work of the stomach and enable that organ to rest and recuperate and become sound and well. They act in a mild, natural manner and cause no disturbance in the digestive organs. They prevent any fermentation of the food which causes sour stomach.
Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets instil health into every part of the human body. They compel perfect digestion of the food and perfect assimilation of the food nutriment. Every organ and part of the body is kept in repair and good health necessarily results. At the same time the stomach, being relieved of the work of digesting, gets well and strong.
A prominent Detroit physician says: "I prescribe Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets for all cases of stomach trouble. I have tried many prescriptions, including a number of my own, but find nothing that gives such universal relief as this remedy. They are natural, harmless and thoroughly effective in their work, and while I have a natural antipathy to patent medicines, I do not hesitate to prescribe and recommend Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets on all occasions."
The above is no exception. The best physicians are prescribing them all over the land. They can be had of any druggist for 50 cents a box, and if your own doctor is real honest with you, he will tell you frankly that there is nothing on earth so good for dyspepsia as Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets.

HAND SAPOLIO
It insures an enjoyable, invigorating bath; makes every pore respond, removes dead skin,
ENERGIZES THE WHOLE BODY
starts the circulation and leaves a glow equal to a Turkish bath.
ALL GROCERS AND DRUGGISTS


J. & I. R. KORNBLUM,
Opticians.
ARROTT BUILDING.
Second Floor, Cor. Wood St. and Fourth Ave.

OFFICIAL—ALLEGHENY.

NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS.
Office County Commissioners,
Pittsburgh, February 4, 1904.
Appeals from the triennial assessment of 1904 for the following districts:
First ward, McKeesport; Second ward, McKeesport; Third ward, McKeesport; Fourth ward, McKeesport; Fifth ward, McKeesport; Sixth ward, McKeesport, will be held at this office until February 23, 1904; Seventh ward, McKeesport; Eighth ward, McKeesport; Ninth ward, McKeesport; Tenth ward, McKeesport; Eleventh ward, McKeesport, will be held at this office until February 24, 1904.
Sharpsburg, will be held at this office until February 25, 1904.
Leet township, will be held at this office until February 25, 1904.
Twenty-eighth ward, Pittsburgh, will be held at this office until February 26, 1904.
Thirty-sixth ward, Pittsburgh, will be held at this office until February 26, 1904.
Eighth ward, Allegheny, will be held at this office until February 26, 1904.
Ninth ward, Allegheny, will be held at this office until February 26, 1904.
Fifteenth ward, Allegheny, will be held at this office until February 26, 1904.
Thirty-seventh ward, Pittsburgh, will be held at this office until February 26, 1904.
Braysburg, will be held at this office until March 1, 1904.
Seventh ward, Pittsburgh, will be held at this office until March 1, 1904.
Eighth ward, Pittsburgh, will be held at this office until March 1, 1904.
Ninth ward, Pittsburgh, will be held at this office until March 1, 1904.
Baldwin township, will be held at this office until March 1, 1904.
J. C. MERCER,
J. A. CLARK,
JAMES EVANS,
County Commissioners.
Attest:
H. T. ROWLEY, Chief Clerk.

OFFICIAL—ALLEGHENY.

(No. 172.)
AN ORDINANCE—Fixing the wages of the night watchman of the market house.
Section 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the select and common councils of the city of Allegheny, and it is hereby orgained and enacted by the authority of the same, That from and after the passage of this ordinance the wages of the night watchman in the Market house be and the same is hereby fixed at two dollars and fifty cents ($2 50) per night.
Sec. 2. That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.
Ordained and enacted into a law in councils this 18th day of February, A. D. 1904.
CHARLES F. KIRSCHLER,
President Pro Tem. of Select Council.
Attest:
LAFAYETTE WILLS, City Clerk.
SAMUEL McELROY,
President of Common Council.
Attest:
ROBERT DILWORTH, City Clerk.
Mayor's Office, February 19, A. D. 1904.
The above ordinance examined and approved.
JAMES G. WYMAN,
Mayor.

(No. 173.)
AN ORDINANCE—Imposing an annual charge of $25 00 upon all persons, firms or corporations which have been or may be granted permission by the city of Allegheny to construct and maintain a railroad switch or turnout on the highways of said city or any part thereof.
Section 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the select and common councils of the city of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That an annual charge of $25 00 is hereby imposed on all persons, firms or corporations which have been or hereafter shall be granted permission by the proper authorities of the city of Allegheny, to construct and maintain a railroad switch or turnout on any of the highways of said city or any part thereof.
Such charge shall be for the calendar year beginning January 1, and ending December 31, and shall be paid into the city treasury within 30 days after said first day of January, provided, that in the case of persons, firms or corporations hereafter granted permission as aforesaid prior to the first day of July they shall pay the above mentioned sum into the city treasury within 30 days after the passage of the ordinance granting permission, which payment shall be for the remainder of the calendar year; and if such permission be granted subsequent to the first day of July no charge shall be imposed for the remainder of that year.
Sec. 2. That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.
Ordained and enacted into a law in councils this 18th day of February, A. D. 1904.
CHARLES F. KIRSCHLER,
President Pro Tem. of Select Council.
Attest:
LAFAYETTE WILLS, City Clerk.
SAMUEL McELROY,
President of Common Council.
Attest:
ROBERT DILWORTH, City Clerk.
Mayor's Office, February 19, A. D. 1904.
The above ordinance examined and approved.
JAMES G. WYMAN,
Mayor.

(No. 174.)
AN ORDINANCE—Transferring the sum of $49.13 from Item No. 1 to Item No. 4, $1.58 02 from Item No. 1 to Item No. 6, and $324.86 from Item No. 2 to Item No. 5, Appropriation No. 20, Department of Charities.
Section 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the select and common councils of the city of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That for the purpose of providing funds to meet the expenses chargeable to Items Nos. 4, 5 and 6 of Appropriation No. 20, department of charities, for the current fiscal year, there is hereby transferred from Item No. 1 to Item No. 4 of said appropriation the sum of $49 13; from Item No. 1 to Item No. 6 of said appropriation the sum of $1.58 02, and from Item No. 2 to Item No. 5, of said appropriation the sum of $324.86.
Sec. 2. That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing be and the same is hereby repealed.
Ordained and enacted into a law in councils this 17th day of February, A. D. 1904.
CHAS. F. KIRSCHLER,
President Pro Tem. of Select Council.
Attest:
LAFAYETTE WILLS, City Clerk.
SAMUEL McELROY,
President of Common Council.
Attes,
ROBERT DILWORTH, City Clerk.
Mayor's Office, City of Allegheny, Pa., February 18th, A. D. 1904. The above ordinance examined and approved.
JAMES G. WYMAN,
Mayor.

(No. 171.)
AN ORDINANCE—Transferring the sum of $2.00 from Item No. 3, to item No. 1, appropriation No. 11, bureau of highways and sewers, department of public works.
Section 1. Be it ordained and enacted